

A Word To NISSAN Owners

handled to your satisfaction, follow the procedures outlined in your Warranty Booklet under the heading "Consumer Assistance".

Thank you for choosing a NISSAN. We are sure you will be happy you did. This manual has been prepared to help you understand the operation and maintenance of your vehicle so that you may enjoy many miles of driving pleasure.

A Warranty Booklet supplements this Owner's Manual. It provides valuable information concerning the warranty on your vehicle, etc. Read the Owner's Manual and Warranty Booklet carefully and keep them in your glove box at all times.

Your dealer has the equipment and experience to service your vehicle. He is kept advised of every new technical development and you are his customer. Your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer is the best place for you to take your vehicle for any kind of service.

To assist dealers in handling your needs, a number of Regional Offices are maintained throughout the United States and Canada. If you have a problem that has not been

OPERATION IN ANOTHER COUNTRY, STATE OR DISTRICT

When planning to travel in another country you should first find out if the octane rating of the gasoline available there is suitable for your vehicle's engine. Using gasoline with too low an octane rating may cause engine damage. Therefore, avoid taking your vehicle to areas where gasoline of the appropriate octane is not available.

All models can be operated only with unleaded gasoline.

The laws and regulations for motor vehicle emission control and safety standards vary according to the country, therefore, vehicle specifications may differ.

In addition, laws and regulations of the state or local governments differ; therefore, some vehicle specifications may also be different.

When transferring the registration of any vehicle to another country, state or district, it may be necessary to modify the

vehicle to meet local laws and regulations. The vehicle must pass an inspection by the local authorities after it is modified in addition, the vehicle may be required to complete other complicated procedures in order to transport and register the vehicle in another country, state or district.

When registered in another country, the following inconveniences may be encountered:

- Appropriate service may not be provided due to the non-availability of necessary parts, equipment or tools.
- A fuel that meets the appropriate spec fications may not be available. The use of an inappropriate fuel could caus operational difficulties in the engine.
- Unleaded gasoline may be unavailable. The use of a leaded gasoline could caus deterioration in the catalyst performance.

When any vehicle is to be taken into another country, state or district and registered, its modifications, transportation and registration are the responsibility of the user. Always be sure to check local regulations before taking your vehicle into another country. Nissan is not responsible for any inconvenience that may result,

Because of the variety of options, components and features offered by NISSAN and your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer, the equipment described in this manual may or may not be identified as standard or optional and may or may not be applicable to your particular vehicle.

All information, specifications and illustrations in this manual are those in effect at the time of printing. NISSAN reserves the right to change specifications or design at any time without notice.

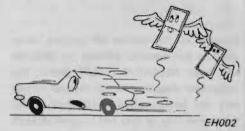
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EconomyHints





Normal driving saves fuel and money.

Severe driving wastes fuel and money.

Operational economy is one of the outstanding features of your NISSAN. By developing the following good driving habits even greater economy may be attained.

- Do not pump the accelerator. Gently depress until the desired speed has been attained and then try to maintain that speed.
- 2. Always drive your vehicle in the gear which properly suits driving conditions.
- Maintain moderate speeds on the highway. Speeds above 50 MPH (80 km/h) will considerably increase fuel consumption.
- Maintain a safe distance behind other vehicles. Avoid sudden stops. This will reduce
 wear on brake linings and pads and save fuel, as extra fuel is required to accelerate
 back to driving speed.
- 5. Excessive engine revving while the vehicle is stopped increases fuel consumption.
- Keep the tires at the recommended inflation pressures for longer tire life and fuel economy.
- Keep your engine tuned-up and follow the recommended periodic maintenance schedule. This will increase the life of all parts and lower operating costs.
- Check your tires regularly for abnormal wear. Wheels that are out of alignment cause
 the tires to drag, resulting in premature tire wear and additional fuel consumption.
- Use the air conditioner only when necessary. When cruising at highway speeds, it is more economical to use the air conditioner and leave the windows closed to reduce drag.

Before Driving Your NISSAN

REMINDERS FOR SAFETY!

Follow these three important driving rules to help ensure a safe and complete trip for you and your passengers:

- NEVER drive under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- ALWAYS use your safety belts and appropriate child restraint systems.
- ALWAYS observe posted speed limits and never drive too fast for conditions.

Familiarize yourself with all the NISSAN features and safe-driving procedures.

SAFETY CHECKS

Before driving your NISSAN, be sure to check all the safety items mentioned below.

BEFORE ENTERING THE VEHICLE

- Check to be sure that all windows and light lenses are clean.
- Visually inspect tires for their appearance and condition. Also check tire pressure for proper inflation.
- Check to be sure that area around vehicle is clear.
- Make sure that the hood, doors and rear hatch are closed securely.

 To prevent the battery from running down, avoid continuous use of the power unit such as the power seat, power window, etc. which consume a large amount of electric power when the engine is stopped.

AFTER ENTERING THE VEHICLE

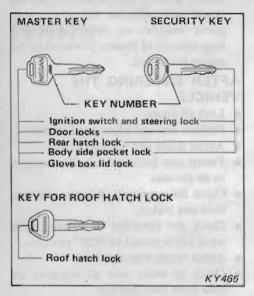
- Lock all doors.
- Position seat and adjust head restraints.
- Adjust inside and outside mirrors.
- Fasten seat belts and ask all passengers to do likewise.
- Check the operation of lights, switches, horn and brakes.
- Check the operation of warning lights when key is turned to "ON" position.
- · Adjust tilting steering wheel.
- Check to make sure all windows are clear from frost and fog.

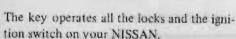
IMPORTANT OWNER INFORMATION

Fluid levels such as engine oil, engine coolant, brake and clutch fluid, windshield washer, rear window washer fluid should be checked frequently, or at least whenever you refuel.

This is not only a good practice but is especially important to owners using "self-service" service stations. It is normal, especially in the case of engine oil and coolant, to have to add oil or coolant solution between recommended maintenance intervals. Low or improper fluid levels can cause serious damage to your vehicle. If frequent replenishment is required, take your vehicle to your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility for necessary correction. Further details are described in "Do-It-Yourself".

DOOR LOCKS

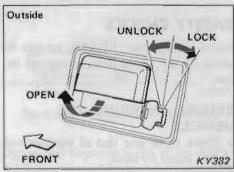




Record the key number so your NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer will be able to replace a lost key.

It is also a good idea to keep your key number in your wallet together with your license

If the driver's door is opened when the key is in the ignition switch, a chime will sound to remind you to remove the key. This will help prevent theft of your vehicle.



Inside OCK UNLOCK KY383

FROM OUTSIDE

The doors can be locked from the outside without a key. Move the inside lock knob to the "LOCK" position and then shut the door, pulling the outside door handle upward.

When locking the door without a key, be sure that the key has not been left inside the vehicle.

FROM INSIDE

All doors can be locked from inside the vehicle. When the door is locked, it cannot be opened by the inside door handle,

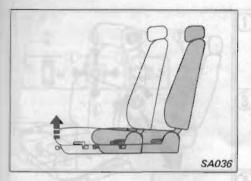
- Always lock doors from the inside white driving. This provides greater safety in accidents, helps keep children from opening doors, and helps keep out intruders when stopped.
- Before opening the door, always look to he sure it is safe to do so

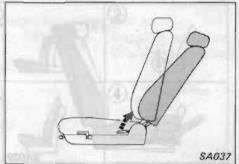
POWER DOOR LOCK

The passenger door can be locked (unlocked) by locking (unlocking) the door on the driver's side

The passenger door can also be locked (unlocked) individually with the door lock knob.

SEATS





FRONT SEAT ADJUSTMENT

The fore-and-aft control lever located at the lower front of the seat releases the seat latch. To adjust the seat position, move the lever as shown and hold it while you slide the seat forward or backward to the desired position. Release the lever to lock the seat in position.

CAUTION:

- Do not adjust the driver's seat while driving. The seat may suddenly move forward or backward, which could result in loss of control.
- After adjustment, test to be sure seat is securely locked.

RECLINING SEATS

The reclining seat control levers are located at the outside of each front seat. To adjust the seatback, pull the lever upward, and lean back until the desired angle is obtained. To bring the seatback up again, pull the lever and it will move forward. When the desired angle is obtained, release the lever.

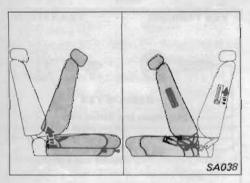
After adjustment, test to be sure seat is securely locked.

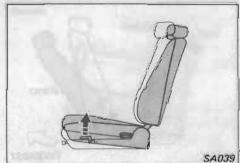
WARNING:

Never ride in a moving vehicle with the seatback in the reclining position. Seat belts are effective only when the wearer is in a comfortable upright position.

CAUTION:

Do not adjust the drivers seat while driving.





TILTING FRONT SEATS

To facilitate entry to the rear seat, the front passenger's seatback tilts as illustrated.

When the latch is released, the seatback will tilt forward and the seat will automatically slide forward.

Rear seat occupant can tilt the front passenger seat by moving the lever located on the side of the seatback.

SEAT LIFTER

Adjust the angle of the seat cushion to any desired position by pulling up the lever.

CAUTION:

Do not adjust driver's seat while driving.

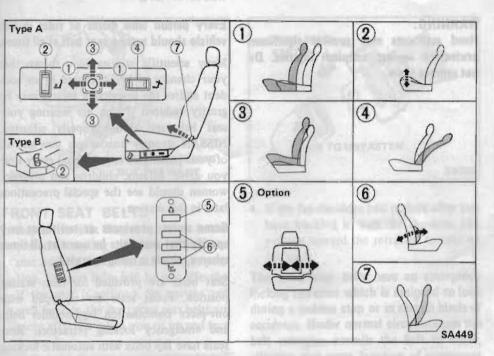


SIDE SUPPORT

Adjust the driver's seatback side support to the desired position, by turning the dial on the side of the seatback cushion.

CAUTION:

Do not adjust the driver's seat while driving.



lowering the lifter, be careful of the rear seat passengers.

- Switches 2, 5 and 6 operate an air pump. Avoid operating the air pump for an extended period of time. Although the system is designed to release air from a relief valve when each air mat is overfilled, the pump can be damaged if run excessively.
- If the motor stops while operating, wait a little while and then operate it again as it is designed so that electric current is cut off under overload condittions.
- Avoid using the power support adjustment seat continuously when the engine is stopped as it consumes a large amount of electric power. This is to prevent the battery from running down.

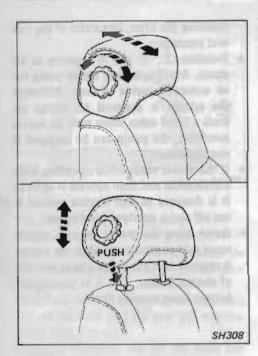
POWER SUPPORT ADJUSTMENT SEAT (Driver's seat only)

The fore-and-aft slide, reclining seatback, seat lifter, side support, lumber support and thigh support can be adjusted by an electric system. Adjust them to the desired positions by pushing the switch on the seat's lower left side or seatback right side.

CAUTION:

- Do not adjust the driver's seat while driving.
- Do not leave the vehicle unattended with only children inside.
- When moving the seat slide to the full rear position, reclining the seat back or

HEAD RESTRAINTS



Adjust the position which places the top of the head restraints closest to the top of your ears. To raise or lower, push the lock knob and slide the head restraint up or down. The fore-and-aft adjustment is made by moving the knob located on the side of the head restraint.

WARNING:

Head restraints may provide significant protection against whiplash injuries. Do not remove them,

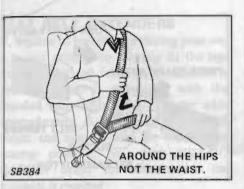
SEAT BELTS

Every person who drives or rides in this vehicle should wear a seat belt at all times.

Many scientific studies have shown that your chances of being injured in an accident and/or the severity of injury, may be greatly reduced if you are wearing your seat belt and it is properly adjusted. NISSAN strongly encourages you and all of your passengers to buckle up every time you drive. Infants, children and pregnant women should see the special precautions later in this section.

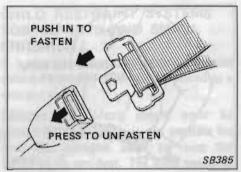
Some states, provinces or territories may specify that seat belts be worn at all times when a vehicle is being operated.

Seat belts are provided for each seating position. From seats are equipped with one-piece combination lapshowlder belts and emergency locking retractors. Rear seats have lap belts with automatic locking retractors for the outboard positions (for models with rear seats). The system includes a reminder light and chime.



FRONT SEAT BELTS

- Adjust the seat forward or back to the preferred driving position. Adjust the seat back to a comfortable upright position, the seat belts will be less effective if the seat is reclined. Sit upright and well back in the seat; your seat belts are more effective when you sit up and face forward.
- Take hold of the tongue and slowly pull out the lap-shoulder belt. Remove any twists in the belt and insert the tongue into the buckle until you hear a snapping sound.
- Position the lap portion of the belt across the lap as low on the hips as possible.



 If the lap-shoulder belt is slack after you have buckled it, pull the shoulder belt portion toward the retractor to take up the slack.

The front seat belts have an emergency locking retractor which is designed to lock during a sudden stop or in certain kinds of accidents. Under normal circumstances the belt retractor permits the belt to move, allowing you some freedom of movement in the seat.

To unfasten the belt, press the button of the buckle. The seat belt will automatically retract.

CAUTION:

Be sure to observe the following cautions. Failure to do so could increase the chance and/or severity of injury in an accident.

- Always pass the shoulder belt over your shoulder and across your chest as shown in the illustration. Never run the belt under your arm.
- Position the lap belt as low as possible AROUND THE HIPS, NOT THE WAIST.
- The belt should be adjusted to a snug fit. Slack in the lap-shoulder belt will reduce the effectiveness of the entire restraint system.
- Never wear the belt inside out or twisted.
- Do not allow more than one person to use the same belt at the same time.

CHECKING SEAT BELT OPERATION

method

Your front seat belt retractors are designed to lock and restrict belt movement by two separate methods:

- When the belt is pulled quickly from the retractor; and
- 2) When the vehicle slows down rapidly. If you wish to increase your confidence in the belts by checking the operation for yourself, you may do so by the following
- Grasp the shoulder belt and pull sharply forward. The retractor should lock and prevent additional belt movement.
- If the retractor does not lock during this check or if you have any other questions about the operation of your seat belt, please see your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer.

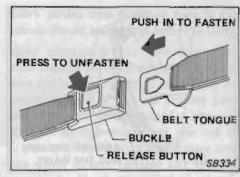


REAR SEAT BELTS

 Grasp the tongue. Slowly and in one motion, pull the tongue until the belt fits around your lap. Insert the tongue into the buckle until you hear a snapping sound.

If pulling motion is interrupted, the retractor will lock and restrict further movement. If this happens, let the belt rewind into the retractor all the way and then the belt can be pulled out.

Position the belt on the hips as low as possible and adjust for a snug fit by pulling the belt firmly toward the retractor.



To unfasten the belt, press the button in the center of the buckle as illustrated. The seat belt will automatically retract.

CAUTION:

Position the lap belt as low as possible AROUND THE HIPS, NOT THE WAIST.

- Never wear the belt inside out or twisted.
- Do not allow more than one person to use the same belt at the same time.

SEAT BELT EXTENDERS

If, because of body size or driving position, it is not possible to properly fit the lapshoulder belt and fasten it, an extender is available which is compatible with the installed seat belts. The extender adds approximately 8 inches (203 mm) of length and may be used for either front seating position. See your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer for assistance if the extender is required.

- Only NISSAN belt extenders, made by the same company which made the original equipment belts, should be used with NISSAN belts.
- Persons who can use the standard seat belt should not use an extender. Such unnecessary use could result in serious personal injury in the event of an accident.

CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS FOR INFANTS AND SMALL CHILDREN

It is very important that infants and small children riding in a vehicle be placed in a restraint system.

Children and infants should never be carried on your lap; it is not possible for even the strongest adult to resist the forces of an accident. The child could be crushed between the adult and parts of the vehicle. Also, do not put the same seat belt around both your child and yourself. The rear seat is the safest place for a child. (Models with rear seat)

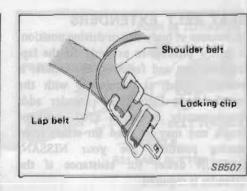
Child restraint systems specially designed for infants and small children are offered by several manufacturers. Some systems may be used for both infants and small children. When selecting any child restraint system, keep the following points in mind:

- Choose only a system with a label certifying that it complies with Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213 or Canadian Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 213.
- Place your child in the child restraint and check the various adjustments to be sure the child restraint is compatible

- with your child and that you are willing to always follow all of the recommended procedures.
- Check the child restraint in your vehicle to be sure it is compatible with the vehicle's seat belt system.
- Follow all of the child restraint manufacturer's instructions for installation and use. When purchasing a child restraint, be sure to select one which will fit your child and vehicle as it may not be possible to properly install some types of child restraints in your vehicle.
- When your child restraint system is not in use, store it in the luggage room or keep it secured with a seat belt to prevent it from being thrown forward in case of a sudden stop or accident.
- Remember that a child restraint left in a closed vehicle can become very hot.
 Check the seating surface and buckles before placing your child back in the child restraint.
- Some states, provinces, or territories require that infants and small children be restrained in approved child restraint systems at all times while the vehicle is being operated.







Installation on rear seat Outboard lap belt

Secure the child restraint with the lap belt as illustrated. Adjust the belt for a snug fit by pulling it toward the retractor. The automatic locking retractor will hold it snug.

Installation on front seat Before using the locking clip, read the instructions attached to the clip.

Secure the child restraint with the lap belt as illustrated. To prevent slack in the lap belt, it will be necessary to secure the lap/shoulder belt in place with a locking clip. Use a NISSAN genuine locking clip (part number 999JW-A3000, available from your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer), or one which is equivalent in dimensions and strength.

When your child restraint system is not in use, keep the locking clip in the glove box to prevent it from being lost.

CHILDREN

Children who are too large for child retraint systems, or who do not have an appropriate child seat available should be seated and restrained by the seat belts which are provided. Children seated in the ront seat should wear both the lap and houlder belts. If the shoulder belt contacts he neck or face due to the child's size, the child should sit in the rear seat and wear a ap belt. Infants who cannot sit up by hemselves and who do not have a child estraint available may be placed in a well-badded bassinet, crosswise on the rear seat, with a seat belt around the bassinet.

Never let a child stand or kneel on any seat or allow a child in the cargo areas while the vehicle is moving. A child who must stand while riding should stand on the floor, behind the driver's seat. This will provide some protection in case of a sudden stop.

PREGNANT WOMEN

It is recommended that pregnant women use seat belts. Check with your doctor for specific recommendations. The lap belt should be worn snug and positioned as low as possible around the hips, not the waist.

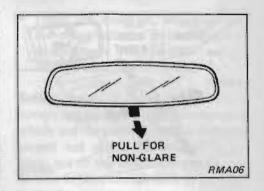
INJURED PERSONS

It is recommended that injured persons use seat belts, depending on the injury. Check with your doctor for specific recommendations.

SEAT BELT MAINTENANCE

- To clean the belt webbings, apply a mild soap solution or any solution recommended for cleaning upholstery or carpets, brush it, wipe with a cloth and allow it to dry in the shade.
- Do not allow the belts to retract until they are completely dry.
- Do not use any other chemicals or try bleaching or re-dyeing the belt. These operations weaken the webbing.
- Periodically check the belt and the metal components such as buckles, tongues, retractors, flexible wires and anchors for deterioration or damage.
- If any component is found deteriorated or damaged, or if the belt has been stressed because it was worn during an accident, the entire belt assembly should be replaced.

REARVIEW MIRRORS

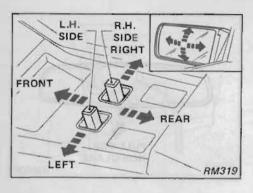


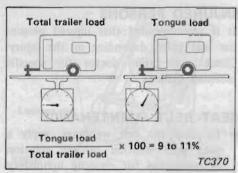
INSIDE

The inside rearview mirror can be changed from clear daylight visibility to non-glare night visibility by pulling the knob under the mirror.

The non-glare night position also reduces rear view clarity.

TRAILER TOWING





OUTSIDE

The outside mirror can be moved in any direction for better rear view.

To remove ice from the mirror surface, use a spray deicer; do not scrape ice from the mirror surface since damage to the mirror surface may occur.

Remote control mirror

This type of mirror is adjusted with the remote control switch located at the center console.

If ice forms on the mirror surface, remove it with a spray deicer before using the mirror.

Objects in the door mirror on the assist side are closer than they appear.

Your new vehicle was designed to be used primarily to carry passengers and cargo. Remember that towing a trailer will place additional loads on your vehicle's engine, drive train, steering, braking and other systems.

Maximum load limits

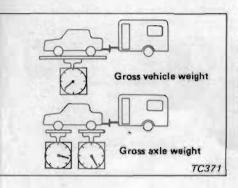
Maximum trailer loads

Never allow the total trailer load to exceed 1,000 lb (454 kg). The total trailer load equals trailer weight plus its cargo weight. Towing loads greater than 1,000 lb (454 kg) or using improper towing equipment could adversely affect vehicle handling, braking and performance.

Vehicle damage and/or personal injury resulting from improper towing procedures in not covered by NISSAN warranties. Information on trailer towing and required towing equipment should be obtained from your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer.

Maximum tongue load

Keep the tongue load between 9 to 11% Tongue load can be adjusted by prope distribution of the load in the trailer.



Maximum gross vehicle weight/maximum gross axle weight

The gross vehicle weight of the towing vehicle must not exceed the gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) shown on the F.M.V.S.S. certification label. The gross vehicle weight equals the combined weight of the unloaded vehicle, passengers, luggage, hitch, trailer tongue load and any other optional equipment. In addition, front or rear gross axle weight must not exceed the gross axle weight rating (GAWR) shown on the F.M.V.S.S. certification label.

Trailer hitch

Choose a proper hitch for your vehicle and trailer. Make sure the trailer hitch is securely attached to the vehicle, to help avoid personal injury or property damage due to sway caused by crosswinds, rough road surfaces or passing trucks.

- Axle-mounted hitches should not be used.
- The hitch should not be attached to or affect the operation of the impactabsorbing bumper.
- Do not modify the vehicle exhaust system, brake system, etc. when the hitch
 is installed. After the hitch is removed,
 seal the bolt holes to prevent exhaust
 fumes, water or dust from entering the
 passenger compartment.
- Check regularly to make sure that all trailer hitch mounting bolts are securely fastened.

Tire pressures

 When towing a trailer, inflate the vehicle tires to the recommended cold tire pressure indicated on the tire placard (located on the inside of the center console box lid). Trailer tire condition, size, load rating and proper inflation pressure should be in accordance with the trailer and tire manufacturers' specifications.

Safety chain

Always use a suitable chain between your vehicle and the trailer. The chain should be crossed and should be attached to the hitch, not to the vehicle bumper or axle. Be sure to leave enough slack in the chain to permit turning corners.

Trailer lights

Trailer lights should comply with Federal and/or local regulations.

When wiring vehicle for towing connection, connect stop and tail light pickup into the vehicle electrical circuit at a point between the sensor and stop light switch or light switch.

Trailer brakes

If your trailer is equipped with a braking system, make sure it conforms to Federal and/or local regulations and that it is properly installed.

Never connect a trailer brake system directly to the vehicle brake system.

Trailer towing tips

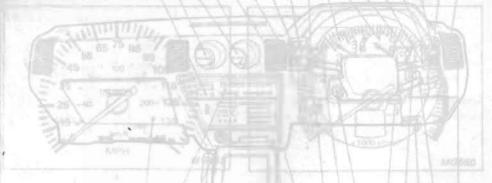
In order to gain skill and an understanding of the vehicle's behavior, you should practice turning, stopping and backing up in an area which is free from traffic. Steering stability, and braking performance will be somewhat different.

- Avoid abrupt starts, acceleration or stops.
- · Avoid sharp turns or lane changes.
- Always drive your vehicle at a moderate speed.
- Always block the wheels on both vehicle and trailer when parking. Parking on a slope is not recommended; however, if you must do so, and if your vehicle is equipped with automatic transmission, first block the wheels and apply the parking brake, and then move the transmission shift lever into the "P" position. If you move the shift lever to the "P" position before blocking the wheels and applying the parking brake, transmission damage could occur.
- When going down a hill, shift into a lower gear and use the engine braking effect. When ascending a long grade, downshift the transmission to a lower gear and reduce speed to reduce chances

of engine overloading and/or overheating.

- If the engine coolant rises to an extremely high temperature when the air conditioning system is on, turn off the air conditioner. Coolant heat can be additionally vented by opening the windows, switching the fan control to high and setting the temperature control to the "HOT" position.
- Trailer towing requires more fuel than normal circumstances.
- Avoid towing a trailer for the first 500 miles (800 km).
- Have your vehicle serviced more often than at intervals specified in the recommended Maintenance Schedule.

When towing a trailer, change oil in the transmission more frequently. See the Maintenance Schedule.



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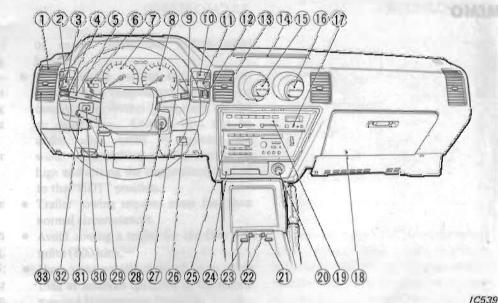
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Instruments And Controls

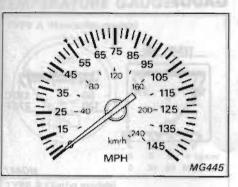


- (1) Side defroster
- (2) Retractable headlight switch
- (3) Hazard warning flasher switch
- Cruise control main switch
 Illumination control rheostat
 (Non-cruise control device model)
- (5) Light and turn signal switch
- (6) Fuel gauge
- (7) Speedometer
- (B) Tachometer
- (9) Coolant temperature gauge
- 10 Rear defogger switch
- (1) Auxiliary driving light switch

- 12 Rear window wiper and washer switch
- 3 Center ventilator
- 14 Upper ventilator
- (15) Oil pressure gauge (Non-turbo model) Oil pressure and temperature gauge (Turbo model)
- (16 Voltmeter (Non-turbo model) Boost meter (Turbo model)
- 17 Clock
- 18 Glove box
- 19 Heater or air conditioner control
- 20 Cigarette lighter
- 21 Shock absorber adjusting switch

- 22 Door mirror remote control switch
- 23 Headlight cleaner switch
- 24 Ash tray
- 25 Radio and cassette stereo player
- 26 Floor ventilation control lever
- Windshield wiper and washer switch
- 28 Ignition switch
- Ilt steering wheel adjust lever
- 39 Illumination control rheostat (Cruise control device model)
- 30 Hood release handle
- 32 Cruise control lever
- 33 Side ventilator

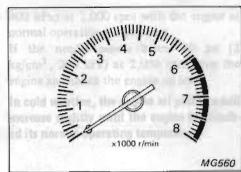
SPEEDOMETER



SPEEDOMETER

The speedometer indicates running speed in miles and kilometers per hour. The odometer records the total distance your vehicle has been driven and is useful for keeping a record of maintenance intervals. Two trip odometers are provided which individually record the distance your vehicle has traveled after they are reset. The last digit in orange indicates 1/10 of a mile (km for Canada), Reset the trip odometer to zero by pressing the reset knob.

TACHOMETER



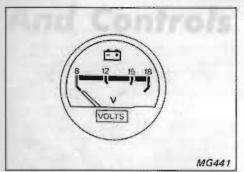
TACHOMETER

The electrically operated tachometer indicates the engine speed in revolutions per minute (rpm).

There are two different colored zones on its face.

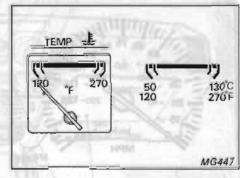
Operating the engine with the needle in the red zone can lead to serious engine damage.

VOLTMETER





COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE



The voltmeter monitors the condition of the charging system and the state of the battery, as outlined below:

 Before starting the engine, check the position of the needle when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

If the needle is not in a range of 11 to 12 volts Check the condition of the battery.

During starter operation

If the needle is in a range of 6.0 to 10 volts Normal condition.

After starter operation, the needle may sometimes stay within a range of 6 to 8 volts, even though nothing is wrong with the battery or charging system.

The needle will fall back as the battery is discharged.

 While the engine is idling or the vehicle is being driven, if the needle is in a range of 11 to 15 volts, the condition is normal.

- · Loose fan belt
- Condition of battery or charging system
- · Electrical overload

Have the condition checked by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

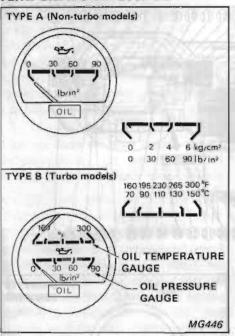
When the ignition switch is "ON", the coolant temperature gauge operates and the pointer indicates coolant temperature in the range from 120 to 270°F (50 to 130°C). Under most driving conditions, the needle will remain at approximately the halfway point.

Stop-and-go driving, driving at high speeds in warm weather, or driving up a steep grade may cause the needle to move toward the hot side.

CAUTION:

Do not continue to drive your vehicle when the needle has swung fully to the hot side. This will cause overheating and damage the engine. If your vehicle overheats, refer to "In Case of Emergency".

OIL PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE GAUGE



OIL PRESSURE GAUGE

When the ignition switch is "ON", the oil pressure gauge indicates the oil pressure with the engine running.

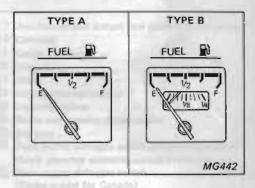
During ordinary driving, the needle will remain 35 to 60 psi (2.5 to 4 kg/cm², 250 to

FUEL GAUGE

400 kPa) at 2,000 rpm with the engine at normal operating temperature.

If the needle moves below 30 psi (2 kg/cm², 200 kPa) at 2,000 rpm, stop the engine and check the engine oil level.

In cold weather, the engine oil pressure will increase slightly until the engine has reached its normal operating temperature.



OIL TEMPERATURE GAUGE

When the ignition switch is "ON", the engine oil temperature gauge operates and the pointer indicates oil temperature in the range from 160 to 300°F (70 to 150°C). During ordinary driving, the pointer will indicate 170 to 270°F (75 to 130°C).

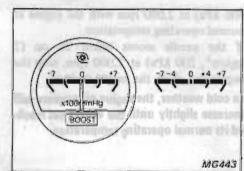
CAUTION:

Do not continue to drive your vehicle when the pointer has swung all the way to 280°F (140°C) as this will damage the engine. Have the condition checked by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

When the ignition switch is "ON", the fuel gauge registers the APPROXIMATE fuel level in the tank. The position of the needle will vary slightly when accelerating, braking, or when the vehicle is going up or down hill. Check your fuel supply when the vehicle is on level ground, either parked or moving at a constant speed.

- When the ignition switch is turned "OFF", the fuel gauge needle will remain at almost the same position that it held before the switch was turned off. However, the indication may vary slightly when parking the vehicle for extended periods of time.
- It is advisable to refill the fuel tank before the gauge registers Empty.

BOOST METER



- When filling up with fuel, it will take a little time for the needle to stabilize.
- When the fuel tank is filled up, the needle on the fuel gauge may move beyond the "F" position or stay in that position for a while.

Dual type

A sub-gauge is provided on the dual type fuel gauge as well as the main gauge which indicates the fuel level between the Full and the Empty mark.

The sub-gauge registers the fuel level after the fuel has dropped to or below the onequarter (1/4) mark on the main gauge dial.

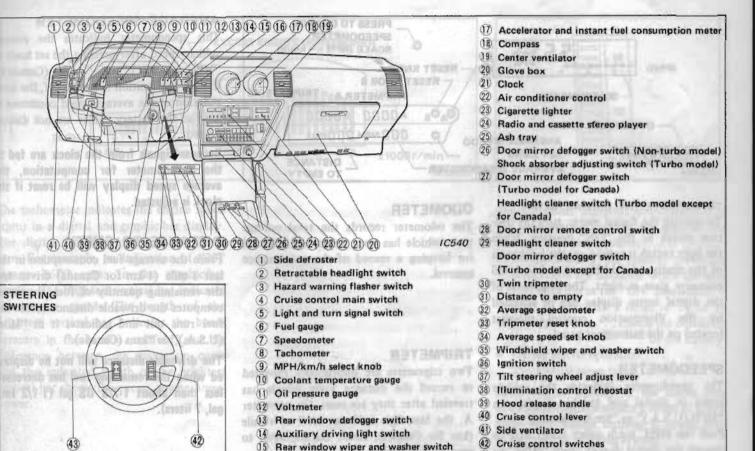
There is no malfunction indicated if the needle should become visible when the fuel level is above the 1/4 mark.

When the engine is running, the boost meter indicates the pressure in the intake manifold. The boost meter indicates a negative pressure when the engine is idling or the vehicle is moving at extremely low speeds. A positive indication on the meter shows that the turbocharger is operating.

CAUTION:

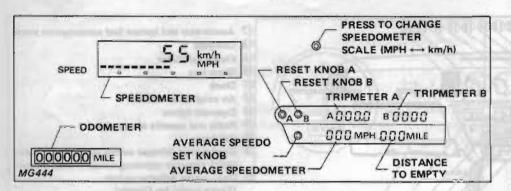
When the pressure exceeds the maximum positive or negative value shown on the meter, stop the vehicle as engine components could be damaged. Have the condition checked at your nearest NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

DIGITAL AND GRAPHIC INSTRUMENT



Upper ventilator

Radio control switches



TO ACTIVATE THE DIGITAL METER

To operate the digital meter, turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position. When the light switch is turned on, the brightness of the display should be reduced to avoid excessive glare at night. The brightness of the digital meter display can be adjusted by the illumination control rheostat located on the instrument panel.

SPEEDOMETER

The speedometer indicates the vehicle speed in digital and graphic displays in "MPH (U.S.A.)" or "km/h (Canada)".

Push the MPH, km/h select knob once to change the digital display from "MPH" to "km/h", or vice versa.

ODOMETER

The odometer records the total mileage your vehicle has been driven and is useful for keeping a record of the maintenance interval.

TRIPMETER

Two tripmeters are individually provided to record the distance your vehicle has traveled after they are reset. On tripmeter A, the last digit indicates 1/10 of a mile (km for Canada). Reset the tripmeter to zero by pressing the reset knob.

AVERAGE SPEEDOMETER

This speedometer indicates the average vehicle speed after pressing the set knob is "MPH (U.S.A.)" or "km/h (Canada)." Even if the ignition is turned off, the computation of the average speed continues a long as the battery cables are not disconnected.

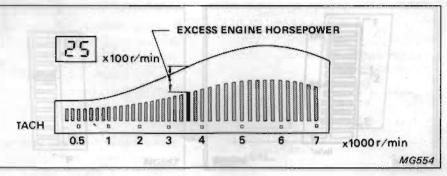
Because signals from the clock are fed to the speedometer for computation, the average speed display will be reset if the clock is adjusted.

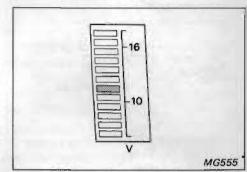
DISTANCE TO EMPTY

From the average fuel consumption in the last 1-mile (1-km for Canada) driven and the remaining quantity of fuel, the meter computes the driveable distance before the fuel runs out and indicates it in "Miles (U.S.A.)" or "kms' (Canada)."

The driveable distance will not be display ed when the remaining fuel has decreased less than about 1-7/8 US gal (1-1/2 Impgal, 7 liters).







The tachometer indicates the engine speed rpm) in a digital and graphic-bar display. The digital indicates 1/100 of the actual pm. For example, an indication of "25" neans 2,500 rpm. In the graphic-bar lisplay, the brightest vertical bar indicates he engine speed. The length of the brightest vertical bar indicates the boost pressure in the intake manifold, and the difference between the maximum curve and the indicated length of the brightest vertical bar shows the excess engine horse-power.

The voltmeter monitors the condition of the charging system and the state of the battery, as outlined below:

 Before starting the engine, check the position of the indicator when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

If it is not in a range of 11 to 14 volts..... Check the condition of the battery.

During starter operation
 The normal range is 6.0 to 10 volts.

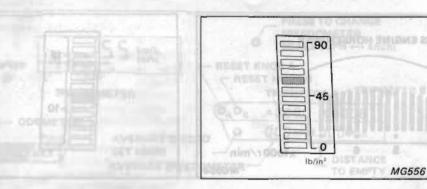
After starter operation, the meter may sometimes indicate within a range of 6 to 8 volts even though nothing is wrong with the battery or charging system.

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WINDS OF THE STREET

OIL PRESSURE GAUGE



 While the engine is idling or the vehicle is being driven, the normal range is 11 to 15 volts.

If it indicates a range of 6 to 11 volts or 16 to 18 volts The problem may be

- · Loose fan belt
- Condition of battery and alternator.
- · Electrical overload

Have the condition checked by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility. The digital oil pressure gauge indicates engine oil pressure during engine operation. The pressure is normal if the gauge reads between the range of the 2nd to the 12th lights, and corresponds to the engine rpm.

CAUTION:

• When the oil pressure drops suddenly while the engine is running, a " " symbol (low oil pressure indicator) will flicker irrespective of the "oil pressure display. In this case, stop the engine and check the engine oil level. If the oil level is normal, the system is malfunctioning. Have the vehicle checked immediately by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

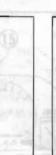
 If the oil pressure drops abnormally or fluctuates a lot during engine operation, stop the engine and check for oil quantity.

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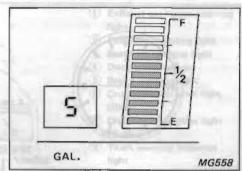
offered Stonesh troffe the check are fed

 In cold weather, the oil pressure may temporarily increase to higher than normal levels after starting the engine.

OOLANT TEMPERATURE FUEL GAUGE AUGE



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hen the ignition switch is "ON", this uge indicates the temperature of the olant. Under most driving conditions, e indicator will remain at approximately e halfway point. Stop-and-go driving. iving at high speeds in warm weather, or iving up a steep grade may cause the dicator to move toward the upper side.

AUTION:

not continue to drive your vehicle en the temperature rises up to the top ment. This will cause overheating and mage the engine. If your vehicle overats, refer to "In Case of Emergency".

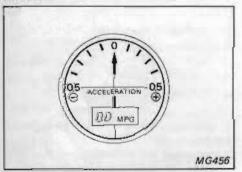
The fuel gauge registers the APPROXI-MATE fuel level in the tank.

The position of the indicator will vary when turning, accelerating, braking, or when the vehicle is going up or down a hill. Check your fuel supply when the vehicle is level, whether stationary or moving.

The digital gauge begins to indicate the remaining amount of fuel in gallons (U.S.A.) or liters (Canada) when it is about 5 US gal (4-1/8 Imp gal) (U.S.A.) or 19 liters (Canada). The gauge will indicate until the remaining amount of fuel is 1 US gal (7/8 Imp gal) (U.S.A.) or 3 liters (Canada). If the amount falls below that, a letter "E" blinks.

It is advisable to refill the fuel tank before the gauge registers Empty. When filling up with fuel, it will take a little time for the indicator to stabilize.

ACCELERATION GAUGE AND INSTANT FUEL CONSUMPTION METER



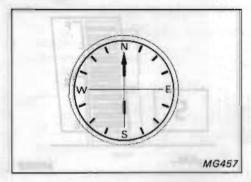
Acceleration gauge

The acceleration gauge indicates the acceleration and deceleration of the vehicle in the gravitational acceleration unit G. The figure appearing on the plus side is the acceleration and that on the minus side, the deceleration. Zero is displayed during constant-speed straight driving.

Instant fuel consumption meter

The mileage meter indicates occasional fuel consumption digitally in MPG (U.S.A.) or km/l (Canada). Even if driving conditions change, the indication will remain unchanged for about 10 seconds. When the accelerator pedal is released during driving to actuate engine braking, fuel injection may be cut. In this case, the maximum fuel consumption "99" will be displayed.

COMPASS





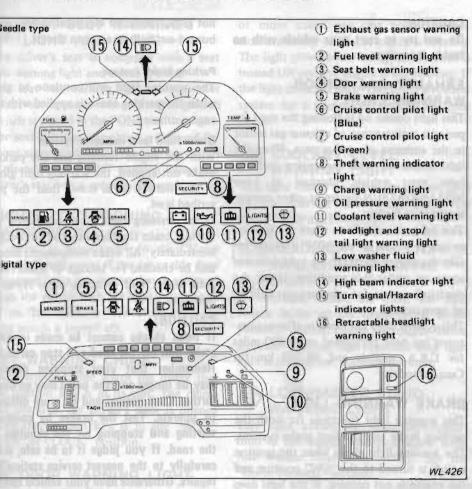
dicates to move toward the tipper lide

amage the engine. If your vehicle over

The letters, N, E, S, and W, on the gauge correspond respectively to the North, East, South, and West of a compass, and the arrow points in the direction which the vehicle is heading. Since the arrow indicates the direction with reference to magnetic north, its indication is somewhat different from the actual bearing on a map.

The compass may sometimes fail to point to the correct direction in weak magnetic environments such as when driving through a tunnel, near a building or under an iron bridge. Do not put any magnetic material (such as magnetic mount CB antenna base, etc.) on or close to the roof.

ARNING/INDICATOR LIGHT AND CHIME



OIL PRESSURE WARNING LIGHT

This warning light indicates that the engine oil pressure is low.

The light should glow when the ignition switch is "ON" (engine off) and will go out when the engine is started.

If it flickers or stays on during normal driving speeds, pull off the road immediately and stop the engine until the cause is found and corrected.

When the engine is idling, after a long highspeed trip, momentary flickering of the warning light is of no concern if the light goes out upon accelerating the engine.

CAUTION:

Continued running of the engine when the oil pressure warning light is on may damage the engine.

RETRACTABLE HEADLIGHT WARNING LIGHT

This light is on while the retractable headlights are opening and closing. Usually the opening and closing of the retractable headlights takes just a short time. If the warning light remains on for a long time, it means something is wrong with the retractable device and it should be checked.

CHARGE (Alternator) WARNING LIGHT

The charge warning light indicates functioning of the alternator and electrical wiring system.

If this warning light glows when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position (engine off), the bulb and electrical wiring are satisfactory. The light should go out when the engine is started.

If the light comes on while the engine is running, it may indicate that there is something wrong with the charging system. Turn the engine off and check the alternator belt. If the belt is loose, broken, missing or if the light remains on, see your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer immediately.

Do not continue driving if the belt is loose, broken or missing.

FUEL LEVEL WARNING LIGHT

The fuel warning light comes on when the fuel in the fuel tank drops below 2-1/8 US gal (1-3/4 Imp gal, 8 liters) with the ignition switch "ON". When the fuel warning light comes on, refuel at the nearest gas station.

CAUTION:

Do not try to start your vehicle with no fuel in the system.

EXHAUST GAS SENSOR WARNING LIGHT

This light comes on indicating the need for periodic maintenance of exhaust gas sensor in the emission control system. When the light comes on with the engine running, have your vehicle checked at your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

This light also comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position before the engine starts. If the light does not come on under this condition, check the electrical system for a burned-out bulb or an open circuit.

This system does not operate after maintenance has been performed at 90,000 miles for U.S.A. models and 48,000 km for Canada models.

BRAKE WARNING LIGHT

This warning light functions for both the parking brake and the foot brake systems. The warning light glows when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position and the engine is not running. If the light does

not glow, check the electrical system for burned-out bulb or an open circuit.

Parking brake system

The warning light will continue to glow when the parking brake is applied with the engine running.

Brake fluid level indicator system

With the engine running and the parkin brake not applied, the warning light glow if the fluid level is lower than the prescribed level.

If the warning light glows while you ar driving, brake fluid level should be checke immediately. All brake components shoul also be checked for leakage of brake fluid Add brake fluid or make other repair a necessary.

CAUTION:

If these checks cannot be made immed ately, pull off the road and stop carefully Remember that your stopping distance may be longer and the pedal may go down farther than normal and be more difficult to operate. Test the brakes by carefully starting and stopping on the shoulder of the road. If you judge it to be safe, drive carefully to the nearest service station for repairs. Otherwise have your vehicle tower Driving it could be dangerous.

3-13

SEAT BELT WARNING

he driver's seat is equipped with a seat elt warning light and chime system.

he seat belt warning light comes on for bout six seconds whenever the ignition witch is placed in the "ON" position.

he seat belt warning chime will sound for bout six seconds when the ignition switch placed in the "ON" position unless the river's seat belt is securely fastened.

IGHTS "ON" WARNING HIME/VOICE

chime or voice (refer to the "Voice arning") will sound if the driver side door opened when the ignition key is removed om the switch with the light switch turnd on. The chime or voice stops when the ght switch is turned off.

EY WARNING CHIME

ne warning chime warns the driver that it is in its slot. The chime ill sound if the driver's door is opened then the ignition key is in the "ACC", DFF" or "LOCK" position.

DOOR WARNING LIGHT

ne door warning light comes on when one

or more doors and rear hatch are not closed securely while the engine is running. The light glows when the ignition switch is turned ON and the engine is not running. If the light does not glow, check the electrical system for a burned-out bulb or an open circuit.

COOLANT LEVEL WARNING LIGHT

This light comes on when the coolant level in the reservoir tank drops below the "MIN" level mark.

TAIL LIGHT WARNING LIGHT

If the light comes on when the light switch is on or the brake pedal is depressed, one or more headlight bulbs, stop/tail light or high-mounted stop light bulb is burned out. Replace the bulb.

WARNING LIGHT

This light comes on when the washer fluid in the washer tank is at a low level. Add washer fluid as necessary. See the "Do-It-Yourself" section.

HIGH BEAM INDICATOR

The headlights have two beams to meet varying night driving conditions.

The high beams give you better long range visibility on dark roads in suburban areas. With the headlights on, the beam indicator glows whenever the high beams are being used, and goes off when the low beams are selected.

TURN SIGNAL/HAZARD INDICATOR LIGHTS

The green indicator light on the instrument panel flashers simultaneously with the exterior turn signal lights.

THEFT WARNING INDICATOR

Refer to the section titled "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM".

CRUISE CONTROL PILOT LIGHT

Refer to the section titled "CRUISE CONTROL" in the "Starting And Operating" instructions.

VOICE WARNING

Each voice warning is sounded to warn the driver of the following conditions. The voice warning continues until the condition is corrected. Only the voice warning "FUEL LEVEL IS LOW" is repeated two or three times and then stops.

If more than one item requires warning simultaneously, warning is sounded in the order of priority, as follows:

- When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position:
- (1) RIGHT DOOR IS OPEN.
- 2) LEFT DOOR IS OPEN.
- 3 PARKING BRAKE IS ON.
- 4 FUEL LEVEL IS LOW.
- When the ignition switch is not in the "ON" position: LIGHTS ARE ON.

WARNING OPERATION "RIGHT DOOR IS OPEN"

will sound when the right door is open and the vehicle is moving over 5 MPH (10 km/h).

"LEFT DOOR IS OPEN"

will sound when the left door is open and the vehicle is moving over 5 MPH (10 km/h).

"PARKING BRAKE IS ON"

will sound when the vehicle is moving over 5 MPH (10 km/h) if the parking brake is applied before the vehicle is in motion yet not released. However, if the parking brake is applied while the vehicle is in motion, the voice warning will not sound.

"FUEL LEVEL IS LOW"

will sound when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position and the fuel in the fuel tank drops below 2-5/8 US gal (2-1/4 Imp gal, 10%). The warning will be repeated 2 or 3 times and then stop.

"LIGHTS ARE ON"

will sound when the light switch is "ON", the driver's door is opened and the ignition switch is not in the "ON" position.

DISC BRAKE WEAR INDICATOR

The front and rear disc brake pads have audible wear indicators. When the brake pad wears to such an extent that it needs to be replaced, the audible wear indicator will make a high-pitched sound similar to that of a wire brush striking a cymbal (or a maraca being shaken). This sound will be heard continuously or discontinuously when the car is in motion, no matter when foot brakes are applied. If this warn ing sound is heard, have the brakes checked as soon as possible to prevent the pad from being worn out completely and the rotor from being damaged subsequently. This sound may not be heard when driving in noisy areas, when the car radio is operating or when windows are closed. Check this disc brake pads for wear in accordance with the Maintenance. Schedule even if the wear indicator does not make a sound.

HEFT WARNING



he theft warning system is designed to rotect your vehicle from intruders when windows are closed and all doors, and and rear hatch are locked.

ow to activate theft warning stem

Remove the key from the ignition switch.

Close all windows. Close and lock all doors, hood and rear hatch. The door can be locked either with or without the key.

he system is activated even if the indows are open,

- 3. Confirm that the indicator light comes on. The light will glow for about 30 seconds and then go out. The system is now activated. If, during this 30 second time period, the door is unlocked or the ignition key is turned to "ACC" or "ON", the system will not activate.
- If the key is turned slowly when locking the door, the system may not activate.
 Furthermore, if the key is turned excessively to the unlock side, when removing the key, the system may not be activated. If the indicator light fails to glow for 30 seconds, unlock the door once and lock it again.
- Even when the driver and/or passengers are in the vehicle, the system will activate with all doors, hood and rear hatch locked and ignition key off. Turn the ignition key to "ACC" or "ON" to turn the system off.

Theft warning system operation

The warning system will give the following alarm:

 The headlights blink and the horn sounds intermittently. In addition, the starter motor will not operate. The alarm automatically turns off after 2 to 4 minutes; the alarm will reactivate if the vehicle is tampered with again.
 The alarm can be shut off by unlocking the doors or rear hatch with the key.

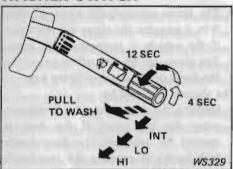
The alarm is activated by:

- Opening the door or rear hatch without using the key (even if the door is opened by releasing the door inside lock knob) or opening the rear hatch by operating the opener lever.
- · Opening the hood.
- Pushing in or pulling out of the key cylinder on the door or rear hatch.

How to stop alarms

The alarm will stop only by unlocking the door or rear hatch with the key. The alarm will not stop even if the ignition switch is turned to "ACC" or "ON".

WINDSHIELD WIPER AND WASHER SWITCH



The switch controls the speed of the windshield wiper and also controls the windshield washer.

To operate the washer, pull the lever toward you and hold it until there is enough fluid on the windshield to wash off dirt.

Intermittent time control knob

The intermittent time control knob is attached to the switch lever. When this knob is turned with the switch lever in the intermittent (first) position, wiper blade operation can be adjusted to an intermittent duration of from 4 to 12 seconds.

- · Check washer fluid level regularly.
- Do not operate the washer continuously for more than thirty seconds.
- In cold weather, defrost the windshield glass before operating the washer.
- Do not substitute radiator anti-freeze for windshield washer solutions.
- Do not wipe the glass with a dry cloth.
 It may scratch the glass.
- Do not operate the washer if the reservoir is dry.

REAR WINDOW WIPER AND WASHER SWITCH



The rear window wiper switch has one speed. When the switch is pushed to the right, the wiper blade is activated. To operate the washer, push the knob to the left when the wiper is stopped and to the right when it is operating and hold it until there is enough fluid on the glass to wash off the dirt. For general precautions refer to descriptions under the heading "Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch".

section to all a set

IEADLIGHT CLEANER



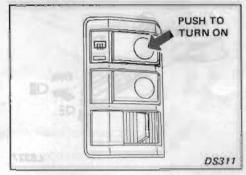
pen the headlights by turning on the stractable headlight switch or the headght switch.

asher fluid is sprayed on the headlight as by pushing the rear end of the switch atton.

his switch does not operate when the eadlights are closed.

or general precautions, refer to the Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch".

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH



An electric defogger is built into the rear window.

To heat the rear window glass, push the switch to the "ON" position.

A rear window defogger monitoring light installed in the switch will glow to indicate the system is on.

The switch operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

The rear window defogger will automatically turn off approximately 15 minutes after the switch is turned "ON".

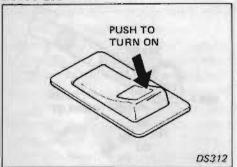
If you need it further, push the switch again.

When the window is clear within 15 minutes, push the switch to the "OFF" position.

CAUTION:

When you clean the vehicle, do not clean the inner side of the window with abrasive-type cleaners, and do not use any type of scraper to remove foreign deposits from the inner glass surface as this may damage the electrical conductors.

DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER SWITCH

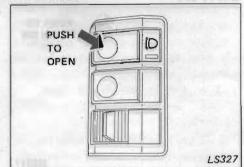


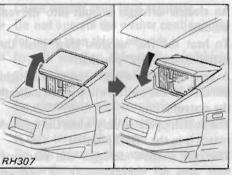
An electric defogger is built into the door mirrors. To heat the door mirror glass, push the rear end of the switch. A defogger monitoring light on the switch will glow to indicate the system is on.

The switch operates only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

When the defogger is not in use, turn off the switch.

RETRACTABLE HEADLIGHT SWITCH

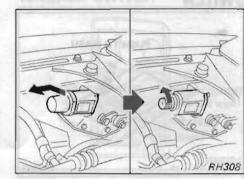




When the switch is set to "ON", the retractable headlights will open. This switch does not turn on the headlights.

CAUTION:

Before operating the switch, make sure that no one is near the headlights.

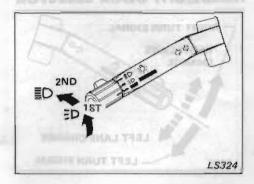


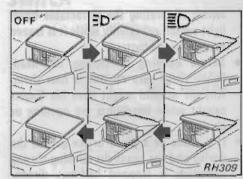
Emergency procedures when headlights do not open/close

- Turn off the light combination switch and the retractable headlight switch then disconnect the negative terminal of the battery or the fusible link.
- Remove the motor shaft cap beside each headlight.
- To open or close the headlights, turn the motor shaft counterclockwise by hand.
- 4. Reinstall the motor shaft cap.

Be sure to have the headlights checked and repaired by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

LIGHT SWITCH





AUTIONS:

Remove the negative terminal of the battery or the fusible link.

If work is started without disconnecting the negative terminal of the battery or the fusible link, the headlights and motor shaft may suddenly begin moving and catch your fingers.

When the light switch knob is turned on, the following lights will come on.

ED POSITION

Parking (or clearance), tail, license plate, side marker, key illumination, automatic transmission selector lever indicator, heater (air conditioner) control panel, rear window defroster illumination and instrument panel lights.

ED POSITION

Headlights and all the above lights. (The headlight high/low beams are controlled by the light/turn select lever.)

Retractable headlights

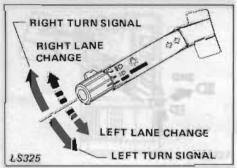
The retractable headlights will open and come on when the light combination switch is set in the D position, and will close when the switch is set in the "OFF" position.

CAUTION:

 When driving in cold weather or on a snowcovered road and there is a possibility the headlight mechanism will become frozen, drive or park your vehicle with the headlights opened. (Operate the retractable headlight switch, not the light combination switch.) If the mechanism is frozen and will not operate, be sure to carefully melt or break the ice before operating the switch. Operating the retractable headlight switch repeatedly while it is frozen may drain the battery.

- Before opening or closing the headlights, make sure no one is near them.
 Anyone around might have his fingers caught while headlights are opening or closing.
- If a stone or a piece or ice gets in the device and the headlight opening-closing operation is stopped halfway, disconnect the battery or the fusible link and remove the obstacle; then operate the switch again.

TURN SIGNAL SWITCH AND HEADLIGHT BEAM SELECTOR



TURN SIGNAL

With the lever at either upward or downward position, lights flash on the front and rear of the vehicle, indicating the direction you are about to turn.

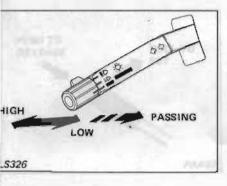
A corresponding turn signal indicator light on the instrument panel tells you which set of signals —right or left— is operating.

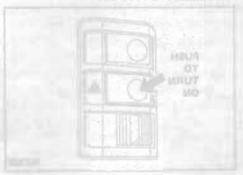
The turn signals cancel automatically when you have completed a turn (like driving around a corner) and steering wheel has returned to the straight ahead position.

LANE CHANGE SIGNAL

To indicate a lane change, move the lever up or down to a point where it begins flashing. The lever will return to the neutral position when released.

He serve to have the headlights o

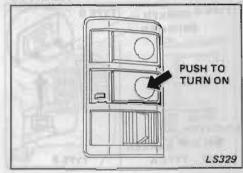




EADLIGHT BEAM SELECTOR ne headlight/turn select lever also conols headlight high-low beam when the adlight switch is turned to the sition. the high beam is on, the high beam incator light on the instrument panel ows. headlights have completely opened, the headlights will continue to the full-open

If the turn signal lever is pulled when the headlights are opened, the high beam lights will come on. If the signal lever is pulled when the headlights are closed, the headlights will open and come on. Release the lever and the headlights will go out and close. If the lever is released before the

AUXILIARY DRIVING LIGHT SWITCH



The light comes on when the switch is pressed and goes out when pressed again.

The monitoring light in the switch glows when the light comes on.

The switch operates only when the headlights come on.

he high beam lights will come on when e turn signal lever is moved fully toward

e driver, irrespective of the light switch

osition. Release the lever to turn lights

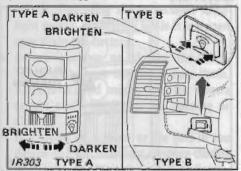
ASSING SIGNAL

year walking might become a bassed to laws may probably the use of

position and then will go out and close.

tests where or some at may street when

ILLUMINATION CONTROL RHEOSTAT



The illumination control rheostat is located on the instrument panel. The brightness of all instrument illumination lights can be adjusted by pushing the control switch.

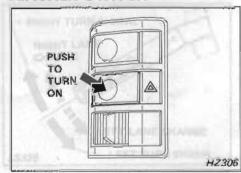
TYPE A

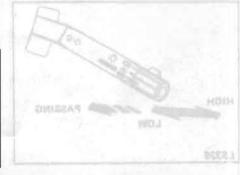
When the switch is pushed to the left, the illumination lights brighten. Pushing to the right will reduce their brightness.

TYPE B

Pushing the right side of the switch will brighten the illumination lights. They will darken when pressed to the left side.

HAZARD WARNING FLASHER SWITCH





All directional signals flash when the flasher switch is on to warn other drivers and pedestrians that your vehicle is disabled or parked under emergency conditions.

The flasher can be actuated with the ignition switch either off or on.

- When stalled or stopped on the roadway under emergency conditions, move the vehicle well off the road.
- Do not use the switch while moving on the highway unless unusual circumstances force you to drive so slowly that your vehicle might become a hazard to other traffic.
- Some state laws may prohibit the use of the hazard warning flasher switch under any circumstances.

 Turn signals do not work when th switch is operating.

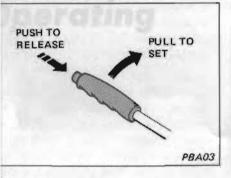
the high board is on, the high beam cotor light on the instrument pur

ASSING SIGNAL.

The high beam lights will come on when the turn aignal liver is moved fully toward in driver, invespective of the light switch continue. Release the lever to turn light

3-23

ARKING BRAKE LEVER



o set the parking brake, pull the lever upards. It is a good practice to depress the ot brake pedal at the same time.

o release, pull upward. Then depress the ash button and push down all the way.

the ignition switch is "ON", the brake arning light will continue to glow as long the parking brake is engaged. or proper parking procedures see "Park-

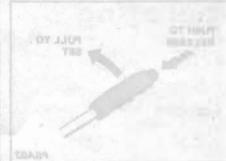
g" under the heading "Starting and perating".

AUTION:

lake sure that the parking brake is comletely released before driving.

you drive a vehicle with the parking rake partially engaged, the rear brake loes may be damaged.





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BREAK-IN SCHEDULE

All new vehicles require careful driving during the break-in period. Pistons, cylinder walls, and bearings must have time to seat properly and produce smooth, long wearing surfaces. Too much strain on a new engine impedes this gradual break-in process and is likely to shorten engine life. During the first 1,000 miles (1,600 km), do not drive at full acceleration. The engine should not be allowed to labor before downshifting when climbing a hill. Variable speeds are best during the break-in period. Always drive so that the engine runs fast enough to prevent strain.

Fuel economy will vary in the first few thousand miles (kilometers) of operation due to engine break-in. And it is also dependent upon driving habits and proper maintenance. Therefore to conserve fuel and assist the break-in:

- Do not drive at high speeds before the engine has sufficiently warmed up.
- · Avoid fast starts.
- Do not allow the engine to labor in any gear.
- Avoid driving at full acceleration for the first 1,000 miles (1,600 km).
- · Do not race the engine.
- · Avoid extended idling periods.
- Except in an emergency, avoid heavy braking or rough usage of the brakes.

Break-in speed limit MPH (km/h)

Sand Surger	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Manual transmission	0 to 22 (0 to 35)	15 to 37 (25 to 60)	22 to 60 (35 to 95)	30 to 80 (50 to 130)	40 to 80 (65 to 130)
4	"I" L	ow	"2" Second	1"	" Drive
Automatic transmission	0 to 3 (0 to 5		22 to 50 (35 to 80)		to 75 to 120)

The figures listed in the chart refer to potential speed ranges for each gear. The speed at which you drive, however, should conform to all federal, state, province and territory laws, and to the condition which will permit safe operation.

CATALYTIC CONVERTER

A catalytic converter for emission contribution is installed in the exhaust system. Insithis converter, exhaust gases are burned high temperature to help reduce pollutan

Certain engine malfunctions, particular involving the electrical, fuel injection ignition systems, will result in lar amount of unburned fuel, causing the coverter to reach elevated temperature Discontinue operation of the vehicle if the engine misfires, or if noticeable loss of performance or other unusual operating contions are detected.

Instead, have the vehicle inspected by authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer other competent service facility.

CAUTION:

- a) Use UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY the type recommended in "Oil and furecommendation" under the headi "Do-It-Yourself". Leaded gasoline was seriously damage catalytic converter.
- Keep an eye on your fuel gauge; runni out of gas could possibly cause dama to the catalytic converter.
- c) Refrain from racing the engine.

TURBOCHARGER SYSTEM

Do not stop or park the vehicle over inflammable materials, such as dry grass, waste paper, or rags that may come into contact with the exhaust system.

When parking, ensure that people or inflammable materials are kept away from the exhaust pipe. The turbocharger system uses engine oil for lubrication and cooling of its rotating components. The turbocharger turbine turns at extremely high speeds and its temperature can reach extremely high levels. It is essential to maintain a clean supply of oil flowing through the turbocharger ystem. Therfore, a sudden interruption of oil supply may cause a malfunction in the turbocharger.

To ensure prolonged life and performance of the turbocharger, it is essential to comply with the following maintenance procedure:

- Change your engine oil every 5,000 miles (8,000 km) or 6 months, whichever comes first. More frequent maintenance may be required under severe driving conditions. Use only the recommended oil.
- If the engine had been operating at high rpm for an extended period of time, let it idle for a few minutes prior to shutdown.
- 3. Do not accelerate your engine to high rpm immediately after start.

STARTING THE ENGINE

EXHAUST GAS WARNING (Carbon Monoxide)

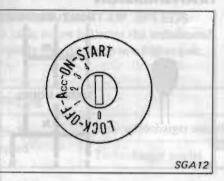
Never inhale exhaust gases; they contain carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless extremely dangerous gas which can cause unconciousness or death. If you should suspect that exhaust fumes are getting into the passenger compartment, have the vehicle examined and the leakage corrected immediately. If you must drive under these conditions, drive only with ALL windows FULLY OPEN and ventilator fan operating.

- It is not advisable to sit for any length of time in a parked vehicle with the engine running.
- Do not run the engine in closed spaces such as a garage for any longer than is absolutely necessary.
- When a vehicle has been stopped in an open area with its engine running for any significant length of time, turn the ventilator on to force outside air into the vehicle.
- 4. If the rear hatch is not closed while driving, exhaust gases could be drawn into the vehicle. Avoid driving for any length of time with the rear hatch open.

If it is necessary to drive in this manner, open windows and operate ventilation fan.

- Always assure that the front ventilator inlet grille is free from snow, leaves or any other kind of obstruction so that vehicle's ventilation system will be able to function properly at all times.
- The exhaust system and body should be inspected by a qualified mechanic whenever:
- a. The vehicle is raised for service.
- You suspect that exhaust fumes are getting into the passenger compartment.
- You notice a change in the sound of the exhaust system.
- d. You have had an accident involving damage to the exhaust system, underbody, or rear of the vehicle.

NITION SWITCH



e switch includes the anti-theft steering k device and also controls the ignition tem and most of the electrical equipnt:

OCK" Normal parking position

e ignition key can be inserted and reved at the "LOCK" position only. The ering can be locked by turning the key the "LOCK" position, removing it, and ating the steering wheel until the lockplunger clicks into position.

unlock the steering, insert the key and n it to the "OFF" position. For easier operation when unlocking, rotate the ering wheel slightly to relieve pressure the steering lock.

WARNING:

Never remove the ignition key while driving. If the key is removed, the steering wheel will lock, and it will become impossible to control the vehicle.

"OFF"

The position permits turning the engine off without locking the steering wheel.

"ACC" (Accessories)

This position allows you to use all the electrical accessories controlled by the switch.

"ON" Normal operating position

This position turns on the ignition system and electrical circuits.

"START"

This position starts the engine. After the engine has started, release the key. It will automatically return to the "ON" position.

BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE

The seat belt warning light flashes on for about six seconds when the ignition switch is placed in the "ON" position.

The warning chime will sound for about six seconds when placing the ignition switch in the "ON" position if you do not fasten the driver's seat belt securely.

- 1. Make sure the parking brake is applied.
- Place the gearshift lever into "Neutral" (in "N" or "P" position for the automatic transmission).

With manual transmission model, do not attempt to start the engine in any gear position except "Neutral". If any gear is engaged without depressing the clutch, the vehicle will lurch forward or backward.

With a manual transmission, it is a good practice to depress the clutch pedal to reduce drag from the transmission gears, while starting.

TIPS ON STARTING

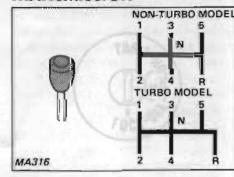
- To start the engine, turn on the ignition switch without depressing the accelerator pedal.
- If the engine is very hard to start in extremely cold or hot weather, use the accelerator pedal to help start the engine.
- In the summer, when restarting the engine within 30 minutes after it has been stopped, crank the engine keeping the pedal fully depressed.
- As soon as the engine starts running under its own power, release the ignition key and accelerator pedal.
- If the engine stops or falters in starting, wait 3 or 4 seconds before restarting. This will prevent possible damage to the starting motor or engine.

If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, the instructions and cautions contained in the "In Case of Emergency" should be carefully followed.

Warm-up

Always allow the engine to idle for at least 30 seconds after starting and drive at moderate speed for a short distance, especially in cold weather.

DRIVING WITH MANUAL TRANSMISSION



To shift geens, fully depress the clutch pedal and then operate the gearshift lever.

WARNING:

If the transmission is in any driving position and the clutch pedal is not full depressed, the vehicle will lurch forward or rearward when the starter is engaged.

When shifting the lever from a Forwar gear to Reverse on from Reverse to a Forward gear, be sume to first bring you vehicle to a complete stop.

On the non-turbo model, you cannot shif directly from 5th gear into Reverse, bu must first shift into Neutral, then int Reverse.

Apply the parking brake when at a stand still. When starting to move the vehicle, re lease the parking brake and drive away. DRRECT SHIFT-UP SPEEDS

e table below indicates the recommendspeeds for shifting up to a higher gear.

Unit: MPH (km/h)

Shifting	with traffic, (Avoid about	1 → 2	2 → 3	3 → 4	4 → 5
Shift-up	Non-turbocharger model	15 (25)	30 (50)	40 (65)	45 (75)
speed	Turbocharger model	15 (25)	25 (40)	40 (65)	45 (75)

PEED RANGES IN EACH GEAR to following table indicates the speed to the following table indicates the speed to the following table indicates the speed to the following table in each gear without overwing. Never run the engine in a higher ar than is required for the speed you are to the veling as this will place a great strain on the components and may damage the en-

gine or drive train. Always downshift when slowing to negotiate a sharp turn, when proceeding up a steep hill, or when slowing down appreciably for any reason.

When braking, disengage the clutch when your speed has fallen to 10 to 15 MPH (15 to 25 km/h) and continue braking to a stop.

Unit: MPH (km/h)

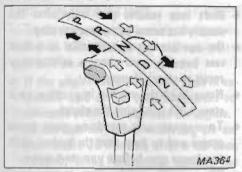
Gear position	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Speed range	0 to 30	15 to 55	22 to 80	Over 30	Over 40
	(0 to 50)	(25 to 90)	(35 to 130)	(Over 50)	(Over 65)

When you are shifting from one gear to another, be certain to press the clutch

pedal all the way to the floor to avoid clashing or chipping the gears.

- Shift into reverse gear only after the vehicle has come to a complete stop.
- Do not use the clutch pedal as a foot rest between gear changes as this may result in clutch damage.
- Never hold the vehicle in position on a steep hill by slipping the clutch.
- To maintain safe speeds on steep down grades and to help save the brakes, shift to a lower gear before you start down.
- When quick acceleration is required, shift to a lower gear and accelerate until the vehicle reaches the maximum speed in each gear. Do not exceed the speed limit of any gear.
 - Use caution when accelerating or when shifting into a lower gear on slippery surfaces. Sudden acceleration or downshifting could cause the wheels to skid and result in loss of control.
- The figures listed in the chart refer to potential speed ranges for each gear.
 The speed at which you drive, however, should conform to all federal, state, province and territory laws, and to the condition which will permit safe operation.

DRIVING WITH AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION



HOW TO OPERATE SELECTOR LEVER

Push the button located on the end of the selector lever when engaging "R" and "P" and when shifting from "D" to "2", as indicated by the arrow " → ".

The lever can be shifted freely into any of the positions indicated by the arrow ...

When shifting the lever from a Forward gear to Reverse, or from Reverse to a Forward gear or "Park", be sure to first bring the vehicle to a complete stop.

Start the engine in the "P" or "N" position. It will not start in any other selector position. If it does, have your

vehicle checked by your NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

 Shift into "N" position and apply the parking brake when at a standstill for longer than a short waiting period.

 Keep the engine at idling speed while shifting from "N" to any driving position.

When stopped on an upgrade.
 Use your brakes to hold the vehicle in place to prevent overheating the transmission.

CAUTION: (When starting vehicle)

- DEPRESS THE FOOT BRAKE PEDAL.
 Shifting the selector lever to "D", "A",
 "2" or "1" without depressing the brake pedal causes the vehicle to move slowly (creep) when the engine is running. Be sure the brake pedal is depressed fully and the vehicle is stopped before shifting the selector lever.
- MAKE SURE OF THE SELECTOR LEVER POSITION.

Make sure the selector lever is in the desired position. "D", "1", "2" are used to move forward and "R" to back-up. Then release the parking brake lever.

SLOWLY DEPRESS THE ACCELERATOR PEDAL.

Release the parking brake lever and for brake pedal. Depress the accelerator pedal to start the vehicle and merg with traffic. (Avoid abrupt starting an spinning the tires.) Avoid revving up the engine while the vehicle is stopped (This could cause unexpected vehicle movement if the selector lever were in "D", "R", "2" or "1" or damage the engine if in "N" or "P".

. WARM THE ENGINE UP.

Due to the higher idle speeds when the engine is cold, extra caution must be exercised when shifting the selecto lever into the driving position immediately after starting the engine.

PARKING THE VEHICLE.
 Depress the foot brake pedal and, once
the vehicle stops, move the shift selecto
into park position, pull the parking
brake lever and release the foot brake
pedal.

" PARKING:

ter parking, apply the parking brake and the selector lever in the "P" position. is position locks the transmission and ar wheels. Do not shift into "P" while e vehicle is moving.

R" REVERSE:

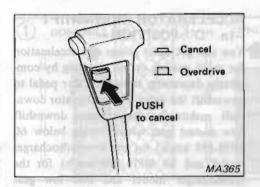
ift into the "R" position only after the hicle has completely stopped. Then ntly depress the accelerator pedal to ck up.

N" NEUTRAL:

the "N" position neither forward nor werse gear is engaged.

O" NORMAL DRIVE

nis position is used for most city and ghway driving. Press the accelerator pedal owly to increase vehicle speed. The forward gears are upshifted automatically om low to second, to third and to overive. When speed decreases, downshifting also automatic.



OVERDRIVE SWITCH

For normal driving, move the selector lever to "D" and set the overdrive switch in the O/D position. The transmission is upshifted into OVERDRIVE as the vehicle speed increases.

When driving on a long slope such as on mountain roads, set the overdrive switch in the cancel position so that the engine braking can help slow down the vehicle.

The indicator light comes on when the switch is set in the cancel position.

 Remember not to drive at high speeds for extended periods of time with the overdrive switch cancel position. This lowers the fuel economy. When cruising at somewhat low speeds or driving on a gentle slope, you may feel uncomfortable shift shock as the transmission shifts between 3rd and overdrive repeatedly. In such a case, set the overdrive switch in the cancel position. When the driving condition changes, reset the overdrive switch to the O/D position.

and whill grades. When downshifting

I will the Vehicle speed drops below 30

"2" SECOND GEAR:

Use the "2" position when starting on slippery roads or ascending hills and for effective engine braking on downhill grades.

Do not downshift into the "2" position at speeds over 62 MPH (100 km/h) for the non-turbocharger model and 60 MPH (95 km/h) for the turbocharger model. Do not exceed 62 MPH (100 km/h) for the non-turbocharger model and 60 MPH (95 km/h) for the turbocharger model in the "2" position.

"1" LOW GEAR:

The "1" low gear is helpful for driving up very steep hills and for braking the vehicle on downhill grades. When downshifting into the "1" position, move the selector lever from "D" to "2" and then to "1".

Even if the selector lever is downshifted into "1", the vehicle remains in second gear until the vehicle speed drops below 30 MPH (50 km/h). Do not shift into the "1" position at speeds over 62 MPH (100 km/h) for the non-turbocharger model and 60 MPH (95 km/h) for the turbocharger model. Do not exceed 37 MPH (60 km/h) in the "1" position.

ACCELERATOR DOWNSHIFT -In "D" POSITION-

You can get extra power and acceleration for rapid passing or hill climbing by completely depressing the accelerator pedal to downshift the gears. The accelerator downshift makes the transmission downshift into second gear when driving below 60 MPH (95 km/h) for the non-turbocharger model and 55 MPH (90 km/h) for the turbocharger model and into low gear when driving below 30 MPH (50 km/h).

PARKING

BEFORE LEAVING YOUR VEHICLE

Do not park the vehicle over flammable materials, such as dry grass, waste paper or rags as they may burn easily.

- 1. Set the parking brake.
- Manual transmission models:
 Place the gearshift lever in the "Reverse" position.

When parking on an uphill grade, place the gearshift lever in the "1st" position.

Automatic transmission models: Place the gearshift lever in the "P" position.

CAUTION:

Safe parking procedures require that both the parking brake be set and the transmission placed in the "P" (park) position Make sure the shift lever has been pusher as far forward as it can go and cannot be moved without depressing the button at the end of the lever.

- Turn the ignition key to the "LOCK" position. Never leave an unattended as hicle with its engine running.
- Remove the ignition key.
- 5. Lock all doors.

Never leave children unattended in vehicle.

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1 DOWNHILL 2 UPHILL OF DOWNHILL OF DOWNHILL OF CURB OF

When parked on a sloping driveway, turn the wheels so the vehicle will not roll into the street in case it moves.

HEADED DOWNHILL: ①

Turn the wheels into the curb, allow the vehicle to move forward until the curb. Then set the parking brake.

. HEADED UPHILL: (2)

Turn the wheels away from the curb and allow the vehicle to move back until the curb side wheel gently touches the curb. Then set the parking brake. HEADED UPHILL OR DOWNHILL, NO CURB: 3

Turn the wheels toward the side of the road so the vehicle will move away from the center of the road if it moves. Then set the parking brake.

the sometimes get wet in a sill

TIPS ON DRIVING

DRIVING UPHILL

When starting on a steep grade, it is sometimes difficult to operate both the brake and clutch. Use the parking brake to hold the vehicle. Do not slip the clutch. When ready to start, slowly release the parking brake while depressing accelerator pedal and releasing the clutch.

DRIVING DOWNHILL

The engine braking action is effective for controlling the vehicle while descending hills. The gearshift lever should be placed in the lower speed position prior to descending. With the automatic transmission vehicle, the "2" or "1" position should be selected.

WET BRAKES

When the vehicle is washed or driven under extremely wet or muddy conditions, the brake linings sometimes get wet. In a safe manner and as traffic conditions permit, gently apply the brakes several times as the vehicle is moving slowly to dry the linings. Do not drive the vehicle at high speeds until the brakes are functioning correctly.

SPARK PLUGS

The factory-installed spark plugs on your vehicle are designed to meet normal driving conditions. If your vehicle is operated under either of the following conditions, it is recommended that optional spark plugs of the proper heat range be installed.

 When the vehicle is used primarily for short distance travel, so that the engine does not run long enough to reach its

When parked on a aloping develop, turn

- normal operating temperature, use hot type spark plugs.
- When the vehicle is frequently operated with throttle wide open for long period of time, use cold-type spark plugs.

For spark plug types, please consult you NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

gearshift fever is one "fut" position.

Recommended spark plugs

Engine	Hot type	Standard type	Cold type
Non-turbocharger model	BCPR5ES-11*	BCPR6F.S-11*	BCPR7ES-11*
Turbocharger model	BCPR5E-11*	BCPR6E-11*	BCPR7E-11*

Always use the spark plug, or its equivalent, indicated in the above chart.

Resistor built-in type spark plug

*: NGK make

COLD WEATHER

TARTING OFF ON SLIPPERY

the rain or snow makes the roads slipry, use caution in accelerating and engagthe clutch. If the clutch is engaged too ruptly and with too much acceleration, wheels may spin and the vehicle will t move forward. To stop the spin, apply brake and then back up a little. Reatedly rolling backward and forward will you away from the slippery patch. In emergency situation, the vehicle carpet to be used as skidmatting.

RIVING ON SLIPPERY ROADS

rd driving, braking, or cornering on wet slippery roads should be avoided. When tking under these conditions, shift to a ver gear and use the braking effect of the gine to assist the foot brakes.

ten driving on icy roads, always proceed why and cautiously, turn the steering eel gently, and use the brakes only very ntly. Moreover, always change gears oothly, and never drive with the clutch lal depressed.

you should go into a skid, do not apply brakes. Release the accelerator slowly turn into the direction of the skid. As vehicle stops skidding, straighten out wheels and accelerate lightly.

FREEING A FROZEN DOOR LOCK

To prevent a door lock from freezing, apply de-icer or glycerin to it through the key hole. Should the lock become frozen, heat the lock key before use.

ANTI-FREEZE

In the winter when it is anticipated that the temperature will drop below 32°F (0°C), check anti-freeze (ethylene glycol base) to assure proper winter protection. For details, refer to "Engine Cooling System" under the heading "Do-It-Yourself".

[Example]

Unit: US qt (Imp qt, liters)

N S	Coolant	capacity	
	on turbo- rger model	Turbocharger model	Outside tem- perature
C	12 10, 11.3)	12-1/2 (10-3/8, 11.8)	down to
9	2 (1-5/8, 1.9)	2-1/8 (1-3/4, 2.0)	19°F (-7°C)
Anti-freeze	4 (3-3/8, 3.8)	4-1/8 (3-3/8, 3.9)	0°F (-18°C)
	6 (5,5.7)	6-1/4 (5-1/4, 5.9)	-31°F (-35°C)

BATTERY

If the battery is not fully charged during extremely cold weather conditions, the battery fluid may freeze and damage the battery. To maintain maximum efficiency, the battery should be checked regularly.

And degree the accelerator pedal and

when the vehicle arraits the desired

DRAINING OF COOLANT WATER

If the vehicle is to be left outside without anti-freeze, drain the cooling system by opening the drain cocks located under the radiator and on the engine block, Refill before operating the vehicle.

For details, refer to "Changing Engine Coolant" under the heading "Do-It-Yourselt"

TIRE EQUIPMENT

- If you have snow tires installed on the rear wheels of your vehicle, they should be of the same size, load range, construction and type (bias, blas-belted or radial) as the front tires.
- If the vehicle is to be operated in severe winter conditions, snow tires may be installed on all four wheels.
- For additional traction on icy roads, studded tires may be used. However, some Provinces and States prohibit their use, so, before installing studded tires, check local, state and provincial laws.

CAUTION:

Skid and traction capabilities of studded tires, on wet or dry surfaces, may be poorer than that of non-studded snow tires.

SPECIAL WINTER EQUIPMENT

It is recommended that the following items be carried in the vehicle during winter:

- A scraper and stiff-bristled brush to remove ice and snow from the windows.
- 2. A sturdy, flat board to be placed under the jack to give it firm support.
- A shovel to dig the vehicle out of snowdrifts.
- 4. Snow chains, if desired. Make sure they are installed according to the chain manufacturer's suggestions. In addition, drive at a reduced rate of speed, otherwise, your vehicle may be damaged and/or vehicle handling and performance may be adversely affected.

CORROSION PROTECTION

Chemicals used for road surface de-icin are extremely corrosive and will accelerat corrosion and the deterioration of unde body components such as the exhaust sy tem, fuel and brake lines, brake cable floor pan and fenders.

Flushing all components at frequent inte vals with plain water will greatly reduce the harmful effects of these chemicals.

In areas where heavy concentrations of these corrosive chemicals are used, the vehicle should, in addition to frequent washing, be thoroughly washed, flushed and carefully inspected for signs of deterioration or corrosive action, at least several times per year. Repairs should be performed accordingly.

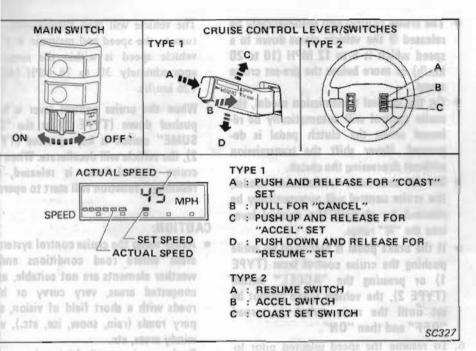
For additional protection against ru and corrosion, which may be required some areas, consult your local NISSAN DATSUN dealer or other competent ser ice facility.

roothly, and never drive with the clutch

stal depressed.

you should go into a skid, do not apply
to brakes. Release the accelerator slowly
to turn into the direction of the skid. As

RUISE CONTROL



ne cruise control system automatically aintains a desired vehicle speed within a nige of approximately 30 to 78 MPH (48 126 km/h) without the necessity of perating the accelerator pedal.

During cruige-speed driving lengs vi

To operate the cruise control, push the main switch to the "ON" position.

[The pilot light (green) on the combination meter panel will illuminate.]

And depress the accelerator pedal and, when the vehicle attains the desired speed, momentarily press the "COAST" set switch.

The vehicle will then automatically maintain the desired cruising speed.

[The pilot light (blue) on the combination meter panel will illuminate (Needle type meter). The set speed will illuminate in the graphic display on the speedometer (Digital and graphic type meter).]

- To increase the vehicle speed, briefly depress the accelerator pedal. When the pedal is released, the vehicle will return to the cruising speed selected prior to acceleration.
- To reset at a faster cruising speed, proceed with either of the following two
 methods. The vehicle will then automatically maintain the newly selected
 speed.
- a) Depress the accelerator pedal and, as the vehicle attains the desired speed, momentarily press the "COAST" set switch.
- b) Keep pushing the cruise control lever up (TYPE 1) or pressing the "ACCEL" switch (TYPE 2), allowing the vehicle to accelerate without depressing the accelerator pedal. When the vehicle attains the desired speed, release the cruise control lever or "ACCEL" switch.

- To reset at a slower cruising speed, proceed with either of the following two
 methods. The vehicle will then automatically maintain the newly selected
 speed.
- a) Depress the brake pedal and, as the vehicle attains the desired speed, momentarily press the "COAST" set switch.
- b) Keep pressing the "COAST" set switch, allowing the vehicle to decelerate without depressing the brake pedal. When the vehicle attains the desired speed, release the set switch.
- To disengage the cruise control, proceed with either of the following two methods.
- a) Pull the cruise control lever toward you (TYPE 1) or lightly depress the brake pedal. [The blue light will go out. (Needle type meter) The pre-set speed indicator remains on.
- (Digital and graphic type meter)]
 b) Turn the main switch off.
 [Both green and blue lights will go out.
 (Needle type meter)
 The set speed indicator and green light will go out. (Digital and graphic meter)

type)]

- The cruise control will automatically be released if the vehicle slows down to a speed which is 6 to 12 MPH (10 to 20 km/h) or more below the pre-set cruise speed.
- On the manual transmission model, the cruise control will automatically be released when the clutch pedal is depressed. Never shift the transmission without depressing the clutch.
- On the automatic transmission model, the cruise control will automatically be released by shifting the control lever into the "N" range.
- If the brake pedal is depressed up while pushing the cruise control lever (TYPE 1) or pressing the "ACCEL" switch (TYPE 2), the vehicle speed cannot be set until the main switch is turned "OFF" and then "ON".
- 6. To resume the speed selected prior to disengagement of the cruise control by pulling the eruise control lever toward you (TYPE 1), depressing the brake or clutch pedal, or by shifting into "N" range on an automatic transmission model, push down and release the cruise control lever (TYPE 1) or press and release the "RESUME" switch (TYPE 2).

The vehicle will then automatically return to the speed and maintain it if the vehicle speed is within the range of approximately 30 to 78 MPH (48 t 126 km/h).

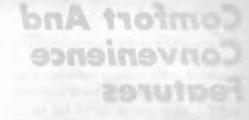
JORTHOD BRIDE

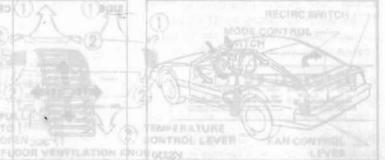
When the cruise control lever is kep pushed down (TYPE 1) or the "RE SUME" switch is kept pressed (TYP 2), the vehicle will decellerate. When the cruise control lever is released, the "resuming" function will start to operate

CAUTION:

- Avoid using the cruise control system is areas where road conditions and/of weather elements are not suitable, as if congested areas, very curvy or hill roads with a short field of vision, slip pery roads (rain, snow, ice, etc.), ver windy areas, etc.
 - During cruise-speed driving, keep you foot off the accelerator pedal to perm movement of the accelerator pedal.
- On the manual transmission model, the transmission is put into the neutral position without the clutch being depressed, and the cruise control is left or the engine will race and damage with result.

4-16



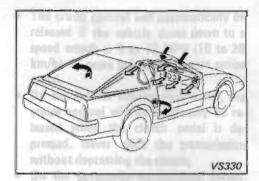




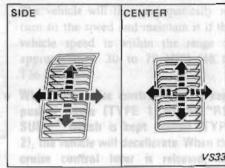
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Comfort And Convenience Features

VENTILATION SYSTEM



VENTILATORS



FOR FORCED VENTILATION

Air flow outlets that act like one-way valves are provided in the door locker pillar. When all the windows are closed, they allow air to flow out of the vehicle but not into it, providing constant, draft-free circulation.

When ventilating, refer to the HEATER or AIR CONDITIONER section for operation instructions.

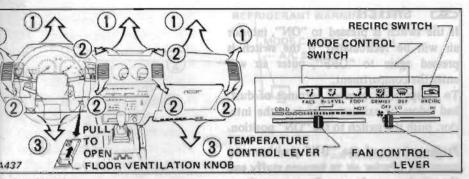
To change the direction of air flow, tu the grille as desired.

competed arms, very early or his roads with a short field of vicus, as pury roads (rain, andw, ice, atc.) we windy areas ain.

During cruins spend driving, keep yo foot off the secolarator pedal, and the menual transmission model, the transmission is put into the court position without the clutch being a

range on an automatic resourcesor

ATER



ERATION

		Control p	osition	mone med	774	Telego.
Preferred nate setting	Mode control switch	Temperature control lever	Fan control lever	RECIRC switch	Air source	Air outlet
		COLD"		ON	-	No air flow
o heating	Any position	COLD" to "HOT"	"OFF"	OFF	Outside	①
entilation	-7		-104	in State		2
i-level	37	CLET'S	No. of the last	ON or	Inside or	2 ,3
eating	Ų.	"COLD" to	"LO" to "HI"	OFF	Outside	3
efrosting nd Heating	₩;		is ten	Ortho	0	①,③
efrosting	W	eron de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la		OFF	Outside	0
ast heating	· i	"нот"	"нг"	ON	Inside	(3)

FLOOR VENTILATOR KNOB

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When the floor ventilator is pulled up with the MODE control switch at the " " position, the air will be directed toward the floor area as well as the face area.

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OPERATING TIPS

- · Clear any snow and ice from the air inlet in front of the windshield to improve heater and defroster efficiency.
- . To quickly remove ice or fog on the outside of the windows, set the mode control switch at " ", the recirc switch at "ON", the fan control lever at "HI" and the temperature control lever at full "HOT". However, prolonged use of the recirc switch at "ON" will cause the inside of the windows to fog up.
- Always remove snow and ice from the front, side and rear windows to improve defogging efficiency and ensure proper visibility.

Remove snow and ice from the outside mirrors and lights at the same time.

For adequate rear seat heating, keep the floor areas beneath the front seats clear. and operate the fan as required.

SWITCH 1

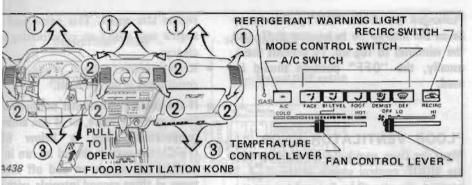
If the switch is pressed to "ON", interior air will be recirculated. If the switch is pressed again to "OFF", outer air will enter the compartment.

To temporarily prevent entrance of dust, bad odors or exhaust gases into the interior

Pro cau the usu use

se the inter windows 1	of the "ON rior air to be to fog up. T "OFF" pos	o prevent	y and these,			ERATIO
d. Harana HA	position vi.A.	Distriction :	- Hagriso NER		destroy stote	
	the-wind			COLD	Name of the last o	
	to Cow nill providing	of the vi	10171034	.HOL.,	Any position	gnitand to
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	NEM section				15	(aws)-s
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	loside	MO	man d		1	8/3/6/2

R CONDITIONER (Manual control)



ERATION

- matrice	into by the	Control p	osition	1 18	CROSS SAID		
referred rate setting	Mode control switch	Temperature control lever	Fan control lever	RECIRC switch	Air source	Air outlet	
Intests M	-7	20till comy-	ution .	- Set to	gentamers, Ar	2	
oling and	J	"COLD" to	"LO" to "HI"	"ON" or "OFF"	Inside or Outside	2.3	
humidi- d heating	j					3	
ut the i	9	nguia fatiou O la cheta o		tendhing teldicom	o doktono	1.3	
humidi- d fogging	\$	edt, gedt, je X. xyl, hyrice		OFF	Outside	①	
ntilation ating frosting*		Utilize the	same procedure	as for the HI	EATER.	Scot Dyna dil Initernatur	

If it is difficult to defrost the windshield glass while the A C switch is turned off, turn it on,

A/C SWITCH

To operate the air conditioner system, start the engine and push the A/C switch to "ON", then move the FAN CONTROL LEVER from "LO" to "HI". The air conditioner indicator light on the A/C switch will come on.

The air conditioner cooling function operates only when the engine is running.

REFRIGERANT WARNING LIGHT

This warning light indicates that the refrigerant capacity in the air conditioner system is low.

This light should glow when the ignition switch is "ON" (engine off) and will go out when the engine is started.

If it stays on during normal driving speed, stop the air conditioner and contact your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

CAUTION:

Continued operation of the air conditioner when the refrigerant warning light is on may damage the air conditioner system.



SWITCH

If the switch is pressed to "ON", interior air will be recirculated. If the switch is pressed again to "OFF", outer air will enter the compartment.

To temporarily prevent entrance of dust, bad odors or exhaust gases into the interior, push the switch to the "ON" position. Prolonged use of the "ON" position may cause the interior air to become stuffy and the windows to fog up. To prevent these, usually, the "OFF" position should be used.

FLOOR VENTILATOR KNOB

When the floor ventilator is pulled up with the MODE control switch at the " a" position, the air will be directed toward the floor area as well as the face area.

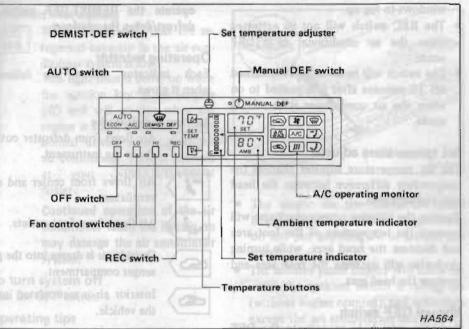
OPERATING TIPS

Tips other than the following are the same as those for the heater.

- If your vehicle has been parked in the sun for a period of time with all the windows closed, drive for two or three minutes with all windows open. This will allow the air conditioner to cool the interior more quickly, as the hot air will be forced from the vehicle.
- If stopped in traffic during hot weather, place the automatic transmission lever in PARK "P" position to increase the

- engine idle speed. This helps cool the engine and assists air conditioning efficiency.
- Keep windows closed while the a conditioner is in operation.
- If the cooling system has not been us for a week or more, or if the ambie temperature range is below 60° (15°C), the system should be run in I turning the switch on and off sever times at three second intervals, with the engine running at low speed. This want and to the service life of the system.
- If anything unusual is noted, shut of the system immediately. Have it checked by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer other competent service facility.
- It is suggested that the system be refor about ten minutes or so at least on a month in winter to circulate lubrica in the system, so that it will be read for use next season.
- At the start of the season, it is record mended that the air conditioning systematic be checked by your NISSAN/DATSU dealer or other competent service facility.

IR CONDITIONER (Auto temperature control)



art the engine and operate the controls activate the air conditioner.

ne air conditioner cooling function erates only when the engine is running.

Cooling and/or dehumidified heating (Auto mode)

This mode may be normally used all year round as the system automatically works to keep a constant temperature. Air flow distribution and fan speed are also controlled automatically.

- Push the AUTO switch in the A/C position.
- Push the TEMPERATURE buttons to set at the desired temperature.
- A beep will sound when the switch is pushed to A/C, or when the set tempetature is changed if the outside temperature is lower than 60°F (15°C). Set the switch in the ECON mode for fuel economy.

Economy heating (ECON mode)

The air conditioning does not activate. When you need to heat only, use this mode.

- Push the AUTO switch in the ECON mode. The indicator light will come on.
- 2. Push the TEMPERATURE buttons to set to the desired temperature.
- The temperature of the passenger compartment will be maintained automatically. Air flow distribution and fan speed are also controlled automatically.
- Do not set the temperature at lower than the outside air temperature.
 Otherwise the system may not work properly.
- Not recommended if windows fog up.
- Push the AUTO switch again to return to the auto mode.

Dehumidified defrosting and defogging

- Push the DEMIST-DEF switch to the DEF or DEMIST mode.
- Push the TEMPERATURE buttons to set the desired temperature.
- To quickly remove ice or fog from the outside of the windows, push the DEMIST-DEF switch to the DEF mode, set the temperature at full hot, and push the "HI" fan control switch.
- As soon as possible after the windshield is clean, push the AUTO switch to return to the auto mode.

Manual fan speed control

Push either the "HI" or "LO" fan control switch to manually control the fan speed. Push the "HI" or "LO" again to return to the automatically control of the fan speed.

REC switch

Push the switch to on (The indicator will come on) to recirculate the interior air inside the vehicle.

Push it again to draw outside air into the passenger compartment. The indicator will go out.

 Do not leave the switch on for long periods of time because it may cause the interior air to become stuffy and the windows to fog up.

- The REC switch will not be activated when the air conditioner is in DEF mode
- The switch will be automatically turned off 10 minutes after it is pushed to on when the air conditioner is in AUTO mode.

Set temperature adjuster

The set temperature adjuster changes the temperature difference between the head area and foot area.

Turning the adjuster counterclockwise will increase the temperature of the foot area and decrease the head area, while turning clockwise will decrease the foot area and increase the head area.

Manual DEF switch

Push the switch in to activate the DEF mode. Push it again to turn off the DEF mode.

- An air conditioner cooling function will stop and the control panel display will not operate while the DEF switch is activated.
- Use this switch only if the air conditioner should malfunction. Normally

operate the DEMIST-DEF switch defrost/defog the windows.

Operating monitor

Each indicator shows the following when it glows.

Air flow and air intake



Air flows from defroster outle above the instrument.



Air flows from center and si ventilators.



Air flows from foot outlets.



Ourside air is drawn into the pasenger compartment.



Interior air is recirculated insid

System operating



Blower fan motor is running.



Air conditioner (compressor) activated.



Water valve is open and h water flows into the heater co from the engine block.

efrigerant level warning

A/C GAS This light indicates that the refrigerant capacity in the air conditioner system is low.

This light should come on when the ignition key is on (engine off) and will go out when the engine is started. If it stays on at normal driving speeds, stop the air conditioner. Have it checked at your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer.

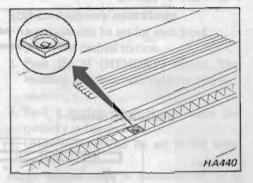
Continued operation of the air conditioner when the light is on may damage the air conditioner system.

o turn system off ush the OFF switch.

perating tips

Air conditioning will operate only after the engine warms up. When the engine coolant temperature or outside air temperature is low, the air flow rate will be automatically set to "LO". When the coolant temperature warms up, the air flow rate will change to the automatic control mode.

he "DEF" mode will operate immediately fter the engine is started.



- The sensor on the instrument panel helps maintain a constant temperature; do not put anything on or around this sensor.
- The control panel display will come on when the ignition switch is turned on (without engine running), and indicators except the set temperature and ambient temperature indicators will go off after the engine starts.
 - The set temperature and ambient temperature indicators are displayed while the engine is running even when the air conditioner is turned off.
- Keep windows and T-bar roof closed while the air conditioner is in operation.

- After parking in the sun, drive for two or three minutes with the windows open to vent hot air from the passenger compartment. Then, close the windows. This will allow the air conditioner to cool the interior more quickly.
- The air conditioning system should be operated for about ten minutes at least once a month, especially in winter. This could prevent damage to the system due to lack of lubrication.
- If the coolant temperature gauge exceeds the HOT position, turn the air conditioner off. See "If your vehicle overheats" in the "In Case of Emergency" section for additional information.

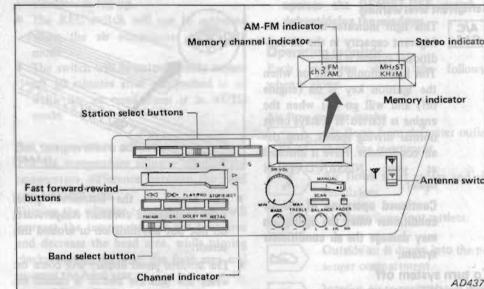
RADIO

To turn the radio on, turn the ignition key to "ACC" or "ON". If you listen to the radio with the engine not running, turn the key to the "ACC" position.

Adjust the antenna length for the best reception. A fully extended antenna is usually best for distant reception.

Radio reception is affected by station signal strength, distance from radio transmitter, buildings, bridges, mountains, and other external influences. Intermittent changes in reception quality normally are caused by these external influences.

AM-FM ELECTRONIC TUNING RADIO WITH CASSETTE TAPE PLAYER (Type A)



Push the SW.VOL knob to listen to the radio and tune in the desired station.

Turn the SW.VOL knob to adjust the volume.

Pushing SW.VOL knob will turn the radio on while the cassette tape is playing.

The electronic tuning radio has a DIVER-SITY reception system. The FM signal can reflect off of buildings or mountains. This causes offensive noises. The DIVERSI- TY system employs two antennas; one is rod type antenna and the other is a wi antenna built in the rear window. The system automatically switches to the antenna which receives less noise. Thus the radio provides high quality reception.

Selecting the desired band

Push the band select button to chang from AM to FM reception. e stereo indicator will glow during FM ereo reception. When the stereo broadst signal is weak, the radio will autoatically change from stereo to monaural ception.

uning anual tuning

sh down the manual tuning button.

AN tuning

sh the SCAN tuning button. SCAN ning begins from low to high frequencies d stops at each broadcasting station for e seconds. Pushing the button again ring this five second period will stop AN tuning and the radio will remain ned in that station.

an tuning will not stop at exceptionally eak station. In such a case, set the DX itton to the "DX" (__) position to crease reception sensitivity. For normal e, set the button in the off (__) position.

Station memory operations

Five stations can be set for each band.

- 1. Select the desired station.
- Push the M (MEMORY) button. The memory indicator will light for five seconds.
- 3. Push a station select button while the memory indicator is lit.
- Other buttons can be set in the same manner.

If the battery cable is disconnected, or if the fuse blows, the radio memory will be cancelled. In that case, reset the desired stations.

Adjusting speaker sound balance

Turn the BALANCE control knob to adjust the volume between the right and left speakers.

Turn the FADER control knob to adjust the volume between the front and rear speakers.

Adjusting tone quality

Turn the BASS and TREBLE control knob to obtain the most pleasant sound.

Cassette tape operation

Turn the ignition key to "ACC" or "ON", then lightly insert the cassette tape into the tape door. The cassette tape will be automatically pulled into the player. The radio will turn off and the cassette tape will begin to play.

Do not force the cassette tape into the tape door. Pressing strongly could cause damage to the player.

The cassette tape will automatically change directions to play the other channel when the first channel is completed.

PLAY button

Push the PLAY button to play the cassette tape when the tape play stops, the tape is fast forwarded or rewound, or the radio is on.

- To maintain good quality sound, NISSAN recommends you use cassette tapes 90 minutes or less in length.
- Take the cassette tape out of the player when not in use, to prevent possible damage to the player and cassette tape. Store the cassette tape in a cool, clean, dry and shady place.

Fast forwarding or rewinding the tape

Push either the forward or rewind button.

Changing the direction of tape play Push the PRO (program) select button.

Stopping and ejecting the cassette tape

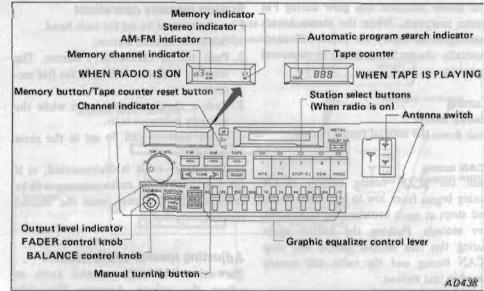
Push the STOP/EJECT button.

Dolby noise reduction

Push the "Dolby NR" button to reduce high frequency tape noise.

Metal or chrome tape usage Push the METAL button.

AM-FM ELECTRONIC TUNING RADIO WITH CASSETTE TAPE PLAYER (Type B)



Push the SW.VOL knob to listen to the radio and tune in the desired station.

Turn the SW.VOL knob to adjust the volume.

Pushing the AM or FM button will turn the radio on while the cassette tape is playing. The electronic tuning radio has a DIVER-SITY reception system. The FM signal can

reflect off of buildings or mountains.

This causes offensive noises, The DIVER SITY system employs two antennas; one is a rod type antenna and the other is a wir antenna built in the rear window. This system automatically switches to the antenna which receives less noise. Thus the radio provides high quality reception.

Selecting the desired band

Push the AM or FM button to change

m AM to FM reception.

e stereo indicator will glow during FM reo reception. When the stereo broadt signal is weak, the radio will autotically change from stereo to monaural eption.

ning

nual tuning

h down the manual tuning button.

AN tuning

th the SCAN tuning button. SCAN ing begins from low to high frequencies is stops at each broadcasting station for eseconds. Pushing the button againing this five second period will stop AN tuning and the radio will remained in that station.

ation memory operations

e stations can be set for each band. Select the desired station.

Push the M (MEMORY) button. The memory indicator will light for five seconds.

Push a station select button while the memory indicator is lit.

Other buttons can be set in the same manner.

If the battery cable is disconnected, or if the fuse blows, the radio memory will be cancelled. In that case, reset the desired stations.

Adjusting speaker sound balance

Turn the BALANCE control knob to adjust the volume between the right and left speakers.

Turn the FADER control knob to adjust the volume between the front and rear speakers.

Cassette tape operation

Turn the ignition key to "ACC" or "ON", then lightly insert the cassette tape into the tape door.

The cassette tape will automatically change directions to play the other channel when the first channel is completed.

TAPE button

Push the TAPE button to play the cassette tape when the tape play stops, the tape is fast forwarded or rewound, or the radio is on.

 To maintain good quality sound, NISSAN recommends you use cassette tapes 90 minutes or less in length. Take the cassette tape out of the player when not in use, to prevent possible damage to the player and cassette tape.
 Store the cassette tape in a cool, clean, dry and shady place.

Fast forwarding or rewinding the tape

Push either the FF (forward) or REW (rewind) button.

Changing the direction of tape play Push the PROG (program) select button.

Stopping and ejecting the cassette tape

Push the STOP-EJ (stop and eject) button with the ignition key in the "ACC" or "ON" position and the radio turned off.

The cassette tape cannot be ejected when the ignition key is in off or the radio is on.

Dolby noise reduction

Push the "Dolby NR" button to reduce high frequency tape noise. The indicator will glow on the button.

Metal or chrome tape usage

The cassette player will be automatically set to high performance play when playing a metal or chrome cassette tape. The indicator light will glow on the button when the metal or chrome tape is played.

Automatic program search (APS) operation

Automatic program search allows you to select a desired program on the tape sequentially.

Up to nine program selections are possible.

- While playing a tape, push the APS button to set the next program. Push the button twice to bypass the next program and set the following program. The number of times you push the button dictates the number of programs bypassed.
- Push either the fast forward or rewind button for the direction desired. The tape will run quickly and stop just prior to the program and then play.

This system searches by counting the blank intervals between selections. If there is a blank interval within one program or there is no interval between programs, the system may not search correctly.

SCAN program search operation

Push the SCAN button while the cassette tape is playing. The tape will run quickly, and stop and play at each program for 10 seconds. Pushing the button again during this 10 seconds period will stop SCAN program search and the cassette tape will remain playing at that program.

This SCAN search stops and plays at the blank intervals between selections. If there is a blank interval between programs, the system may not search correctly.

Graphic equalizer

The graphic equalizer provides 9 individual frequency-band adjustments to allow precise control over the ten octaves of the audio spectrum.

Center frequencies of 60 Hz, 125 Hz, and 250 Hz have been carefully selected to adjust for both deep and mid-bass response. 500 Hz, 1 kHz, 2 kHz and 4 kHz adjust for critical mid-range sounds; and 8 kHz and 16 Hz adjusts for reduction of "hiss" and "high" frequency "noise".

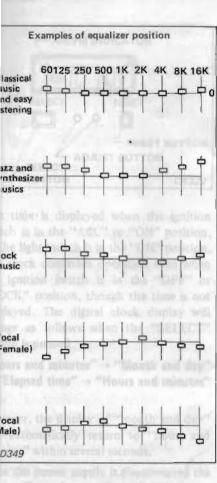
Cancelling the graphic equalizer function

Push the DEFEAT button to cancel the graphic equalizer control. The indicate light will glow on the button.

ve seconds. Poshing the outton seems

tring this five second period will step

Capacitaming and the radio will remain



AMBIENCE CONTROL

Push the AMBI (AMBIENCE) button to on to enjoy a wide stereo effect. The indicator light on the switch will come on.

In areas where the FM station signal is weak, the radio sound may change and/or radio noise may occur. In this case, turn the switch off.

Position selector

Pushing the POSITION select button will change to the most suitable position for listening as follows:

"DRIVER" → "TWIN" → "PASS (PASSENGER)" → "DRIVER" →

The most suitable position will be set for both driver and passenger when the button is pushed to "TWIN".

POWER ANTENNA

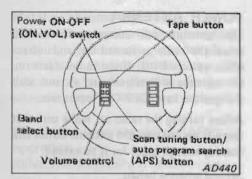
The antenna will automatically extend when the radio is turned on, and retract when switched off. If the radio is left on, the antenna will retract and extend with the ignition key "OFF-ON" operation.

Before turning the radio on, make sure that there is no one near the antenna outlet and there is enough space for it to extend.

Setting antenna height

Push the lower side " Ψ " of the switch to extend the antenna to half height or upper side " Ψ " to full height.

Half height is good for nearby stations and full height will improve weak station reception.



CONTROL SWITCHES ON THE STEERING WHEEL (Option for Type B)

Some functions can be done by operating the switches on the steering wheel as well as on the radio. For operation of the switch, refer to the descriptions explained previously as well as the following.

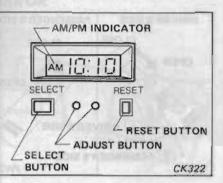
When the volume control on the radio is set at minimum, the sound will not come out even though you turn the volume control on the steering wheel. The volume control on the radio should be set in an appropriate position.

CB RADIO OR CAR PHONE

When installing a CB ham radio or a car phone in your NISSAN, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect the E.F.I. system and other electronic parts depending on its installation location.

- Keep the antenna as far as possible away from the Electronic Control Unit.
- Also keep the antenna wire more than 8 inches (20 cm) away from the E.F.I. harness. Do not route the antenna wire next to any harness.
- Adjust the antenna standing-wave ratio as recommended by the manufacturer.
- Connect the ground wire from the radio chassis to the body.
- For details, consult a NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer.





time is displayed when the ignition the is in the "ACC" or "ON" position, the light switch is in the "ON" position, clock continues operation even when ignition switch is in the "OFF" or OCK" position, though the time is not played. The digital clock display will nge as follows when the "SELECT" ton is pressed.

ours and minutes" \rightarrow "Month and day" 'Elapsed time" \rightarrow "Hours and minutes"

wever, the display of "month and day" automatically return to "hours and autes" within several seconds.

ce the power supply is disconnected the ck will continue to flash 12:00 in hours and minutes or the date 1 1 (Jan. 1). In this case, pressing the adjust button will start the clock running again.

The adjust button is designed so that it cannot be pressed with a finger. When adjustment is necessary, press the adjust button with a pointed article such as a pencil. This is designed to prevent an accidental adjustment.

To adjust the clock, proceed in the following manner.

Hour and minute display

- Press the "SELECT" button and set the digital display to "hours and minutes".
 For example, 10:45. In this case, the colon located in the middle of the digits flashers.
- Press the left adjust button and adjust to the desired hour with the AM/PM indicator lighted.
- Keep pressing the right adjust button and adjust to the desired minute.

Calendar (Month and day) display

 Press the "SELECT" button and set the digital display to "month and day". For example 2.1 (Feb. 1). In this case, the colon located in the middle of the digits disappears. Press the left adjust button and set to the desired month. The meanings of the numerals for the months are;

 1: January
 2: February

 3: March
 4: April

 5: May
 6: June

 7: July
 8: August

 9: September
 10: October

 11: November
 12: December

Press the right adjust button and set to the desired day.

Elapsed time display

Press the "SELECT" button and set the display to "elapsed time". The display will start from "00:00". It indicates "minutes/ seconds", and it will change to "hours/ minutes" after one hour passes.

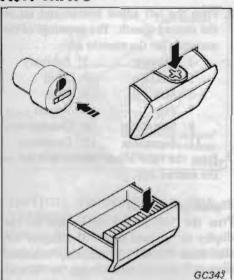
If the "RESET" button is pressed, the display will start from 00:00 again.

Time adjustment

When the clock displays either "hours and minutes" or "minutes and seconds", the clock can be set to the time signal.

For example, if the "RESET" button is depressed while the time is between 8:01 and 8:29, the display will be reset to 8:00. If depressed while it is between 8:30 and 8:59, the display will be reset to 9:00.

CIGARETTE LIGHTER AND ASH TRAYS



CIGARETTE LIGHTER

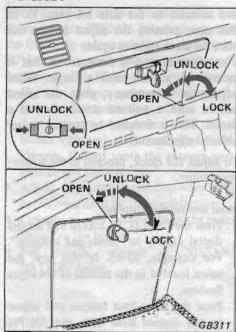
Push the knob in all the way and release it. When the lighter springs back to its original position, it is ready for use.

Replace the lighter in its original position after use.

ASH TRAYS

Do not use the ash tray as a waste receptacle.

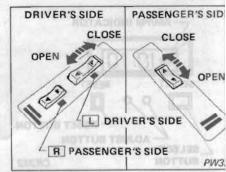
GLOVE BOX AND BODY SIDE POWER WINDOW POCKET



The glove box and body side pocket provide handy storage space.

When locking or unlocking the glove box. use the master key. The security key cannot be used.

Keep glove box lid closed while driving to prevent injury in an accident or a sudden stop.



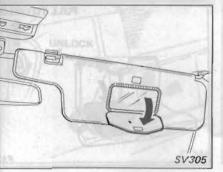
When the ignition switch is in the "Ol position, the door windows can be open ed or closed using the switches set in t door arm restraint.

The driver's switches will open or close the windows. The passenger's switch w open or close only the correspondi window. Releasing the switch when t window reaches the desired position v cause the window to stop.

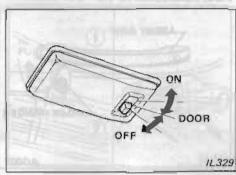
WARNING:

To assure the safety of children and other make sure that all passengers have th hands, etc. inside the vehicle before closi the windows, Also, be sure to remove t ignition key and keep it with you wh you leave the vehicle.

IN VISORS AND VANITY



INTERIOR LIGHT



u can lift the sun visors from their ter mounting and turn them toward the dows to block glare from the sides.

vanity mirror is located behind the senger sun visor.

a Never allow anyone to ride in the

down position, Use of them a proper without proper multi

lings were no on the cost and in the i

INTERIOR LIGHT

To turn on the interior light, flip the switch to the "ON" position.

When the knob is in the "DOOR" position, the interior light will be turned on (off) automatically by opening (closing) the rear hatch (2-seater model), driver's or passenger's door.

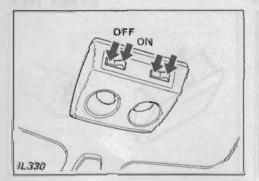
Interior light delay system

On models which are equipped with this system, when doors are closed and the interior light switch is set at "DOOR", the interior light will gradually fade to "OFF".

Illuminated entry system

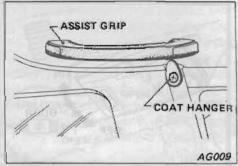
On models which are equipped with this system, the interior light when the interior light switch is set at "DOOR", leg room lights and door key cylinder illumination will come on and gradually go out when the outer handle of the driver's door is pulled and released once. This operation will allow you to check the interior of the vehicle and to aid for inserting the key into the door key hole from the outside before unlatching the door lock when entering the vehicle at night.

SPOT LIGHT



To turn on the spot light, push the switch. To turn off the light, push the switch again. The spot light will be helpful for reading road maps, instructions, etc. in the vehicle at night.

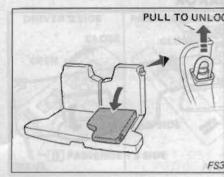
ASSIST GRIPS AND COAT HANGERS



An assist grip is attached to the roof rail above the side window [2+2 model (except T-bar roof model)] and to the passenger side door trim.

Avoid hanging anything on the assist grip that might obstruct the driver's view.

FOLDING REAR SEAT

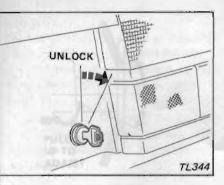


2+2 MODEL

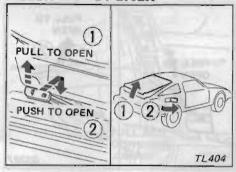
The rear seat may be quickly and east converted into luggage space when need. The right and left rear seat backs can folded down separately. Release the lock the outer side of each seat back, and the pull the seat back forward and down to pand the luggage space.

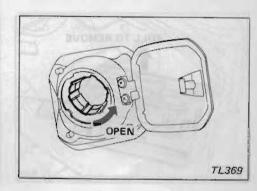
- When the seat back is in its normal right position, make sure it is loc securely.
- Never allow anyone to ride in the language area or on the rear seat in the for down position. Use of these areas passengers without proper restraint to be extremely hazardous in case accidents or during sudden stops.

EAR HATCH LOCK



REAR HATCH AND FUEL FILLER LID OPENER





open the rear hatch, insert the key and it clockwise. To lock the rear hatch, she it down securely. No further key eration is required.

UTION:

not drive with the rear hatch open. This Il prevent dangerous exhaust gases from ing drawn into the vehicle.

the vehicle is driven with an open or secured rear hatch, it could become maged through uncontrolled movement. The rear hatch or fuel filler lid can be opened from the driver's seat without a key. To open the rear hatch, pull up the opener lever located in the left of the driver's seat to release the lock. To open the fuel filler lid, push the opener lever down. To lock, push the rear hatch or fuel filler lid down securely.

Turn off the engine while refueling.

CAUTION:

Do not drive with the rear hatch open. This will prevent dangerous exhaust gases from being drawn into the vehicle.

If the vehicle is driven with an open or unsecured rear hatch, it could become damaged through uncontrolled movement.

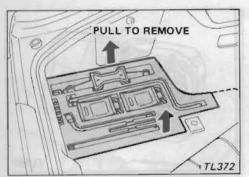
FUEL FILLER CAP

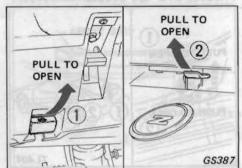
The fuel filler cap is a screw-on ratcheting type.

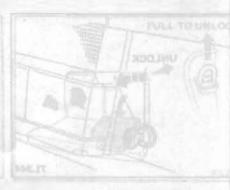
To remove the fuel filler cap, rotate it counterclockwise. To install the fuel filler cap, tighten it clockwise securely until a ratcheting clicking sound is heard indicating the cap is completely on.

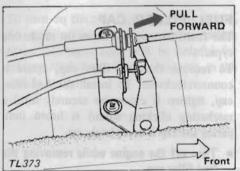
- Turn off the engine while removing the fuel filler cap.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap specified for your model. It has a built-in safety valve to prevent a serious malfunction of the fuel system and emission control system.

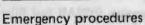
HOOD RELEASE





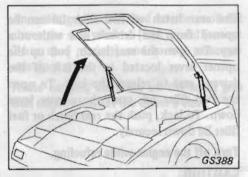






When the fuel filler lid opener is inoperative, proceed as follows:

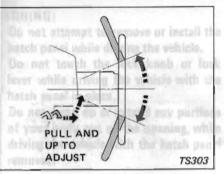
- Remove the rear floor pad where the tool is located.
- Move the lever, which is connected to the cable, forward as shown in the figure.

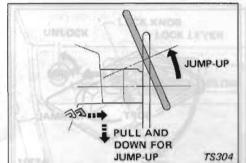


- Pull the hood lock release handle (1) located below the instrument panel; the hood will then spring up slightly.
- Push the lever (2) at the front of the hood with your fingertips and raise the hood.

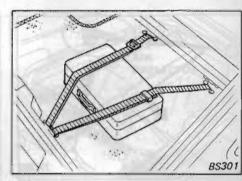
When closing the hood, slowly close the hood and make sure it locks into place.

LTING STEERING WHEEL





BAGGAGE STRAP



LT OPERATION

e steering wheel can be tilted to obtain best driving position.

tilt the wheel, first unlock the steering umn by pulling the lock lever out and

en, while keeping the lever up, move the ering wheel up or down to the desired sition.

lock the wheel, release the lever and the er will return to the original position.

JUMP-UP OPERATION

The steering column can be jumped-up to enable the driver easy entry into the vehicle.

To jump-up the wheel, unlock the steering column by pulling the lever out and down. The steering wheel will then jump-up automatically. After sitting in the seat, bring the wheel down.

The wheel will lock in the original position.

CAUTION:

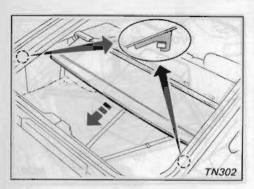
Do not adjust the steering wheel while driving.

There is a strap in the baggage space to secure baggage while traveling. Use of the baggage strap to secure baggage will help keep it from being thrown about and injuring occupants in an accident.

Luggage or other cargo should not be placed in a manner which will obstruct the driver's rear or side vision.

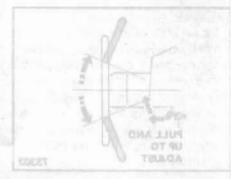
it shows that there is an abnormality

TONNEAU COVER



G. FIRM

ADJUSTABLE SHOCK ABSORBER SWITCH



The tonneau cover keeps the luggage compartment contents hidden from the outside.

Never put anything on the tonneau cover, no matter how small. Any object on it could cause an injury in an accident or when the brakes are applied suddenly.

The damping force of the shock absorbers can be set at the level you desire by the switch on the center console. The indicator light (green) on the selected position will illuminate.

NORMAL

A\$301

Marks "S", "N", and "F" on the switch stand for "Soft", "Normal" and "Firm", respectively.

The switch can be switched over only when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position.

When the system is normal, only the indicator light for the selected position will come on. If any other condition exists, (for example, all the three indicator lights come on or go off, or any of the lights flickers), it shows that there is an abnormality. Should this occur, contact your NISSA DATSUN dealer or other compete service facility and have it checked.

lumn by culting the lock lever out and

ien, while keeping the lever up, move that

5-23

-BAR ROOF

ARNING:

Do not attempt to remove or install the hatch panel while driving the vehicle.

Do not touch the lock knob or lock lever while driving the vehicle with the hatch panel in place.

Do not stand up or extend any portions of your body out of the opening, while driving the vehicle with the hatch panel removed.

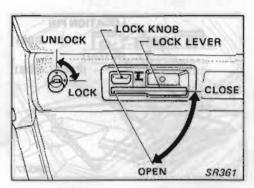
AUTION:

hen leaving the vehicle, be sure to lock e T-bar roof with the key to prevent left.

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middle of the vehicle.

4. Lower the entire barch panel. While dipersing the barch panel finisher, gradially move the lock lever in the direction that tighteen the hotch chief.

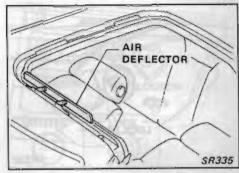


REMOVING THE HATCH PANEL

- Insert the key and turn it counterclockwise to unlock.
- While pushing up the lock knob, pull the lock lever to its fully open position.
- Lift the hatch panel and remove it from the vehicle.

When removing the hatch panel, securely support it using both hands so as not to drop it.

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- Do not pleas any heavy oblital or lives, which have pointed corolle or sharp adjust all title stored penals.



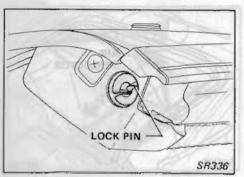
CAUTION:

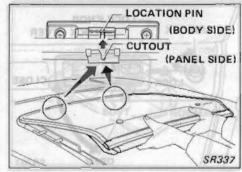
Do not attempt to put hot water on a frozen air deflector in cold weather.

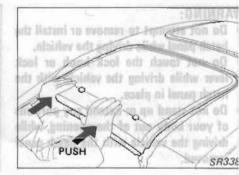
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- 1. Insert the outside edge of sort,
- Align two bolts on inside of nan a plate with lockings and then so lighten the bolts.

CAUTION:

Do not attempt to remove the one







INSTALLING THE HATCH

 Move the lock lever to its fully open position.

Ensure that the end of the lock pin does not protrude from the roof garnish.

Properly align the cutout portion of the sash on the hatch panel with the locating pin of the hook on the vehicle body, and insert the hatch panel into the hook. DEPRESS
TURN TO LOCK

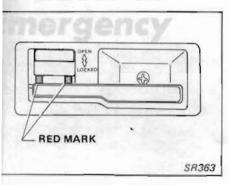
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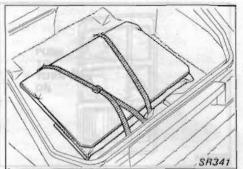
- yimpeta Janes, dated add adversa, and M.
 nt angum, as should standard and price of the andgeneral light for the selected position will come an. If any other condition exists, ffor a comple, all the three indicator lights come
- To firmly place the hatch panel in postion, push the hatch panel towards the middle of the vehicle.
- Lower the entire hatch panel. While de pressing the hatch panel finisher, gradu ally move the lock lever in the direction that tightens the hatch panel.

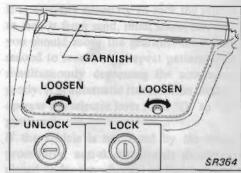
it shows that there is an elementality.

Case Of

HAZARD WARNING







arefully depress the finisher until the sash even with the height of the vehicle, being weful not to scratch the trim with the ock pin.

Gradually move the lock lever towards its lock position until the knob "clicks".

fter the hatch panel has been properly istalled, ensure that the lock knob covers he "RED" marks.

Lock the hatch panel by turning the key clockwise to prevent theft.

STORING OF PANELS

After removing the hatch panel, store it in the luggage compartment according to the following procedures:

- Insert the hatch panel into its protective bag.
- Securely fasten the hatch bag using the baggage straps.
- To correctly store the left and right hatch panels, place one hatch panel over the other with their locks positioned symmetrically to prevent scratching the panels.
- Do not place any heavy objects or items which have pointed corners or sharp edges on the stored panels.

SUN SHADE PLATE

Removal

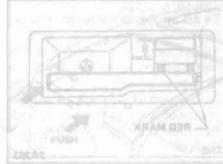
- 1. Loosen the bolts while holding on to the sun shade plate.
- Unfasten the hooks on the sun shade plate from the holders.

Installation

- Insert the outside edge of sun shade plate into the garnish.
- Align two bolts on inside of sun shade plate with locknuts and then securely tighten the bolts.

CAUTION:

Do not attempt to remove the sun shade while the vehicle is in motion.



arefully depress the finisher ontil the such even with the helpht of the vehicle, being

Confinally moves the world level cowards its lock goaltson until the knob "elicke" Plan the batch used his bean properly stelled, ensure that the lock longly covers

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2. Properly Supply 40 POVINOTE

- 1. Insert the lutteh panel into its profestive
- a To correctly store the left and cight hatch panels, place one hatch panel over the other with their locks positioned symmetrically to prevent scratching the
- Do not place any heavy objects or itsms which have pointed commit or sharp edges on the stored panels.

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- I Insert the outside edge of sun dans plate into the garnish.
- 2. Alien two bolts on inside of sunplate with lockguts and then some-

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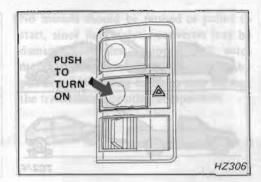
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for advice dands estima penetralia.

If the speed or distance must necessarily greater, remove the propeller shaft being

HAZARD WARNING



Use the hazard warning flasher to warn other drivers that your vehicle is disabled or parked under emergency conditions. Avoid stopping the vehicle on the roadway

if possible. For further instructions, refer to "Hazard Warning Flasher Switch" under the heading "Instruments and Controls".

FREEING IMMOBILIZED VEHICLE

If it becomes necessary to rock the vehicle to free it from sand, mud, snow, ice, etc., you should move the gearshift lever from second to reverse in a repeat pattern while simultaneously depressing the accelerator gently. (On automatic transmission models, operate the selector lever from "D" to "R" position.)

If the vehicle is not freed by the above procedures, anti-skid materials should be placed under the wheel(s) to improve traction or the vehicle should be towed out.

CAUTION:

To get the best possible traction under such circumstances, avoid racing the engine.

Personal injury and vehicle damage, including tire and/or rear axle failure, may result from excessive wheel spinning.

.n

EMERGENCY TOWING

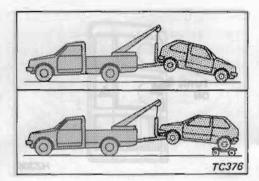
Before towing your vehicle, study all State (Provincial in Canada) and local regulations. Incorrect towing equipment could damage your vehicle. Towing instructions are available from your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer. Local service operators will generally be familiar with the applicable laws and procedures for towing. To assure proper towing and to prevent accidental damage to your vehicle, it is advisable to have the service operator carefully read the following precautions.

Towing precautions

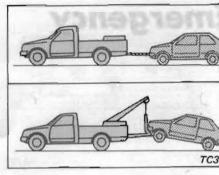
- Always observe posted speed limits when towing your vehicle.
- When towing with the front wheels on the ground:

Turn the ignition key to the "OFF" position and secure the steering wheel in a straight-ahead position with a rope or similar device. Never place the ignition key in the "LOCK" position. This will result in damage to the steering lock mechanism.

 When towing with the rear wheels on the ground, release the parking brake and move the gearshift lever to neutral ("N" position).



We recommend that your vehicle be towed with the driving (rear) wheels off the ground as illustrated.



Towing with four wheels on groun or Towing with front wheels raised (with rear wheels on ground)

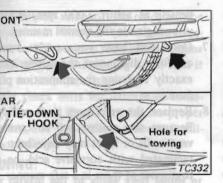
Automatic transmission models

If you have to tow your vehicle as illust ed, observe the following restricted tow speeds and distances.

Speed	MPH (km/h)	Below 30 (5		
Distance	miles (km)	Less than 40 (65)		

If the speed or distance must necessarily greater, remove the propeller shaft bef hand to prevent damage to the transsion.

WING HOOKS



towing hooks should be used only in regency towing. Always pull the cable in raight direction to the hook. Do not y force to the hook in a sidewise ction. To prevent damage, take up e slack slowly.

lse only towing hooks. Otherwise, the ehicle body will be damaged.

f you transport your vehicle by train or railer, see your NISSAN/DATSUN ealer for advice on tie-down points and proper tie-down procedure.

PUSH STARTING

No models should be pushed or pulled to start, since the catalytic converter may be damaged. Vehicles equipped with automatic transmissions cannot be started by pushing. Attempting to do so may damage the transmission or other components.

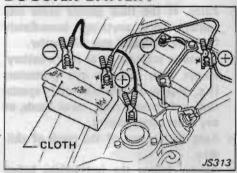
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security turnitual or vice verse, Cotto so

JUMP STARTING WITH BOOSTER BATTERY



- If done incorrectly, jump starting can be hazardous.
- Because explosive hydrogen gas is always present in the vicinity of the battery, keep all sparks and flames away from it. Whenever charging or using a battery in a closed environment always be sure that there is suitable ventilation.
- The final booster cable connection must be to ground on the part shown in the illustration away from the battery to reduce the chance of an explosion set off by sparks.
- Do not, under any circumstances, allow battery fluid to come into contact with eyes, skin, cloth or painted surfaces. Battery fluid is a corrosive sulphuric acid solution which can cause severe

les it run for a few minutes.

burns. If the fluid should come into contact with anything, immediately flush the contacted area with water.

- Whenever working on or near a battery, always wear suitable eye protectors (e.g., goggles or industrial safety spectacles) and remove rings, metal bands, or any other metal jewelry.
- Keep battery out of the reach of children.
- Always follow the instructions below exactly.
- Position the two vehicles to bring their batteries into close proximity to each other. Set parking brakes. Set the shift lever in "Neutral" (On automatic transmission models set the lever in "P" position). Switch off all unnecessary electrical systems (light, heater, fan, etc.).

CAUTION:

- The booster battery voltage must not exceed 12 volts, or electric components and the control unit of the fuel injection system will be damaged.
- If the battery cables have been disconnected they should be tightly clamped to the battery terminals to secure a good contact.
- · Do not allow the two vehicles to touch.

- To reduce the explosion hazard inherent in connecting a live booster battery to a discharged battery, remove the vent caps (if so equipped) from both batteries and place a cloth over their open vent wells or open vent holes.
- Run one jumper cable from the positive terminal (identified by "+" on the battery case, post, or clamp) of the booster battery to the positive terminal of the discharged battery.
- 4. Connect the other cable to the booster battery's negative terminal and to the engine lift bracket of the vehicle with the discharged battery [not to negative (-) terminal of battery].

CAUTION:

- Do not connect the positive lead to the negative terminal or vice versa. Doing so could cause damage to both charging systems or could even result in serious personal injury.
- Make sure cables are clear of moving parts and that neither clamp contacts any other metal.
- Start the engine of the other vehicle and let it run for a few minutes.
- 6. Keep the engine speed of the other

- wehicle at about 2,000 rpm, and stayour engine in the normal manner.
- Once you have your engine running carefully disconnect the jumper cable exactly reversing the connection produce.
- 8. Replace the vent caps if so equipped Because the cloths used to cover to vent wells or holes may have been contaminated with corrosive acid, be sure to dispose of them in a safe manner.

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YOUR VEHICLE OVERHEATS

the vehicle safely off the road, put the smission in "Neutral" (automatic transsion in "P" position) and lift the engine d. If the air conditioning is on, turn it Do not stop the engine.

ally check belts for damage or loose-. Also check the cooling fan for proper ration, and the radiator hoses and radifor leakage.

RNING:

de careful not to allow your hands or lothing to come into contact with, or o get caught in, the running fan or elts.

he turbocharged engine model is quipped with an auxiliary fan in the ngine compartment. The fan may come n as the ignition key is turned off then the coolant temperature is high. The fan may stay on for about 15 ninutes after the ignition key is turned off.

ngine overheating is not caused by a ty cooling system but by something such as climbing a long hill on a hot abrupt reduction of vehicle speed r high-speed driving or repeated stopgo driving in congested areas, the encoolant temperature will start to drop after the engine has run at idle for one or two minutes.

If coolant is leaking or the fan belt damaged or loose, stop the engine and have your vehicle brought to the nearest NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility for repair.

To reduce the coolant temperature, run the engine for several minutes at a speed twice as high as the normal idle speed.

 After the engine cools down to normal operating temperature, again check for leakage and, with the engine running, add coolant as necessary. After starting the vehicle again, drive slowly for the first ten minutes, checking for any sign of abnormality. If no abnormality is noted during that time, resume normal driving.

WARNING:

To avoid the danger of being burned, never remove the radiator cap while the engine is still hot. When the radiator cap of a hot engine is removed, pressurized hot water will spurt out, possibly causing serious personal injury.

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clothing to come into contact with, or to get cought in, the running han or

The narbocherged engine model is equipped with an audiliery fan in the rigine compartment. The fair may come the beauty is turned off when the coolant temperature is high, the feet may stay on, for about 15 nimutes often the ignition key is turned

figure overheating is not caused by a y cooling system but by something sweh as climbing a long hill on a hot tiligh-speed driving or repeated stopa driving in consented away, the en-

trees working but of page a bottery, and the survey rings, metal bands, or

a Alberta famow the Instructions below

would they should be tightly element in the battery terminals to secure a

A trop what happens their new excellences below with a in connecting a live booster halforer our Hammondir Savantinia Sir Charles Sell during 6 of 1000 kg (4000 the engine and there years william stringly and place and place and page 5. Run one nugerrativities habitation a After the sealer code violence and self-a 4 of creats about formal designation when here 'a natural's light fall that we call the following as der starting and Aller starting Distribution on 11 - 12 - 15 a lease of the second second second second and the sale recognition of the land of will sport out, possibly finishing homes flive

5. Start the engine of the otherwise leagues

mission ontrol ystems

For Canada ... Emission Control System Warranty

Details of these warranties may be figure which other vehicle warranties in your ranty booklet which comes with NISSAN, If you did not receive a ranty booklet or it becomes lost, you obtain a replacement by writing.

Nissan Motor Corporation in U.S. A. P.O. Box 191

P.O. Box 191

Wissan Automobile Company

Candena, CA 90247

Nissan Automobile Company

P.O. Box 2600,

Your new NISSAN is equipped with an emission control system which satisfies Federal, California or Canadian emission regulations applicable where your NISSAN was registered.

The emission control system consists of (1) a crankcase emission control system, (2) an exhaust emission control system, and (3) an evaporative emission control system.

Under the laws of some jurisdictions, the owner may be subject to penalties for modification of the emission control system after delivery.

CRANKCASE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

This system serves to prevent the emission of blow-by gases into the atmosphere.

EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

Models not equipped with turbocharger;

Electronic Fuel Injection (E.F.I.)
Exhaust Gas Recirculation (E.G.R.)
Air Injection Valve (A.I.V.)
Three-way Catalyst (T.W.C.)
Closed Loop (C.L.)
Electronic Concentrated

engine Control System (E.C.C.S.)

Models equipped with turbocharger;

Electronic Fuel Injection (E.F.I.)
Exhaust Gas Recirculation (E.G.R.)
Air Injection Valve (A.I.V.)
Three-way Catalyst (T.W.C.)
Closed Loop (C.L.)
Electronic Concentrated
engine Control System (E.C.C.S.)

Turbocharger

ELECTRONIC FUEL INJECTION (E.F.I.) SYSTEM

(T.C.)

The electronic fuel injection system monitors the operating conditions of the engine through various types of sensors.

THREE-WAY CATALYTIC CONVERTER (T.W.C.)

The three-way catalytic converter is located midway along the exhaust tube. This converter oxidizes hydrocarbons (HC) and carbon monoxide (CO) and at the same time reduces nitrogen oxides (NOx), thus minimizing these emissions.

EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (E.G.R.) SYSTEM

This system controls the engine combustion temperature, thus reducing NOx emission.

AIR INJECTION VALVE (A.I.V.) SYSTEM

The A.I.V. system injects air into the exhaust manifold to burn the unburned gas and reduce the content of hydrocarbons (HC) and carbon monoxide (CO).

CLOSED LOOP (C.L.) SYSTEM

The closed-loop system is designed to maintain the air/fuel ratio at a point that allows the three-way catalyst to simultaneously minimize CO, HC, and NOx emissions.

ELECTRONIC CONCENTRATED ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM (E.C.C.S.)

This system monitors the operating conditions of the engine and vehicle through various types of sensors, and controls Fuel Injection, Idle Speed, Ignition Timing, E.G.R. and Fuel Pump operation to obtain better driveability, fuel economy, etc.

TURBOCHARGER (T.C.)

This unit is installed as a part of the Air Flow System and sends the air which is pressurized by the turbine to the engine in order to increase power.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The evaporative emission control system prevents evaporative gases in the fuel tank from entering the atmosphere.

The emission control system consists of (1) a cranicuse emission control system, (2) an extraust emission control system,

Under the laws of some jurisdictions, the owner may be subject to penalties for

modification of the emission control sys-

CRANKCASE EMISSION
CONTROL SYSTEM

This system serves to prevent the emissi of blow-by guess into the atmosphere.

CONTROL SYSTEM

Electronic Fuel Injection (E.F.I.) Exhaust Cas Recursulation (E.G.R.)

Air Injection Valve (A.I.V.)
There way Catalyst (T.W.C.)
Crowd Loom (C.L.)

Electronic Concentrated engine Control System

EMISSION CONTROL SYSTI WARRANTY

Your NISSAN is covered by the follow emission warranties.

For U.S.A.

- 1) Emissions Defects Warranty
- 2) Emissions Performance Warranty

For Canada

Emission Control System Warranty

Details of these warranties may be for with other vehicle warranties in your warranty booklet which comes with y NISSAN. If you did not receive a warranty booklet or it becomes lost, you re obtain a replacement by writing.

- Nissan Motor Corporation in U.S.A. Consumer Relations Department P.O. Box 191 Gardena, CA 90247
- Nissan Automobile Company (Canada) Ltd.,
 P.O. Box 2600,
 Streetsville Postal Station,
 Mississauga, Ontario,
 L5M 2L5

enedule

In order to the good mechanical account of a solution of solution and regime performants. It is essential to have it (checked and) serviced by our NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility in secondarios with the following Maintenance Schedule.

It institutioner service is required, or if your vehicle exhibits malfunctions, have the systems checked and tuned by so authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or any other qualified service outlet.

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BYSTEM

The A.I.V. system injects are into the reduced manifold to have the unburned gas and reduce the content of hydrogarbana [16] and carbon monoxide (CO).

CLOSED LOOP (C.L.) SYSTEM

along deep system is designed to state, the shifted ratio at a point that on the three-way catager to simultaonly minutes CO, HC, and NOX emis-

GINE CONTROL SYSTEM

ayttem mounters the operating condiins of the seques and whicle through our types of senters, and controls to injection life speed spriving Tuning, in obtain

EUREOCHARGER (T.C.)

w System and sends to a rather to be Air with the sends to be requested by the cortains to the regime in my to increase power.

EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM

The weaporative emission control system prevents evaporative passes to the first rafrom entering the atmosphere

EMISSION CONTROL SMI WARRANTY

Your NISSAN is charred by the follow emission warranties:

For U.S.A.

-) Fragatons Defects Warrants
- 2) Emissions Parlamenings Warranty

For Canada,

Louisian Control System Warranty

Details of these warranties may be to with other vehicle warranties in your ranty booklet which course with NISSAN, it you did not recove a winly hooklet or it becomes lost, you obtain a replacement by writing

- Name Motor Corporation in U.S.A., Compour Relations Department P.O. Box 191 Gardens, C.S. 90247
- Nissan Automobile Company (Canada) Ltd.,
 P.O. Box 2600,
 Streetsvally Portal Station,
 Machine Libraria.

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Naintenance chedule

In order to maintain your new NISSAN's good mechanical condition as well as its emission and engine performance, it is essential to have it (checked and) serviced by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility in accordance with the following Maintenance Schedule.

If maintenance service is required, or if your vehicle exhibits malfunctions, have the systems checked and tuned by an authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or any other qualified service outlet.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

The following charts show the normal maintenance schedule. Under severe driving conditions, additional or more frequent maintenance will be required. Refer to "Maintenance under severe driving conditions".

The periodic maintenance schedule is repeated beyond the last mileage and period shown by returning to the first 15,000 miles (24,000 km) or 12 months.

Emission control system maintenance

MAINTENANCE OPERA	MAINTENANCE INTERVAL									
Periodic maintenance s	5	7.5	15	30	45	60				
formed at number of n of months, whichever		(Kilometers x 1,000) Months	(8)	(12) 6	(24)	(48)	(72)	(96)		
					12	24	36	48		
Drive belts	Tabula Tolikush	as la	August .	THE REAL PROPERTY.	- Indian		1000	1		
Air cleaner filter	statem attaches	ner wed	Men.	gran e altiune	Replace every 30,000 miles (48,000 km).					
Vapor lines	at aids honored t	by ith masses	ban	ut bi	tá diá	la:	imal	1.		
Fuel lines (hoses, piping, o	connections, etc.)	number 10 Th	anti-	MARI	ALLIVA	Agel	t his	преп		
Fuel filter	De pour non axt	milie	0.4	othro		See NO	TE (1)	V, oth		
Engine coolant						R	15	R		
Engine oil	Except turbo		R	7,500 miles (12,000 km) or 6 months.						
	Turbocharge	d engine	R			replace les (8,0		STATE OF		
Engine oil filter	Except turbocharged engine Turbocharged engine			R	Then	replace	every	second		
					oil change					
Spark plugs					Replac	(48,00	30,00 0 km).			
Ignition wires					Inst	pect eve	ry 2 ye	ars*		
Idle rpm (Except turboch			1.	1*	1.	1"				
Exhaust gas sensor			Inspect every 30,000 miles (48,000 km).							
Timing belt				II.	Replace every 60,000 miles (96,000 km).					

NOTE:

- (1) If vehicle is operated under extreme adverse weather conditions or in are where ambient temperatures are eith extremely low or extremely high, to filters might become clogged. In suan event, replace them immediately.
- (2) Maintenance items and intervals wi "*" are recommended by NISSA Other maintenance items and interval are required.

Abbreviations:

A = Adjust

R = Replace

| = Inspect. Correct
replace if necessary

assis and body maintenance

UNTENANCE OPERATION	MAINTENANCE INTERVAL					
Periodic maintenance should be performed	Miles x 1,000	15	30	45	60	
at number of miles, kilometers or months,	(Kilometers x 1,000)	(24)	(48)	(72)	(96)	
whichever comes first.	Months	12	24	36	48	
ske lines & hoses	1	1	- 1	1		
ske pads & discs	Inspect every 15,000 miles (24,000 km).					
nual and automatic transmission & differentia	Inspect every 15,000 miles (24,000 km).					
wer steering lines & hoses	1	1	-1	1		
ering gear & linkage, and axle & suspension p	- 1	1	- 1	1		
sering linkage ball joints & front suspension ba	all joints	Art V			1	
cks, hinges & hood latch	L	L	L	L		
ont wheel bearing grease	100	1	ONL	1		
haust system	colde	-11	- 1	1		
at belts, buckles, retractors, anchors & adjuste	r Committee Laboration	Land I	1.1	1	- 1	

Abbreviations: L = Lubricate
I = Inspect. Correct or replace if necessary.

MAINTENANCE UNDER SEVERE DRIVING CONDITIONS

The maintenance intervals shown on the preceding pages are for normal operating conditions. If the vehicle is operated under severe driving conditions as shown below, more frequent maintenance is required to be performed on the following items as shown in the table.

Severe driving conditions

- A Repeated short distance driving
- B Extensive idling
- C Driving in dusty conditions
- D Driving in extremely low or high ambient temperatures
- E Towing a trailer
- F Driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials
- G Driving on rough and/or muddy roads

Driving condition								Maintenance item		Maintenance operation	Maintenance interval		
		С	100	RE			20		Air cleaner filter	R MO	More frequently		
A	В	С		E	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)				Engine oil & oil filter	F	Every 3,000 miles (5,000 km) or 3 months		
A	10.	С		E	F	G	10		Brake pads & discs		Every 7,500 miles (12,000 km)		
-		000	rol.		100				Manual and automatic trans- mission & differential gear oil)	R.	Every 30,000 miles (48,000 km) or 24 month		
			aut L	000	26,	G			Steering gear & linkage, and axl & suspension parts	e I	Every 7,500 miles (12,000 km) or 6 months		
	1	С	D		F	G	1		Steering linkage ball joints & front suspension ball joints		Every 7,500 miles (12,000 km) or 6 months		
		12			F	1	·		Locks, hinges & hood latch	Ŀ	Every 7,500 miles (12,000 km) or 6 months		
A	•		ï	E	F	G	1	>	Exhaust system	a politice a	Every 7,500 miles (12,000 km) or 6 months		

aintenance operations: I = Inspect. Correct or replace if necessary R = Replace L = Lubricate

XPLANATION OF AINTENANCE ITEMS

dditional information on the following ems with "*" is found in the "Do-Itpurself" section.

mission control system aintenance

rive belts* Check drive belts for wear, aying or cracking and also for proper nsion. Replace the drive belts if found maged.

ir cleaner filter Under normal driving contions, the air cleaner filter should be placed in accordance with the mainteince schedule. However, driving the hicle in dusty areas may cause more pid clogging of the element. Consequent-, the element may have to be replaced ore frequently.

apor lines Check vapor lines and connecons for failure or looseness. If leaks are ound, replace them.

uel lines (hoses, piping, connections, etc.) heck the fuel hoses, piping and connecons for leaks, looseness or deterioration. eplace any parts if they are damaged. Fuel filter If the vehicle is operated under extremely adverse weather conditions or in areas where ambient temperatures are either extremely low or extremely high, the filter might become clogged. In such an event, replace the filter immediately.

Engine coolant* Drain and flush the cooling system.

Engine oil & oil filter* Under normal driving conditions, the engine oil and oil filter should be replaced in accordance with the maintenance schedule. However, under severe driving conditions, they may have to be replaced more frequently.

Spark plugs* Replace with new plugs having the correct heat range.

Ignition wires Check the ignition wires for cracking of exterior insulation and for proper fit on the distributor cap and spark plugs.

Idle rpm (Except turbocharged engine)
Inspection and adjustment should be made
with a tachometer to ensure accuracy.

Exhaust gas sensor Check the exhaust gas sensor for proper operation.

Timing belt Replace the timing belt for driving the camshaft.

Chassis and body maintenance

Brake lines & hoses Check the brake lines and hoses (including brake booster vacuum hoses, connections & check valve) for proper attachment, leaks, cracks, chafing, abrasion, deterioration, etc.

Brake pads & discs Check these and the other neighboring brake components for wear, deterioration and leaks. Under severe driving conditions, they may have to be inspected more frequently.

Manual and automatic transmission* & differential gear oil Visually inspect for signs of leakage. Under severe driving conditions, the oil should be replaced at the specified interval.

Power steering lines & hoses Check the lines & hoses for proper attachment, leaks, cracks, chafing, abrasion, deterioration, etc.

Steering gear & linkage, and axle & suspension parts Check for damage, looseness and leakage of oil or grease. Under severe driving conditions, more frequent inspection should be performed.

Steering linkage ball joints & front suspension ball joints Check the ball joints for damage, looseness and grease leakage. Under severe driving conditions, more frequent inspection should be performed.

Locks, hinges & hood latch* Lubricate all locks and hinges on all doors including trunk lid, back hatch and hood latch. When driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials, lubrication should be performed more frequently.

Front wheel bearing grease Check for grease leakage around grease seals, axial end play and smooth turning.

discreptibles, set bibliotate rest

Exhaust system Visually check the exhaust pipes, muffler, and hangers for proper attachment, leaks, cracks, chafing, abrasion, deterioration, etc. Under severe driving conditions, inspection should be performed more frequently.

Seat belts, buckles, retractors, anchors & adjuster Check for damage, deterioration, proper functioning, smooth operation and loose mounting.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

General maintenance includes those iter which should be checked during the no mal day-to-day operation of the vehic They are essential if your vehicle is continue operating properly. It is yo responsibility to perform these procedur regularly as prescribed. As the driver, ve are the only one who can ensure that yo vehicle receives the proper maintenan care. Remember, you are a vital link in t maintenance chain. You can perform t checks and inspections yourself or you c have your NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer them for a nominal charge. If you dete any unusual sounds, vibrations or smell. sure to check for the cause or have vo NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other copetent service facility do it promptly. addition, you should notify yo NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other cor petent service facility if you think th repairs are required,

When performing any checks or main nance work, closely observe the precations in the "Do-It-Yourself" section.

Additional information on the followi items with "*" is found in the "Do-Yourself" section.

Please more Replace the himma best

JTSIDE THE VEHICLE

res* Check the pressure with a gauge riodically when at a service station, and just to the specified pressure if necesy. Check carefully for damage, cuts or cessive wear.

neel nuts* When checking the tires, make be no nuts are missing, and check for any ose nuts. Tighten if necessary.

re rotation* Tires should be rotated by 15,000 miles (24,000 km).

neel alignment and balance If the vehicle build pull to either side while driving on a aight and level road, or if you detect even or abnormal tire wear, there may a need for wheel alignment.

the steering wheel or seat vibrates at rmal highway speeds, wheel balancing y be needed.

ndshield glass Check for abrasions or ratches.

indshield wiper blades* Check for cracks wear if they do not wipe properly.

oors and engine hood* Check that all ors and the engine hood operate smoothas well as the trunk lid and back hatch.

Also ensure that all latches lock securely. Lubricate if necessary. Make sure that the secondary latch keeps the hood from opening when the primary latch is released.

INSIDE THE VEHICLE

The maintenance items listed here should be checked on a regular basis, such as when performing periodic maintenance, cleaning the vehicle, etc.

Lights* Make sure that the headlights, stop lights, tail lights, turn signal lights, and other lights are all operating properly and installed securely. Also check headlight aim.

Warning lights and chimes Make sure that all warning lights and chimes are operating properly.

Horn Make sure it operates properly.

Windshield wiper and washer* Check that the wipers and washer operate properly and that the wipers do not streak.

Windshield defroster Check that the air comes out of the defroster outlets properly and in sufficient quantity when operating the heater or air conditioner. Rear view mirror Make sure that it is secure.

Sun visors Make sure that they can be moved freely and are secure.

Steering wheel* Check that it has the specified freeplay. Be sure to check for changes in the steering condition, such as excessive freeplay, hard steering or strange noises.

Seats Check seat position controls such as seat adjusters, seatback recliner, etc. to ensure they operate smoothly and that all latches lock securely in every position. Check that the head restraints move up and down smoothly and that the locks (if so equipped) hold securely in all latched positions. Check that the latches lock securely for folding-down rear seatbacks.

Seat belts Check that all parts of the seat belt system e.g. buckles, anchors and retractors operate properly and smoothly Check the belt webbing for cuts, fraying, wear or damage.

Accelerator pedal Check the pedal for smooth operation and make sure the pedal does not catch or require uneven effort. Clutch pedal* Make sure the pedal operates smoothly and check that it has the proper free travel.

Brakes Check that the brake does not pull the vehicle to one side when applied.

Brake pedal* Check the pedal for smooth operation and make sure it has the proper distance under it when depressed fully. Check the brake booster function.

Parking brake* Check that the lever has the proper travel and confirm that your vehicle is held securely on a fairly steep hill with only the parking brake applied.

Automatic transmission "Park" mechanism Check that the lock release button on the selector lever operates properly and smoothly. On a fairly steep hill check that your vehicle is held securely with the selector lever in the "P" position without applying any brakes.

UNDER THE HOOD AND VEHICLE

The maintenance items listed here should be checked periodically e.g. each time you check the engine oil or refuel.

Windshield washer fluid* Check that there is adequate fluid in the tank.

Engine coolant level* Check the coolant level when the engine is cold.

Radiator and hoses Check the front of the radiator and clean off any dirt, insects, leaves, etc., that may have accumulated. Make sure the hoses have no cracks, deformation, rot or loose connections.

Brake and clutch fluid levels* Make sure that the brake and clutch fluid levels are between the "MAX" and "MIN" lines on the reservoir.

Engine drive belts* Make sure that no belt is frayed, worn, cracked or oily.

Engine oil level* Check the level on the dipstick after parking the vehicle on a level spot and turning off the engine.

Power steering fluid level* Check the level when the fluid is cold and the engine is turned off.

Automatic transmission fluid level* Check the level on the dipstick after putting the selector lever in "P" with the engine idling.

Exhaust system Make sure there are no loose supports, cracks or holes. If the sound of the exhaust seems unusual or there is a smell of exhaust fumes, imme-

diately locate the trouble and correct (Refer to the carbon monoxide warning the "Starting and Operation" section

Underbody The underbody is frequen exposed to corrosive substances such those used on icy roads or to control du It is very important to remove these st stances, otherwise rust will form on the floor pan, frame, fuel lines and around the exhaust system. At the end of winter, the underbody should be thoroughly flush with plain water, being careful to cle those areas where mud and dirt can eas accumulate. Refer to the "Appearance a Interior Care" section for additional information.

Fluid leaks Check under the vehicle fuel, oil, water or other fluid leaks af the vehicle has been parked for a whi Water dripping from the air condition after use is normal. If you should not any leaks or gasoline fumes are evide check for the cause and correct it imm diately.

o-ltourself

PRECAUTIONS

When performing any inspection or maintenance work on your vehicle, always exercise care to prevent accidental personal injury to yourself or damage to the vehicle. The following are general precautions which should be closely observed in carrying out any servicing operation.

- · Set the parking brake securely.
- Do not work on the engine while it is hot. Always turn it off and allow it to cool down.
- If you must work with the engine running, remove necktie and any jewelry, such as rings, watch, etc. Keep your hand, clothing, hair and tools away from moving fans and fan belts.
- The non-turbocharged engine model is equipped with an auxiliary fan in the engine compartment. The fan may come on as the ignition key is turned off when the coolant temperature is high. The fan may stay on for about 15 minutes after the ignition key is turned off.
- Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by a jack. If it is necessary to work under the vehicle, use safety stands.

- Keep smoking materials, flame or sparks away from gasoline or battery.
- Never connect or disconnect either the battery or any transistorized component while the ignition key is on.
- When connecting the battery cables, pay particular attention to their polarities.
 Never confuse the positive cable with the negative cable.
- When performing any checks with the engine running in an enclosed space such as a garage, be sure there is proper ventilation.
- On models with the electronic fuel injection (E.F.I.) system, the fuel filter or fuel lines should be serviced by a NISSAN/DATSUN dealer because the fuel lines are under high pressure even when the engine is off.

This "Do-It-Yourself" section gives instructions regarding only those items which are relatively easy for an owner to perform.

The "Periodic Maintenance and Lubrication Schedule" is included in this booklet. However, sustained heavy duty or high speed operations or operation under adverse conditions may necessitate more frequent servicing. You should be aware that incomplete or improper servicing may result in operating difficulties or excessive emissions, and could affect your warranty coverage. If in doubt about any servicing, have it done by an authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

Before changing oil, check for a suitable way to dispose of the old oil. Do not pour it down sewage drains, onto garden soil, or into open streams. Your zoning or environmental regulations will give you more detailed instructions on such disposal. We suggest that you have your oil changed at your authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

OIL AND FUEL RECOMMENDATION

FUEL RECOMMENDATION

All models are designed to operate on unleaded gasoline with an octane rating of at least 87 AKI (Anti-Knock Index) number (91 Research octane number).

Using a fuel other than that specified could adversely affect the emission control devices and systems, resulting in loss of coverage under the emission control warranty. It may also affect coverage under other NISSAN warranties.

Under no circumstances should a leaded gasoline be used since this will damage the catalytic converter.

Gasolines containing alcohol

Some fuel suppliers sell gasoline containing alcohol (gasohol) or other additives with or without advertising their presence. Nissan does not recommend the use of fuels where the alcohol content and the fuel compatibility for your Nissan cannot be readily determined. If in doubt, ask your service station manager.

If you use gasohol, please take the following precautions as the usage of such fuels may cause vehicle performance problems and/or fuel system damage:

- The fuel should be unleaded and has an octane rating of at least 87 A (Anti-Knock Index) number (Resear octane number 91).
- If an ethanol blend is used, it show contain no more than 10% ethan (ethyl alcohol, grain alcohol).
- If a methanol blend is used, it should contain no more than 5% methan (methyl alcohol, wood alcohol), should also contain a suitable amount appropriate cosolvents and corresi inhibitors. If not properly formulat with appropriate cosolvents and corrision inhibitors, such methanol blendary cause fuel system damage and vehicle performance problems. At time, sufficient data is not availate ensure that all methanol blends suitable for use in Nissan vehicles.

If any undesirable driveability problet such as engine stalling and hard hot startiare experienced after using alcohol blefuels, immediately change to a non-alcohfuel.

CAUTION:

Take care not to spill gasoline during fueling. Gasolines containing alcohol c cause paint damage. tane rating tips

most parts of North America, you had use unleaded gasoline with an ane rating of at least 87 AKI (Antiock Index) number. However, you may unleaded gasoline with an octane rating low as 85 AKI (Anti-Konck Index) mber in these high altitude areas [over 100 ft (1,219 m)] such as: Colorado, intana, New mexico, Utah, Wyoming, rtheastern Nevada, southern Idaho, stern South Dakota, western Nebraska, d that part of Texas which is directly ith of New Mexico.

ing unleaded gasoline with an octane ing lower than stated above can cause resistent, heavy "spark knock." ("Spark ock" is a metallic rapping noise.) If were, this can lead to engine damage, you detect heavy spark knock even when any gasoline of the stated octane rating, if you hear steady spark knock while lding a steady speed on level roads, we your dealer correct the problem, ilure to take steps to stop such knocking misuse of the car, for which NISSAN is at responsible.

Incorrect ignition timing, or the use of a fuel whose octane rating is too low, will result in knocking, after-run or overheating. This in turn may cause excessive fuel consumption or damage to the engine. If any of the above symptoms are encountered, have your vehicle checked at a NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

However, now and then you may notice light spark knock for a short time while accelerating or driving up hills. This is no cause for concern, because you get the greatest fuel economy benefit from the gasoline's octane rating when there is occasional light spark knock. Using gasoline with a higher octane rating than that which allows occasional spark knock is an unnecessary expense.

ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER RECOMMENDATION

Selecting the correct oil

There are three oil characteristics which must be considered when selecting the correct engine oil. They are quality, viscosity and frictional characteristics. It is essential that the correct quality and viscosity oil is chosen to ensure satisfactory life and performance of the engine. It is further recommended on the non-turbo engine that a low friction oil (energy conserving oil) be selected in order to improve fuel economy and conserve energy. Oil which may contain foreign matter or has been previously used should not be used.

OIL QUALITY

The quality of the engine oil is shown on the container in accordance with API (American Petroleum Institute) designations of quality.

Oils which do not have the specified quality label should not be used as they could cause engine damage.

Non-turbo engine oil: Only energy conserving oils with the designation "SF" should be used. The oil may be labeled with a single designation "SF", or "SF" in combination with other categories, for example, "SF/CC". Turbo engine oil: Use oils with the designation "SF/CC" or "SF/CD".

OIL VISCOSITY

The engine oil viscosity or thickness changes with temperature. Because of this it is important that the engine oil viscosity be selected based on the temperatures at which the vehicle will be operated before the next oil change. The following chart "Recommended SAE viscosity number" shows the recommended oil viscosities for the expected ambient temperatures. Choosing an oil viscosity other than that recommended could cause serious engine damage.

ENERGY CONSERVING OILS

In order to improve fuel economy and conserve energy new, lower friction engine oils have been developed. These oils are readily available and can be identified by such labels as energy conserving, energy saving, improved fuel economy, etc.

OIL IDENTIFICATION

A standard symbol may be used to help you select the correct oil. A typical symbol is shown below, the upper portion designates the quality, the center designates the viscosity and the lower section indicates that the oil has fuel saving capabilities.



Selecting the correct oil filter

Your new vehicle is equipped with a highquality genuine NISSAN oil filter. When replacing, use the genuine oil filter Part No. 15208-H8917 (or 15208-H8903) or its equivalent for the reason described in "change intervals".

Change intervals

The oil and oil filter change intervals f your engine are based on the use of a specified quality oils and filters. Oil are filter other than the specified quality, oil and filter change intervals longer the recommended credit reduce engine lift Damage to engines caused by impropromaintenance or use of incorrect oil are filter quality and/or viscosity is n covered by the new Nissan vehicle with ranties.

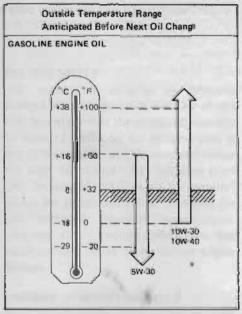
Your engine was filled with a high qualiengine oil when it was built. You do not have to change the oil before the first commended change interval. Oil and fillchange intervals depend upon how you to your vehicle. Operation under the folloing conditions may require more frequeoil and filter changes.

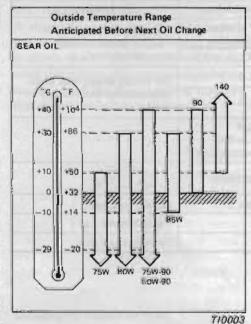
- repeated short distance driving at co outside temperatures,
- driving in dusty conditions,
- extensive idling,
- towing a trailer.

ECOMMENDED LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS

Lubricant		Specifications	Remarks	
gine oil	Non-Turbo engine	API SF (Energy Conserving Oils)	For further details, refer to "Engine oil and oil filter	
	Turbo engine	API SF/CC or SF/CD	recommendation",	
	Differential	API GL-5	For further details, refer to the	
ar oil	Transmission except for Turbo model	API GL-4	recommended SAE viscosity chart.	
	Transmission for Turbo model	API GL-4 (SAE80W-90) or Type DEXRON ®		
tomatic-T/M and power steering		Type DEXRON ®		
Iti-purpose grease		NLGI No. 2	Lithium soap base	
ke and clutch fluid		DOT 3	US FMVSS No. 116	
ti-freeze			Ethylene glycol base	

RECOMMENDED SAE VISCOSITY NUMBER





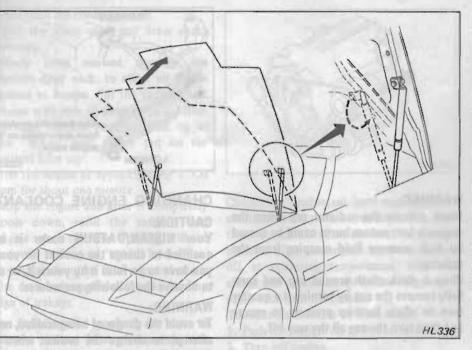
T10002

10W-30 is preferable if the ambient temperature is above 0°F (-18°C). 26W-40 and 20W-50 are usable if the ambient temperature is above 50°F (10°C) for all seasons.

If the ambient temperature is below 104° F $(40^{\circ}$ C), the following is preferable.

75W-90: For transmission except for Turbo model.

80W-90: For transmission for Turbo model and differential gear.



hood can be opened further than mal in order to better facilitate the ntenance of the engine. Open the hood, ove the bolts securing the stay to the d, and install the stay in the lower provided.

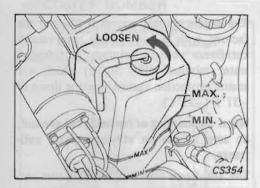
- For safety's sake, it is recommmended that this operation be performed by two persons.
- Before closing the hood, be sure to reinstall the stay in the regular mounting hole. Failure to do so can damage the stay or hood.

ENGINE COOLING SYSTEM

The engine cooling system is filled at the factory with a high-quality, year-round, anti-freeze coolant solution (anti-freeze/water mixture ratio: 50/50) which will ensure protection against freezing down to $-31^{\circ}F(-35^{\circ}C)$.

When replenishing or replacing the coolant, be sure to use an ethylene glycol antifreeze.

The anti-freeze solution contains rust and corrosion inhibitors, therefore additional cooling system additives are not necessary. To ensure the proper anti-freeze/water mixture ratio, carefully read the instructions on the container label. For optimum engine operation, it is advisable to use an anti-freeze/water mixture ratio of 50/50 in your cooling system. The radiator is equipped with a 13 psi (0.9 kg/cm², 88 kPa) pressure cap. If replacement becomes necessary, be sure the new cap meets this specification.



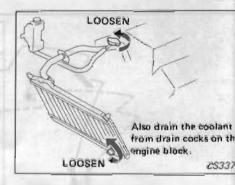
CHECKING COOLANT LEVEL

Visually check the amount of coolant in the reservoir tank when the engine is cold. If the coolant level is below the "MIN" level, remove the reservoir tank filler cap and add coolant until the "MAX" level is reached. If the reservoir tank is empty, check the coolant level in the radiator. If there is insufficient coolant in the radiator, pour coolant into the radiator up to the cap and also pour it into the reservoir tank up to the "MAX" level. If it becomes necessary to repeatedly add coolant, your cooling system should be inspected by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot; serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap and carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape and then turn the cap all the way off.



CHANGING ENGINE COOLANT CAUTION:

Your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer is be qualified to change the coolant for you, you have to perform it by yourself, be su to observe the following procedures:

WARNING:

To avoid the danger of being scalded, new attempt to change the coolant when t engine is hot.

- Move the température control lever the heater or air conditioner centrol the "HOT" position.
- Open the coolant filler cap and dra valve of the radiator to drain t coolant. Open the drain cocks on t left and right sides of the engine bloc

CHECKING ENGINE OIL LEVEL

Then flush the cooling system.

Close the drain valve and drain cocks securely.

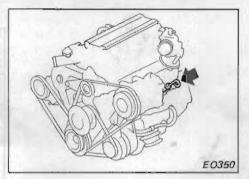
Slowly pour coolant through the coolant filler neck, to allow air in the system to escape. Fill the radiator and engine with new coolant up to the filler opening. Fill the reservoir tank up to the "MAX" level. Then put on the coolant filler cap.

Run the engine at approximately 2,000 rpm for about one minute.

Stop the engine and after it completely cools down, refill the radiator and engine up to the filler opening. Fill the reservoir tank up to "MAX" level.

Put on the coolant filler cap and check the drain valve and drain cocks for any sign of leakage.

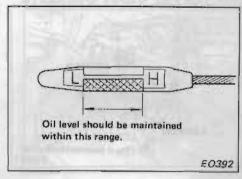
ter replacing the coolant, be sure to eck the coolant level of reservoir tank ne time after the engine has cooled. Add plant if necessary.



Check the engine oil level regularly and maintain it at the correct level. The best time to check the oil level is several minutes after the engine has been turned off at operating temperature. This will allow oil accumulated in the engine to drain back into the oil pan.

To make an accurate oil level check:

- 1. Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- 2. Turn off engine.
- 3. Remove the dipstick and wipe it clean.
- Reinsert it all the way into the tube for an accurate reading.
- Remove the dipstick and check the oil level. It should be between the "H" and "L" marks.
- After taking the reading, reinsert the dipstick securely.

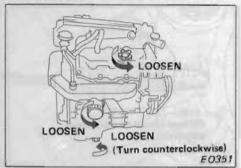


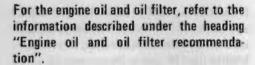
If the oil level is at or below the "L" mark, add sufficient oil into the oil filler, located on the right side rocker cover, to raise the level to the "H" mark. Do not overfill.

It is normal to add some oil between oil changes or during the break-in period, depending on the severity of operating conditions.

Oil level should be checked regularly. Operating with insufficient amount of oil can damage the engine, and such demage is not covered by warranty.

CHANGING ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER



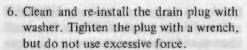


The engine oil and oil filter should be replaced periodically.

- Park the vehicle on a level surface and set the parking brake.
- Warm up the engine until it reaches operating temperature, and then turn it off.
- Place a drain pan under the drain plug of the oil pan.
- 4. Remove the oil filler cap.
- Remove the drain plug with a wrench and completely drain the oil.

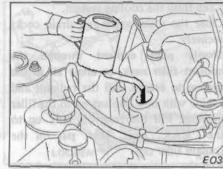
Be careful not to burn yourself, as the engine oil may be hot.





It is recommended that the oil filter be replaced at the same time,

- a. Loosen the oil filter with an oil filter wrench. (A special cap type wrench may be required. See your NISSAN/ DATSUN dealer if in doubt.) Remove the oil filter by marming it by hand.
- b. Wipe the engine oil filter mounting surface with a clean rag.
- e. Smear a little engine oil on the rubber gasket of the new filter.
- d. Screw in the oil filter until a slight pesistance is felt, then tighten an additional 2/3 turn.

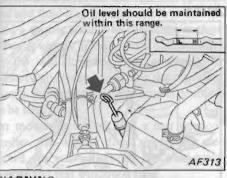


- Refill oil and install the cap securely.
 Refer to "Capacity at oil change" in the "Gas Station Information".
- Start the engine. Check the area arou the drain plug and oil filter for any st of oil leakage.
 If any leakage is evident, these pa

have not been properly installed.

 Run the engine until it reaches op ating temperature. Then turn it off a wait several minutes. Check the oil lev If necessary, add engine oil.

CHECKING AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID LEVEL



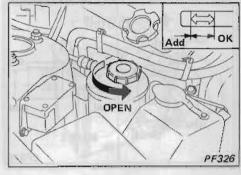
VARNING:

Vhen engine is running, keep hands and clothing away from any moving parts such is fan and drive belt.

- . Drive the vehicle several miles (kilometers) to bring the transmission up to normal operating temperature. [Approximately 158°F (70°C)]
- . Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- . Set the parking brake.
- Place the selector lever in the park "P" position and leave the engine running.
- . Remove the dipstick and wipe it clean.
- Reinsert the dipstick all the way into the dipstick pipe.
- Remove the dipstick and note reading.

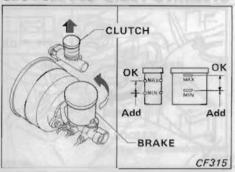
If the fluid level is at or below the "L" mark, add sufficient fluid through the dipstick pipe to raise the level to the "H" mark. Do not overfill above "H" mark. See the "Recommended Lubricants" for fluid.

CHECKING ZF POWER STEERING FLUID LEVEL



With engine off, check the fluid level in reservoir by observing the dipstick when the fluid is cold. Add fluid as necessary to bring the level into proper range on dipstick.

CHECKING BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUID LEVELS



Check the fluid level in each reservoir. It should be between the Max, and Min. lines on the reservoir. If it is below the Min. line or the brake warning light comes on, add brake fluid DOT 3 up to the Max. line.

Use only new brake fluid. Use of an old or inferior brake fluid may endanger the functioning of the brake and clutch systems.

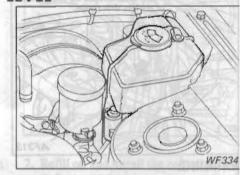
- Do not allow the brake fluid to come into contact with painted surfaces.
 This may damage the paint.
- Before opening the reservoir cap, wipe it clean with a rag.

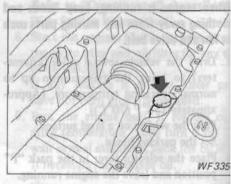
If brake fluid must be added frequently, the system should be thoroughly checked by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

WARNING:

With service stations continuing to convert to self-service operations, many motorists check fluid levels in their vehicles themselves and add fluids when necessary. Adding the wrong type brake fluid or allowing the braking system to become contaminated can damage the system and affect the vehicle's stopping ability.

CHECKING WINDSHIELD/REAL WINDOW/HEADLIGHT CLEANER WASHER FLUID LEVEL





heck fluid level in the washer reservoir nd add fluid if necessary.

add a washer solvent to the water as clear vater is usually not adequate for cleaning. In the winter season, add a windshield vasher anti-freeze and follow the manufacturer's instructions for the correct amount to be used.

On models equipped with a rear window vasher, the washer fluid reservoir is deigned for use with both the windshield vasher and rear window washer.

AUTION:

To not substitute radiator anti-freeze for windshield washer solution. This may reult in damage to the paint.

CHECKING BATTERY FLUID LEVEL AND CONDITION

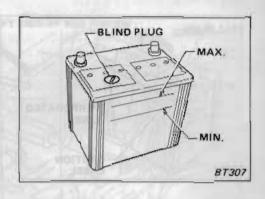
- · Keep the battery surface clean and dry.
- Make certain the terminal connections are clean and securely tightened. Any corrosion should be washed off with a solution of baking soda and water.
- If the vehicle is not going to be used for 30 days or longer, disconnect the cable from the "-" negative terminal of the battery to prevent discharge.

WARNING:

Do not expose the battery to flames or electrical sparks. Hydrogen gas generated by battery action is explosive. Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery or battery cap, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

JUMP STARTING

If jump starting is necessary, follow the procedure and precautions under the heading "Jump Starting with Booster Battery". If the engine still does not start, the battery may have reached the end of its useful life. Contact an authorized

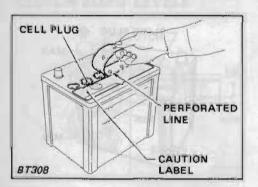


NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

MAINTENANCE-FREE BATTERY

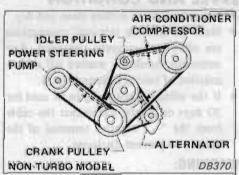
Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life. Check the fluid level in each cell. It should be between the MAX, and MIN. lines. The specific gravity of the electrolyte can be checked by removing the blind plug located on the upper surface of the battery.

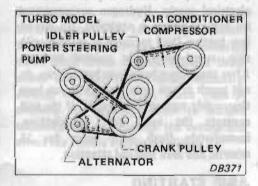
CHECKING DRIVE BELTS



If it is necessary to add fluid, add only distilled water to bring the level to the indicator in each filler opening. Do not overfill.

- 1. Peel off the label at the perforated line.
- Remove the cell plugs using a suitable tool.
- 3. Add distilled water up to the MAX.
- 4. Tighten cell plugs and reaffix the label to its original position.

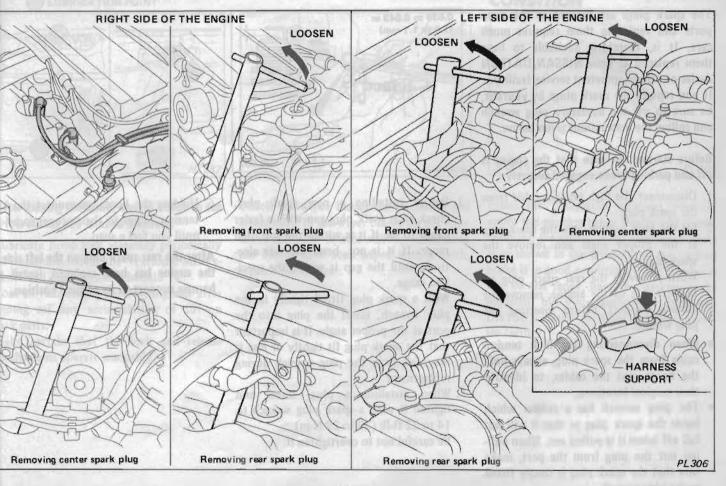




Be sure the engine is off and the transmis sion is in "Neutral". Engage the parking brake securely.

- Visually inspect each belt for signs of unusual wear, cuts or fraying. If a belt is in poor condition, have it replaced by your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.
- 2. Check the belt tension by applying moderate thumb pressure midway between the pulleys. The best should deflect within the specified amount as shown in the "SPECIFICATIONS" section. If the belt tension is not proper have it adjusted at your NISSAN DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

EPLACING SPARK PLUG



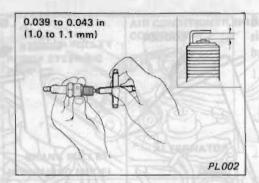
The spark plugs are located in the deep ports and replacing them requires much care. It is, therefore, advisable to have them replaced at your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility. If you replace the spark plugs by yourself, be sure to use the accessory plug wrench and follow the instructions given below.

Before starting, be sure that the engine is off and parking brake engaged securely.

- Disconnect the high tension cable from the spark plug.
- Fit the plug wrench onto the spark plug at the proper angle and remove the spark plug.

When removing the rear spark plug on the left side of the engine, remove the harness support before inserting the plug wrench.

- When disconnecting the high tension cable from the spark plug, always hold the boots, not the cables, to identify their original locations.
- The plug wrench has a rubber which holds the spark plug so that it will not fall off when it is pulled out. When pulling out the plug from the port, make sure that the spark plug is snugly fitted in the plug wrench.



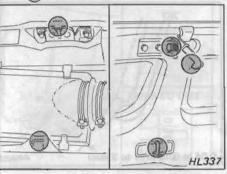
- Before installing a new spark plug, check each spark plug gap with a feeler gauge to see if it is within the specified range. If it is not, bend the side electrode until the gap is within the specified range.
- 4. With a spark plug fitted tightly in the plug wrench, insert the plug into the port at the proper angle. It is important that the spark plug fit tightly or else it may fall from the plug wrench during replacement.
- When installing a plug, screw and tighten it with a spark plug wrench to 14 to 22 ft-lb (20 to 29 N·m).
 Be careful not to overtighten it.

 Holding the boots, re-connect the h tension cables to their proper locati until you feel a snap.

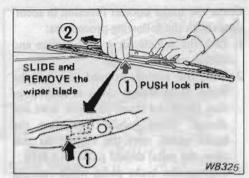
After the rear spark plug on the left side the engine has been replaced, install harness support to its original position.

HECKING HOOD LOCK

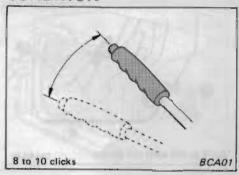
LUBRICATION POINT



CHECKING WIPER BLADES



CHECKING PARKING BRAKE CONDITION



fter closing the hood, always check to see it is closed and latched securely.

subricate hood lock assembly periodically recommended in the "Periodic Mainteance and Lubrication Schedule".

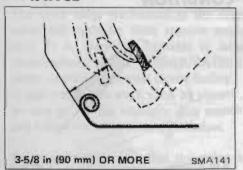
oat all functioning parts with grease after riping off any accumulation of dirt on ock parts,

Take certain that the lock and release nechanisms operate smoothly.

Check the wiper blades for operation and cleanliness. If the wiper blades do not wipe the windshield or rear window clean after the blades have been wiped with a cloth, replace the blades.

From the completely released position, apply the parking brake slowly and firmly, counting the clicks. If the number of clicks is as shown in the illustration, the parking brake is in good condition. If the number is out of the range, have the parking brake adjusted by your authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

CHECKING BRAKE PEDAL DISTANCE



When the brake pedal is fully depressed [depressing force of 110 lb (490 N)] with the engine running, the distance between the upper surface of the pedal and the melt sheet should be as shown in the illustration.

When this distance approaches the prescribed limit value, have the brake checked by your authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility. If the distance should abruptly be shortened, there is something wrong with the brake system. Stop driving your vehicle immediately.

Your vehicle is equipped with power assisted brakes. Braking effort with engine off will require greater pedal force.

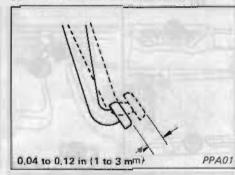
CHECKING BRAKE BOOSTER FUNCTION

Check the brake booster function in accordance with the following procedures:

- Park the vehicle on a level surface and set the parking brake.
- 2. With the engine stopped, depress the brake pedal several times to make sure that the pedal travel distance does not change. Then, while depressing the brake pedal, start the engine. At this time, the pedal should go down a little.
- Depress the brake pedal while running the engine. With the brake pedal depressed, stop the engine. Keeping the pedal depressed for about 30 seconds, make sure that the depressed pedal height does not change.
- Run the engine for a minute and then stop it. Depress the brake pedal several times and make sure that the pedal travel distance decreases gradually with each depression.

If the brake does not operate properly, have the brake system checked by your authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

CHECKING CLUTCH PEDAL FREE TRAVEL

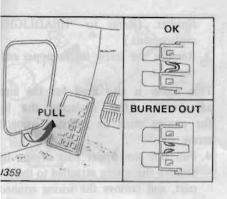


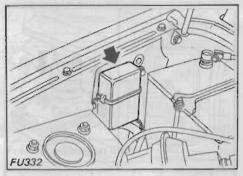
The chitch pedal should have the amount of free travel shown in the illustration. Check it by depressing the pedal by hand if free travel is too little or too much, have the clutch checked by your NISSAN DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

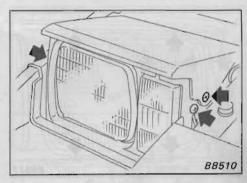
IECKING FUSES

CHECKING FUSIBLE LINKS

BULB REPLACEMENT







ould an electrical failure occur, check a burned-out fuse. Fuses are located shown in the illustration.

Remove the fuse and check. If it is burned out, replace it.

ore replacing any fuse, be sure to check fuse specifications listed on the fuse c cover. Never use a fuse of higher amage rating than that specified.

ip fuses into their fuse holders securely.

Should a replacement fuse burn out again, have the electrical system checked and repaired by your authorized NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.

When electrical failure has occurred and fuses are in good order, check the condition of the fusible links. Fusible links are located as shown in the illustration. Should an overload occur, these fusible links melt, preventing damage to the wiring harness, electronic fuel injection system and electrical equipment. Replace a fusible link only with a genuine NISSAN part or one of an equal rating.

HEADLIGHTS

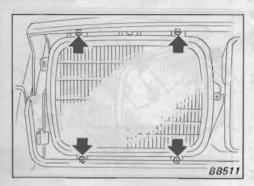
The headlight is a sealed beam type in which the lens, reflector and filament are of a unitized construction.

 Turn on the retractable headlight switch.

After the headlights are open, disconnect the battery ground cable.

As shown in the illustration, remove the screws attaching the headlight finisher, and remove the headlight finisher.

When removing the headlight finisher, push down on the finisher and pull out on the upper part of the finisher while pulling up the headlight cover, then remove it.



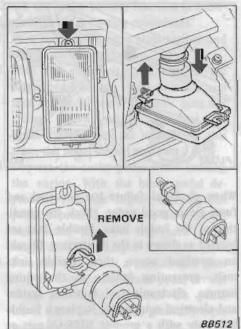
Be careful not to break the finisher when removing it.

- Loosen the screws which hold the headlight retaining ring and take off the headlight.
- After removing the headlight from the mounting ring, remove the wiring connector from the rear end of the bulb.

Be careful not to disturb the aiming adjusting screws.

When installing the new unit, be sure that the raised letters on the lens can be read normally.

When aiming adjustment is necessary, see your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other competent service facility.



AUXILIARY DRIVING LIGHT

1. Turn on the retractable headlight switch.

After the headlights are open, disconnect the battery ground cable.

Remove the screws holding the headlight finisher, and remove the headlight

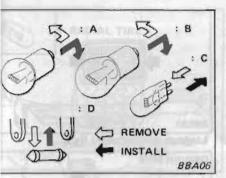
- finisher. (Refer to "HEADLIGH" replacement.)
- Remove the screw in the upper end the light.

This screw is also used for the ain adjustment. After replacing the lithe aiming must be adjusted using screw.

- Pull out the upper part of the liremove the spring attached to the lo part, and remove the wiring connecfrom the rear end of the light.
- After removing the light, remove spring pin supporting the bulb remove the bulb with the connector.
- After seplacing the bulb, adjust aiming properly by surning the sc in the apper and of the light.

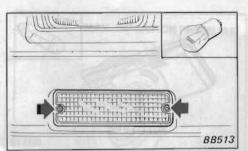
When the aiming angle is specified state and local regulations, you must m these adjustments according to the reg tions.

If you cannot adjust the headlights to proper aiming angle by yourself, see a NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or other to petent service facility.

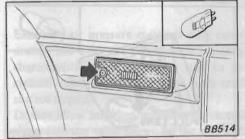


THER LIGHTS

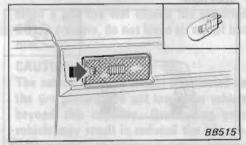
other lights are either type A. B. C. D. When replacing a bulb, first remove lens and/or cover.



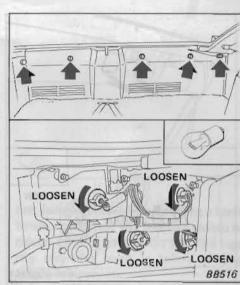
Front combination light



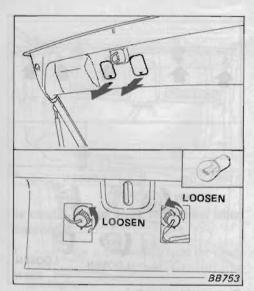
Front side marker light



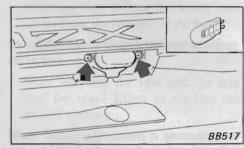
Rear side marker light



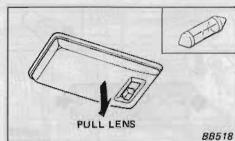
Rear combination light



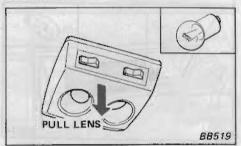
High-mounted stop light



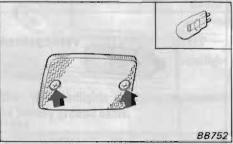
License plate light



Interior light

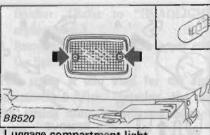


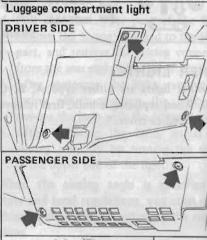
Spot light

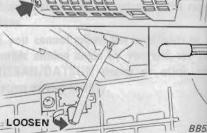


Door step light

9-22

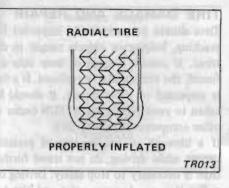


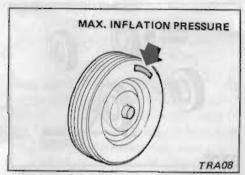




Leg room light

VHEELS AND TIRES





IRE INFLATION PRESSURES

re pressure should be checked when tires e COLD.

OLD pressure: After vehicle has been parked for three hours or more or driven less than 1 mile (1.6 km).

oper tire pressures are shown on the tire acard affixed to the center console box l.

tires are not properly inflated, tire life and vehicle performance may be adversely fected. Insufficient air pressure may use tires to become overheated, and may sult in uneven wear, poor vehicle handling characteristics and excessive fuel ensumption. Excessive air pressure may not only cause uneven tire wear and poor vehicle handling characteristics, but may also lead to increased vulnerability to damage from road surface impact.

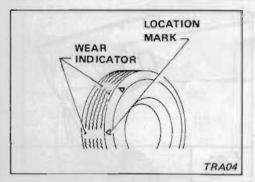
Do not allow inflation pressures to exceed the maximum value shown on the side wall of the tire.

Since a hot tire will exceed the specified COLD pressure, do not bleed air out of hot tires.

CAUTION:

The vehicle capacity weight is indicated on the tire placard. Do not load your vehicle beyond this capacity. Overloading your vehicle may result in reduced tire life, unsafe operating conditions due to premature tire failure, unfavorable handling characteristics and could also lead to a serious accident. Loading beyond the specified capacity may also result in failure of other vehicle components.

Before taking a long trip, or whenever you have loaded your vehicle heavily, use a tire pressure gauge to ensure that the tire pressure is at the specified level.



TIRE CARE

Tire should be replaced when the tread wear indicators are visible and/or if the tire is damaged.

When replacing a worn or damaged tire, use a replacement tire of the same size and load carrying capacity as that with which the vehicle was equipped when manufactured. The use of different size and/or load capacity tires will not only shorten tire service life but may also result in a serious accident.

CAUTION:

The use of tires and wheels other than those recommended or the mixed use of tires of different brands, construction (bias-ply or radial-ply), or tread patterns can adversely affect the ride, braking, handling, ground clearance, body-to-tire clearance, and speedometer calibration.

Some of these effects may lead to acci-

dents and result in serious personal injury.

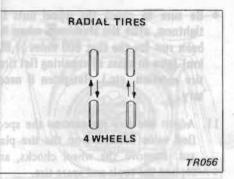
TIRE DAMAGE AND REPAIR

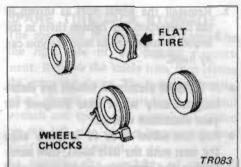
Tires should be periodically inspected for cracking, bulging or objects caught in the tread. If cracks, bulging or deep cuts are found, the tire should be replaced. If a tire is suspected of being unsafe, it should be taken to your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer of other competent service facility.

If a blowout or sudden loss of pressur occurs while driving, do not travel further than is necessary to stop safely. Driving of a flat tire can damage a tire and rim be yould repair.

CAUTION:

Do not, under any circumstances, attempto repair a Space Saver or Foldable Spar Tire. Improper service can result in seriou personal injury. Contact authorized Bridge stone, authorized Yokohama or NISSAN DATSUN dealers if service is required.





TIRE ROTATION

Periodic rotation of tires will result in longer tire life. Tires should be rotated as ecommended in the illustrated rotation system.

As to the tire rotation interval, refer to Maintenance Schedule" section.

AUTION:

- All the tires should be of the same type.
- Bias, bias belted and radial-ply tires must not be mixed under any circumstances.
- Do not include the Sapce Saver Spare tire when rotating tires.

CHANGING TIRES

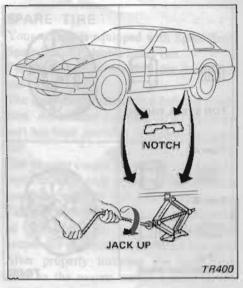
When changing tires, carefully take the following steps.

 Park on a level surface, set parking brake firmly and turn off engine. Set manual transmission in reverse (automatic transmission in "P").

Never change tires when the vehicle is on a slope as this is dangerous.

- If parked on or near road, activate hazard warning flasher.
- Remove the spare tire and jacking equipment from the stowage compartment.

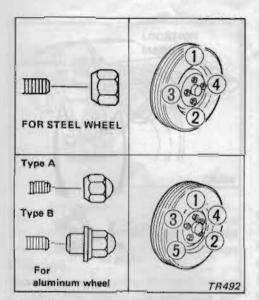
The spare tire is designed for emergency use. Refer to specific instructions under the heading "TIRE DAMAGE AND REPAIR". 9-25



- Place wheel chocks at both the front and back of the wheel diagonally opposite the jack position.
- Place the jack under the jack-up point indicated.

Carefully read the caution label attached to the jack body.

 Using the flat end of the wheel nut wrench, remove the wheel cover and loosen the wheel nuts one or two turns each by turning them counterclockwise.



- Do not remove wheel cover with bare hands
- Do not remove the wheel nut until the wheel is raised off the ground.
- Raise the vehicle slowly until the wheel clears the ground. Remove the wheel nuts and replace the wheel.

WARNING:

Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack.

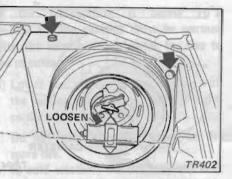
Do not start or run engine while vehicle is on the jack.

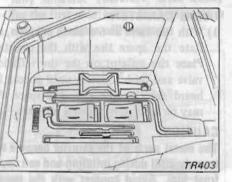
- Reinstall the wheel nuts as shown in the illustration and tighten them in the sequence indicated as much as you can by hand.
- If NISSAN aluminum wheels are installed, use only wheel nuts designed for your aluminum wheels.
- Pull the wheel back to properly align the nuts with the bolt holes, then handtighten the aluminum wheel nuts until they fit securely into holes on the aluminum wheel.
- Then slightly tighten the wheel nuts alternately and evenly until there is no wheel play.
- Lower the vehicle slowly until the wheel touches the ground, and then tighten the wheel nuts to the specified torque in a criss-cross fashion.
- Use the NISSAN wheel nut wrench to tighten the nuts.
- As soon as possible after changing wheels, have a technician tighten the wheel nuts to the specified torque shown in the Service Data with a torque wrench.

- Be sure to check the wheel nuts for tightness, after the aluminum wheel he been run for the first 600 miles (1,00 km) (also in cases of repairing flat tire tire rotation, etc.). Retighten if necessary.
- Adjust the tire pressure to the specified value indicated on the tire pla ard. Remove the wheel chocks, ar replace the tools and spare tire.

CAUTION:

Always make sure that the spare tire ar jacking equipment are properly secure after use. Such items can become dange ous projectiles in a serious accident.





SPARE TIRE/JACK STOWAGE

The spare tire and inflator are located on the right side of the luggage compartment. Remove the inside trim, then release the spare tire clamp. The jack, jack handle, wheel chocks, wheel nuts, road wheel nut wrench and spark plug wrench are placed on the left side of the luggage compartment under the carpet.

To eliminate the possibility of the jack, inflator, wheel chocks etc., rattling while the vehicle is moving, stow them securely.

SPARE TIRE

Your vehicle is equipped with Space Saver Spare tire or Foldable Spare tire.

The spare tire is designed for emergency use only.

The spare tire is stored in a deflated condition. An inflator (canister or air compressor) has been provided to inflate the spare tire.

The canister cannot be refilled and must be replaced after each inflation. Replacement canisters may be purchased from your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or any authorized tire dealer. Be sure you obtain the proper size canister for your spare tire size. After properly installing the spare tire, drive to the nearest service station for repair or replacement of the conventional tire. When the conventional tire has been reinstalled, the spare tire should be deflated and stowed for future use.

CAUTION:

The spare tire is designed for emergency use and short distance driving only. Do not exceed 50 MPH (80 km/h) with the spare tire installed.

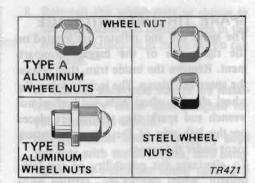
Inflation with approved inflator

- Before changing tires, carefully read the caution and directions affixed on both the inflator and the spare tire.
- Remove the uninflated spare tire and the inflator from rear compartment.

CAUTION:

Do not inflate the spare tire at this point.

 Jack up your vehicle (follow the instructions under the heading "Changing Tires") and remove the damaged tire.
 Then mount the uninflated spare tire to the axle. (Tighten wheel nuts slightly.)

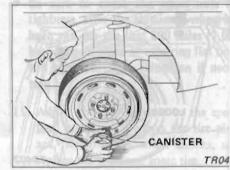


CAUTION:

If your vehicle is equipped with aluminum wheels, he sure to use the proper wheel nuts for the spare tire wheel.

Type A aluminum wheel nuts can be used with the spare tire wheel.

If your vehicle is equipped with type B aluminum wheel nuts, use wheel nuts stored in the tool kit for spare tire wheels. Type B aluminum wheel nuts should NEVER be used with the spare tire wheel. The spare tire wheel may come off the axle and cause personal injury if the Type B aluminum wheel nuts are used on the spare tire wheel.



LISING CANISTER

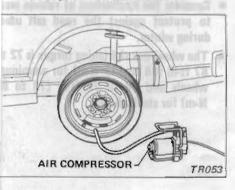
 With tire valve at 6 o'clock position, flate the spare tire with the caniste Place tire inflator on the tire inflationally valve and push squarely until gas can heard entering the tire. The spare to may be inflated in about 3 minutes.

CAUTION:

The metal parts of the canister become e tremely cold during inflation and can cau frost bite. Avoid contact with the meta and use a glove or other means of protetion.

 To ensure complete emptying of t canister, hold the canister on tire val for one minute after sound of gas stop

- f the temperature is below 10°F –12.2°C), the canister must be warmed with the windshield defroster for five to en minutes.
- Lower the vehicle in accordance with the jacking instructions and fully tighten the wheel nuts.
- Do not install the wheel cover on the spare tire.
- In cold weather, the tire may not look fully inflated. Therefore, drive slowly for the first mile; as the tire temperature rises the pressure will increase.



USING AIR COMPRESSOR

) Remove the valve cap from the spare tire and securely connect the air compressor hose in its place. 2) Connect the power cord plug of the air compressor to the cigarette lighter socket. The spare tire may be inflated to the recommended pressure 28 psi (200 kPa) in about 5 minutes. Adjust the tire pressure per the tire placard with tire pressure gauge.

If the air compressor operation is slow, run the engine while the air compressor is operating.

In this case, lower the vehicle and fully tighten the wheel nuts. Then remove the jack before starting the engine.

CAUTION:

- a) Do not run the engine in closed space or if the vehicle is supported by the jack.
- b) Do not touch the air compressor with the bare hands while it is operating for it may become quite hot.
- Disconnect the power cord plug from socket.
 Check the tire for air leakage, and then securely install and tighten the valve cap.
- Lower the vehicle in accordance with the jacking instructions and fully tighten the wheel nuts.

Do not install the wheel cover on the spare tire.

Deflation

 Deflate the tire by depressing the button on the tire inflation valve or by removing the valve core.

CAUTION:

To avoid personal injury, do not inhale the gas which is vented while the tire is deflating.

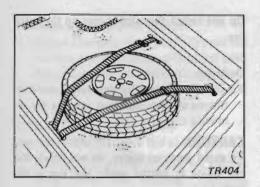
- 2. Flatten tire. The spare tire folds gradually while deflating.
- 3. Store tire in rear compartment.

Repair

Repairing, mounting, or dismounting of the spare tire on the wheel is not recommended under any circumstance.

Improper service can result in serious personal injury.

Contact agents of tire manufacturer, their dealers or NISSAN/DATSUN dealers if service is required.



CAUTION:

When stowing a tire replaced by a spare, the tire should be placed in the baggage area and secured with baggage straps, as illustrated. This will reduce the likelihood of the tire being thrown about and injuring occupants in an accident.

CHANGING WHEELS

When selecting new tires or wheels, pick only those types and sizes recommended in "Wheels and Tires" under the heading "Specifications". The wheels should be equal in load limit, diameter, width, offset, and mounting configuration to those recommended. A wheel of the wrong size may adversely affect wheel and bearing life, braking and stopping ability, handling characteristics, ground clearance, body-to-tire clearance, snow chain clearance, speed-ometer calibration, headlight aim and bumper height.

- Do not install a deformed wheel even if it has been repaired. Such wheels could have structural damage and could fail without warning.
- Do not use an inner tube on a tubeless tire wheel.
- Avoid installing a used wheel. If the wheel has been used under severe operating conditions, its life may have been significantly shortened and could fail without warning.

CARE OF ALUMINUM WHEELS

Wash the wheels while washing the rest of the vehicle to maintain their appearance. Clean the inner side of the wheels each time one is changed or the underside of the vehicle is washed.

CAUTION:

- Do not use abrasive cleaners when washing the wheels.
- Inspect wheel rims regularly for dents of corrosion, which may cause loss of pres sure, damage the tire bead, or sudder wheel failure.
- Consider the application of vehicle was to protect against the road salt use during winter.
- The wheel nut tightening torque is 72 t
 87 ft-lb (98 to 118 N·m) for aluminum
 wheels and 58 to 72 ft-lb (78 to 9 N·m) for steel wheels.

a limit and you you

Cours sensity birth, wax or bear smooth

deli linibero essergi (60) litter day, venerali A.M., possess and tree sain at quility as

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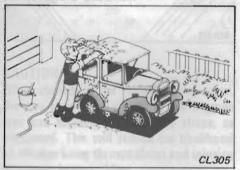
window, do not use any matricella-

Wash regularity curve land

ning the street of the state of the state of

Appearance And Interior Care

CLEANING EXTERIOR AND INTERIOR



Washing

Wash dirt off with a wet sponge and plenty of water. Clean the vehicle thoroughly using a mild soap or detergent (a special vehicle soap or general purpose dish-washing liquid) mixed with clean, lukewarm (never hot) water. Rinse the vehicle thoroughly with plenty of clean water.

Inside flanges, seams and folds on the doors, hatches and hood are particularly endangered by the effects of road salt. Therefore, these areas must be regularly cleaned. Take care that the drain holes in the lower edge of the door are open. Spray water under the body and in the wheel wells to loosen the dirt and wash away road salt.

A damp chamois can be used to dry the vehicle to avoid water spots.

Waxing

Regular waxing protects the paintwork and keeps the finish. After waxing, polishing is recommended to remove built-up residual and avoid a "Weathered" appearance.

Only apply black wax or black shoe polish to the black urethane or polypropylene bumper.

Removing spots

Remove tar and oil spots, industrial dust, insects and tree sap as quickly as possible from the surface of the paint to avoid lasting damage or staining. Special cleaning products are available at your NISSAN/DATSUN dealer or any automotive accessories store.

Underbody

In areas where road salt is used in winter, it is necessary to clean the underbody regularly in order to prevent dirt and salt from building up and causing corrosion on the underbod and suspension. Before the winter period and again in the spring, the underseal must be checked and, if necessary, re-treated.

Cleaning glass

Use glass cleaner to remove smoke and dust film from the glass surfaces. It is normal for glass to be coated with a film after the vehicle is parked in the hot sun. Glass cleaner and soft clother easily remove this film.

When cleaning the inside of the real window, do not use any sharp-edged tools or abrasive cleaners. These may damage the electrical conductors of rear window defogger elements.

Cleaning alloy wheels

Wash regularly, especially during winter months in areas where road salt is used. Salt could discolor the wheel if not removed.

Chrome parts

Clean all chrome parts regularly with a non-abrasive chrome polish to maintain the finish.

Plastic parts

Plastic parts can be cleaned with a mile soap solution. If the dirt cannot be asily removed, use a plastic cleaner. Do not use any solvents.

leaning interior

decasionally remove loose dust from the interior trim and seats using a accuum cleaner or soft brush. Wipe the inyl and leather surfaces with a clean, oft cloth dampened in mild soap solution, then wipe clean with a dry soft loth. Before using any fabric protector, ead the manufacturer's recommendations. Some fabric protectors contains the hemicals that stain or bleach the seat material.

- Never use benzine, thinner or any similar material.
- The leather scats should be regularly coated with a leather wax like saddle soap. Never use car wax.
- Never use fabric protectors unless recommended by the manufacturer.

eat belts

the seat belts can be cleaned by wiping them with a sponge dampened in a mild oap solution. Allow the belts to dry ompletely before using them. Do not llow wet belts to roll up in the re-ractor. NEVER use bleach, dye or themical solvents since these may severely weaken the seat belt webbing.

PROTECTING AGAINST CORROSION

Most common factors contributing to vehicle corrosion:

- The accumulation of moistureretaining dirt and debris in body panel sections, cavities, and other areas.
- Damage to paint and other protective coatings caused by gravel and stone chips or minor traffic accidents.

Environmental factors influence the rate of corrosion:

Moisture

The accumulation of sand, dirt and water on the underside of the body will accelerate corrosion. Floor sections which have snow and ice trapped under the floor matting will not dry.

Relative humidity

Corrosion will be accelerated in areas of high relative humidity, especially those areas where the temperatures stay above freezing and where atmospheric pollution exists and road salt is used.

Temperature

A temperature increase will accelerate the rate of corrosion to those parts which are not well ventilated.

Air pollution

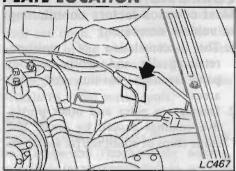
Industrial pollution, the presence of salt in the air in coastal areas, or heavy road salt use will accelerate the corrosion process. Road salt will also accelerate the disintegration of paint surfaces.

To protect your vehicle from corrosion:

- Wash and wax your vehicle often to keep the vehicle clean.
- Always check for minor damage to the paint and repair it as soon as possible.
- Keep drain holes at the bottom of the doors and tailgate open to avoid water accumulation.
- Check the underbody and floor. If any sand, dirt or salt is accumulated, wash it off with water as soon as possible.

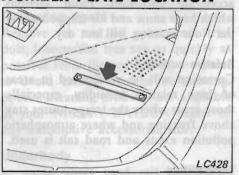
Specifications

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION PLATE LOCATION



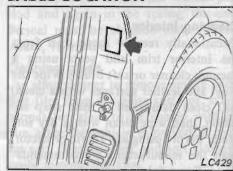
The vehicle identification plate is located as shown in the illustration.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER PLATE LOCATION



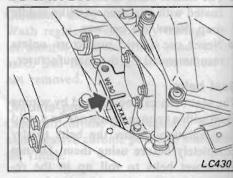
The vehicle identification number plate is attached as shown in the illustration.

F.M. V.S.S. CERTIFICATION LABEL LOCATION



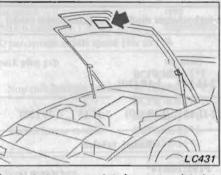
The F.M.V.S.S. certification label is affixed as shown in the illustration.

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION



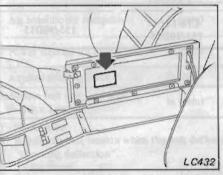
The engine number is stamped as shown in the illustration.

MISSION CONTROL NFORMATION LABEL OCATION



he emission control information label is tached as shown in the illustration.

IRE PLACARD LOCATION



ne tire placard label is attached to the side of the center console box lid.

SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS

102		2 seater	2+2 scater
Overall length	in (mm)	170.7 (4,335)	178.5 (4,535)
Overall width	in (mm)	66.5 (1,690), 67.9 (1,725)*1	66.5 (1,690), 67.9 (1,725)*1
Overall height	in (mm)	51.0 (1,295)	51.6 (1,310)
Ground clearance	in (mm)	5.9 (150)	5.9 (150)
Front tread	in (mm)	55.7 (1,415)*2 57.3 (1,455)*3 56.5 (1,435)*4	57.3 (1,455)*3 56.5 (1,435)*4
Rear tread	in (mm)	56.5 (1,435)*2 58.1 (1,475)*3 57.3 (1,455)*4	58.1 (1,475)*3 57.3 (1,455)*4
Wheelbase	in (mm)	91.3 (2,320)	99.2 (2,520)
Turning circle [wall to wall]	ft (m)	34.8 (10.6)	37.4 (11.4)

^{*1:} Model with side molding

^{*2:} SF models

^{*3:} Non-turbo models

^{*4:} Turbo models

WEIGHTS

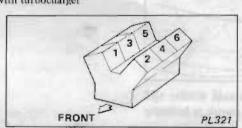
		2 seater	2+2 seate
Gross Vehicle Weigh	t Rating	Seeding	Contract S
	lb (kg)	Con the MEM	V C C
Gross Axle Weight I	Rating	tion label".	V.S.S. certifica-
Front	lb (kg)	tion taber .	
Rear	lb (kg)		
Seating capacity	persons	2	4

ENGINE

Cylinder arrangement		6-cylinder, V-slanted at 60°
Type		4-cycle OHC
Bore × Stroke	in (mm)	3.425 × 3.268 (87.0 × 83.0)
Displacement	cu in (cm³)	180.62 (2,960)
Compression ratio		9.0, 7.8*
Firing order		1-2-3-4-5-6**

^{*:} Models equipped with turbocharger

^{**}CYLINDER NUMBERING



WHEELS & TIRES

70%	THE HALL I	Y. I Chicago and Mills Street	The second secon	
		Non-turbocharger model	Turbocharger model	
Road wheel size Offset in (mm) Steel Aluminum		5-1/2-JJ-14* 1.18 (30)	MA	
		6-1/2-JJ-15 0.39 (10) 7-JJ-15 0.79 (
	Туре	Radial, tubeless		
Tire	Size	P195/70R14* P215/60R15 90H	225/50VR16	
Spare tire Road wheel size Offset in (mm) Tire size		5-J × 14 (Steel) 1.18 (30)* 5-J × 15 (Steel) 1.18 (30)	5-J × 15 (Steel) 1.18 (30)	
		C78-14* 155/90D15	155/90D15	

*: SF model

ERVICE DATA

NGINE TUNE-UP

NGINE TONE-UP	20079	0.174311111231		
lle speed nition timing (B.T.D.C.) O percentage at idle speed [rpm degree/rpm No air] %		e "Emission Cont underside of the	
park plug gap in (mm) BCPR5ES-11*1 Non-turbocharger model BCPR6ES-11*1 BCPR7ES-11*1		0.03	9 to 0.043 (1.0 to) 1.1)
Turbocharger model	BCPR5E-11*1 BCPR7E-11*1	Life to be		EA
rive belt deflection		Used belt deflection		Set
		Checking deflection*2	Adjust deflection	deflection of new belt
Alternator	ທ (mm)	0.24 to 0.47 (6 to 12), 0.24 to 0.43 (6 to 11)*3	0.24 to 0.31 (6 to 8), 0.24 to 0.35 (6 to 9)*3	0.20 to 0.28 (5 to 7), 0.20 to 0.31 (5 to 8)*3
Air conditioner compresso	or in (mm)	0.35 to 0.63 (9 to 16)	0.35 to 0.43 (9 to 11)	0.28 to 0.35 (7 to 9)
Power steering oil pump	in (mm)	0.51 to 0.83 (13 to 21)	0.51 to 0.63 (13 to 16)	0.39 to 0.51 (10 to 13)
Applied pushing force	lb (N)		22 (98)	Statute C
lternator belt size Width × Length	in (mm)		1 × 37.20 (14.0 × 40.47 (14.24 × 1	

^{1:} NGK make

514

1-3/4 pt 1 qs.

Adjust the belt tension when the belt deflection is not within the amount specified in the above "checking deflection".

^{3:} Turbo model

CAPACITIES

	US measure	Imp measure	Liter
Fuel tank	19 gal	15-7/8 gal	72
Coolant			
Non-turbo model	11-1/8 qt	9-1/4 qt	10.5
Turbo model	11-5/8 qt	9-5/8 qt	11.0
Reservoir tank	7/8 qt	3/4 qt	0.8
Engine (Refill capacity)			
With oil filter	4-1/4 qt	3-1/2 qt	4.0
Without oil filter	3-7/8 qt	3-1/8 qt	3.6
Transmission			
M/T	4 pt	3-3/8 pt	1.9
A/T	7-3/8 qt	6-1/8 qt	7.0
Differential carrier	2-3/4 pt	2-1/4 pt	1.3
Power steering system	1 qt	3/4 qt	0.9
Windshield and	3-1/8 qt	2-5/8 qt	3.0
Rear window washer tank	1000000		
Headlight cleaner washer tank	2-3/8 qt	2 qt	2.2
Air conditioning system			
Compressor oil	5.1 fl oz	5.3 fl oz	0.15
Refrigerant	2.2 lb	2.2 lb	1.0 kg

TIGHTENING TORQUE

		Unit: ft-lb (N-m
Cylinder head bolt	1	40 to 47 (54 to 64)
Manifold bolt and n Intake*	ut lineum	
1st step		2.2 to 3.6 (3 to 5)
2nd step	Bolt Nut	17 to 20 (24 to 27) 12 to 14 (16 to 20)
Exhaust		13 to 16 (18 to 22)
Spark plug		14 to 22 (20 to 29)
Oil pan bolt		3.6 to 5.1 (5 to 7)
Oil pan drain plug		22 to 29 (29 to 39)
Transmission drain : FS5W71C FS5R90A	and filler plugs	18 to 25 (25 to 34) 14 to 25 (20 to 34)
Differential carrier	drain and filler plags	29 to 43 (39 to 59)
Wheel nut	Aluminum Steel	72 to 87 (98 to 118) 58 to 72 (78 to 98)

^{*:} When tightening the intake manifold, first tighten temporarily (1st step) and then tighten the bolts and nuts to the specified corque (2nd step).

BULBS

Item	Wattage (W)	Bulb No.
leadlight	65, 35	H6054
uxiliary driving light	55	-
ront combination light	27/8	1,157
ront side marker light	3.4	158
lear side marker light	3.4	158
Rear combination light Turn signal Stop/Tail Back-up	27 27/8 27	1,156 1,157 1,156
icense plate light	4.0	_
nterior light	10	14
pot light	8	-
ear (luggage) compartment light	3.4	-
oor step light	3.4	_
eg room light	2	-
igh-mounted stop light	27	1.156

FUSES

Item	Ampere (A)
Headlight RH	10
Headlight LH	10
Headlight motor RH	15
Headlight motor LH	15
Clearance, Illumination	15
Room light	10
Hazard light	10
Horn	10
Stop light	20
Auto door lock	10
Air con. blower	15
Engine control	15
Fuel pump	10
Meter	10
Turn signal	10
A/T control	10
Auxiliary driving light	15
Theft warning	10
Audio	10
RR wiper	10
FR wiper	15
Cigarette lighter	15
Air con. control	10
RR defogger	20
Fan motor	20

FUSIBLE LINKS

Color	Usage	
Black	Power supply to battery, accessory, E.F. ignition switch	I. circuit and
Brown	Ignition switch	
Brown	Headlight circuit	
Green	Power window	
Brown	E.F.I. control unit	
Brown	E.F.I. injector	

Settle Rest, Lett.

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the National Highway Trafffer Safety study this data before driving your new

drivers under controlled road and vehicle conditions, and may not be rep-

- MISSAN BOXZX 2+2 SEATER

Condition of braking

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The informations questification ballisa advolénticado entres-

locking the wheelsto ander differ

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3141 ft (43.0 m)

11-8

Consumer Information

gal that gover to Standigate circuit Former window 6.ft to control too This information has been provided for you on the basis of extensive tests in compliance with regulations issued by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration of the United States Department of Transportation. We believe it is essential that you carefully study this data before driving your new vehicle.

These results were obtained by skilled drivers under controlled road and vehicle conditions, and may not be representative of results obtainable under other conditions.

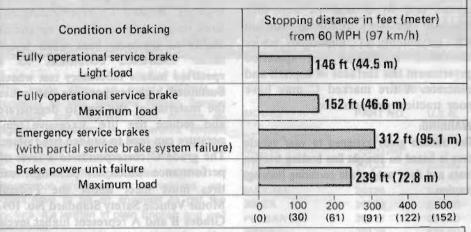
This information may not apply to some Canadian model vehicles.

Vehicle stopping distance

This figure indicates braking perform ance that can be met or exceeded by the vehicles to which it applies, without locking the wheels, under different conditions of loading and with partial failures of the braking system.

The information presented represent results obtainable by skilled driver under controlled road and vehicl conditions, and the information ma not be correct under other conditions

NISSAN 300ZX 2 SEATER SF MODEL



NISSAN 300ZX 2 SEATER GL AND GL-L MODELS NISSAN 300ZX 2+2 SEATER

Condition of braking	Stopping distance in feet (meter) from 60 MPH (97 km/h)
Fully operational service brake Light load	141 ft (43.0 m)
Fully operational service brake Maximum load	149 ft (45.4 m)
Emergency service brakes (with partial service brake system failure)	318 ft (96,9 m)
Brake power unit failure Maximum load	229 ft (69.8 m)
	0 100 200 300 400 500 (0) (30) (61) (91) (122) (152)

Uniform tire quality grading

DOT Quality Grades: All passenger car tires must conform to Federal Safety Requirements in addition to these grades.

Treadwear

The treadwear grade is a comparative rating based on the wear rate of the tire when tested under controlled conditions on a specified government test course. For example, a tire graded 150 would wear one and a half (1-1/2) times as well on the government course as a tire graded 100. The relative performance of tires depends upon the actual conditions of their use, however, and may depart significantly from the norm due to variations in driving habits, service practices and differences in road characteristics and climate.

Traction A. B and C

The traction grades, from highest to lowest, are A, B and C, and they represent the tire's ability to stop on wet pavement as measured under controlled conditions on specified government test surfaces of asphalt and concrete. A tire marked C may have poor traction performance.

WARNING:

The traction grade assigned to your vehicle tires is based on straight line braking traction tests and does not include cornering (turning) traction.

Stopping distance in feet (meter)

141 ft (43.0 m)

Temperature A. B and C

The temperature grades are A (the highest), B, and C, representing the tire's resistance to heat build up and its ability to dissipate heat when tested under controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory test wheel Sustained high temperature can cause the material of the tire to degenerate and reduce tire life. Excessive temperature can lead to sudden tire failure. The grade C corresponds to a level of performance which all passenger car tires must meet under the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 109. Grades B and A represent higher levels of performance on the laboratory test wheel than the minimum required by law.

The temperature grade for this tire is established for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, underinflation, or excessive loading, either separately or in combination, can cause heat buildup and possible tire failure problems.

WARNING:

shulled zinti terwoo i file

In partial service braics system failure)



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	SERVICE MANUAL			OWNER'S MANUAL		
MODEL	PART NO.	U.S.A.	CANADA	PART NO.	U.S.A.	CANADA
STANZA WAGON	20122	\$24.00	-	30126	\$2.75	-
MULTI	20122(M)	-	\$28.50	30126(M)	-	\$3.50
STANZA	20123	\$24.00	\$28.50	30127	\$2.75	\$3.50
TRUCK	20124	\$24.00	\$28.50	30128	\$2.75	\$3.50
MAXIMA	20125	\$24.00	\$28,50	30129	\$2.75	\$3.50
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SENTRA	20129	\$24.00	\$28.50	30133	\$2.75	\$3.50
TRUCK*	20130	\$10.00		421	-	-
MICRA	20131	Daniel Street	\$28.50	30134		\$3.50
SENTRA (Spanish)	- chillion	-260	<u>-</u>	30136	\$2.75	-

^{*:} Supplemental manual for Z24 electro injection engine model for U.S.A.

California residents add 6.5% tax.

Yes! We also have service manuals for older models. Write for a catalog.

Prices listed are for Pendant Industries and Nissan Automobile Co. (Canada) Ltd., and are suggested retail prices. Dealer prices may vary.

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GAS STATION

Hood release:

Pull the handle under the instrument panel.

See "Hood release" in the "Comfort and convenience features" section.

Recommended fuel:

Gasoline engine: Unleaded gasoline, at least 87 AKI number (RON 91)

For further details such as gasohol, see "Oil and fuel recommendation" in the "Do-It-Yourself" section.

Recommended engine oil:

Non-turbo engine ... API SF (Energy Conserving Oils)

Turbo engine ... API SF/CC or SF/CD SAE 10W-30 is preferable for temperatures above 0°F (-18°C). See "Oil and fuel recommendation" in the "Do-It-Yourself" section.

Brake and clutch fluid:

DOT 3

Power steering fluid:

Type DEXRON®

Automatic transmission fluid:

Type DEXRON®

Tire cold pressure:

See tire placard affixed to the center console box lid.

QUICK REFERENCE

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